

Fitch Upgrades Fortum to 'BBB+'; Outlook Stable

Fitch Ratings - Barcelona - 17 Jun 2025: Fitch Ratings has upgraded Fortum Oyj's Long Term Issuer Default Rating (IDR) and senior unsecured rating to 'BBB+' from 'BBB'. The Outlook on the IDR is Stable. We also upgraded Fortum's Short-Term IDR to 'F2' from 'F3'. A full list of rating actions is below.

The upgrade is driven by the sustained de-leveraging achieved since 2023 coupled with our expectation that Fortum's funds from operations (FFO) net leverage will remain low at an average of 1.8x over 2025-2028 despite the low power price environment in the Nordics, benefiting from the CO2-free and flexible generation assets. This is below the negative rating sensitivity of 2.3x at the 'BBB+' level, which we assess as consistent with the current business profile.

The Stable Outlook reflects our view that the company will balance dividend distributions and investments to adhere to its publicly stated financial policy, and keep leverage adequately below the maximum threshold for reported EBITDA net leverage of 2.0x-2.5x.

Key Rating Drivers

Leverage Within 'BBB+' Guidelines: Fitch expects Fortum to maintain prudent financial discipline, with FFO net leverage at 1.5x over 2025-2026, comfortably below the negative threshold of 2.3x for the 'BBB+' IDR, although we expect the ample headroom to gradually diminish by 2028. We expect Fortum to generate positive pre-dividend free cash flow of around EUR0.3 billion annually from 2025 to 2028 even though power prices in the Nordics remain low, supported by its robust clean generation business, integration with consumer solutions, discipline on capex deployment, and targeted fixed-cost reductions.

Headroom Against Financial Policy Key: The Stable Outlook reflects Fitch's expectation that Fortum will maintain healthy headroom against its own maximum leverage guidance over the next years. In our view, a potential increase of the investment plan would need to be balanced with lower dividend distributions to protect the rating, although we expect it to allocate growth capex to investments that enhance revenue visibility and improve its business risk.

Fortum's financial policy includes maximum reported EBITDA net leverage of 2.0x-2.5x and a dividend pay-out ratio of 60%-90% of comparable earnings per share, depending on financial performance and available investment opportunities. Fortum has limited appetite for growth investments in the current low power price environment, and is paying dividends at the upper end of the range.

Low Leverage Despite Special Dividend: The special dividend of EUR0.4 billion announced for 2025 implies re-leveraging of 0.5x, which we see as manageable given the low starting point. Fortum's 2024 EBITDA at EUR1.5 billion was in line with our expectations and below the previous year's level (EUR1.9

billion in 2023), reflecting the decline in Nordic power prices and the company's lower generation volumes in its nuclear and hydro fleet. Fortum's FFO net leverage further decreased to 0.3x in 2024 (0.8x in 2023) despite the earnings decline, primarily due to the EUR 0.8 billion divestment of recycling and waste assets, and EUR 0.3 billion from margin calls collected.

Generation Earnings Depend on Prices: We expect Fortum's EBITDA to further normalise at around EUR1.1 billion in 2025-2028. Fortum is materially exposed to Nordic electricity prices and downward pressure continues due to Finland's strong ambitions in renewables and the abundant hydro resources in the region. A material penetration of renewables could affect Fortum's load factors and prices, but would also create higher price volatility, from which Fortum could capture premium prices based on its flexible hydro fleet. The company reported a premium of EUR8.7 per megawatt hour (MWh) on all its CO2-free production of about 45 terawatt-hours in 2024.

Prudent Capex Approach: Fortum's annual capex guidance remains subdued, with investments for 2025-2027 totalling EUR1.4 billion, of which half relates to maintenance capex. In our view, this reflects a cautious approach due to unfavourable power prices and subdued electricity demand in the short term. The company maintains flexibility to increase investments if the market environment improves and projects meet its investment and profitability criteria. We would expect Fortum to maintain its financial discipline if investment opportunities materialise.

Focus on Improving Predictability: Fortum's management is focused on reducing business risk and improving cash flow visibility through increased long-term hedging. It aims to reach a 20% hedged share of rolling 10-year generation by 2026 (up from 15% at end-2023 and 18% at end-2024). The company is also implementing an efficiency programme aiming for a gradual EUR100 million reduction in fixed costs by end-2025. We have relaxed our debt capacity, and now require Fortum to maintain FFO net leverage below 2.3x at 'BBB+' with the current business profile (previously we also required a material increase of contracted generation).

Long-Term Power Demand Prospects: Fortum sees robust long-term prospects in the Nordic region due to its low energy costs, although power demand has not picked up materially so far and current power prices do not seem sufficient to incentivise significant new generation capacity. We also expect some demand increase driven by the electrification of the industry and demand from data centres, but it is unclear at which relative pace demand and supply will grow. Fortum sees nuclear lifetime extensions as a valid solution in the near term so long as the economic conditions for new capacity remain challenging.

GRE Status Rating Neutral: Fitch applies its *Government-Related Entities Rating Criteria* to reflect the Finnish state's controlling 51.3% stake in Fortum. However, this has no rating impact as we do not assess precedents of support as 'Strong', nor do we expect a Fortum default to have any material financial contagion risk for Finland. We assess decision-making and oversight as 'Strong', due mainly to the state's commitment to retain control (minimum 50.1% stake).

Peer Analysis

Fortum's closest peers are European generation companies RWE AG (BBB+/Stable) and Statkraft AS (A-

/Negative).

Statkraft is Europe's largest generator of hydro energy and the leading power company in Norway (AAA/Stable). Statkraft is fully owned by the Norwegian government and its rating includes a single-notch uplift that reflects stronger government links than Fortum's.

Statkraft benefits from a large, low-cost, and flexible hydro-asset base and a higher share of long-term contracted revenue. Fortum's earnings are more exposed to Nordic power prices, but it benefits from a strong CO2-free generation mix (well balanced between baseload nuclear and flexible hydro) and its customer solutions provide some vertical integration. Overall we see Statkraft's debt capacity as slightly better than Fortum's.

RWE is one of the largest utilities in Germany, with operations in several other European markets and worldwide. RWE derives about 70% of earnings from wind and solar under contracted support schemes but its exposure to coal is still a weakness versus peers. RWE remains more exposed to thermal generation than Fortum, but has a materially higher share of quasi-regulated business, which ultimately leads to slightly higher debt capacity for RWE.

ERG S.p.A. (BBB-/Stable) is an independent producer of clean energy and the leading onshore wind power operator in Italy. ERG benefits from higher contracted revenues (generally through auctions or power purchase agreements) than Fortum, which results in slightly higher debt capacity even though it is smaller in size and lacks hydro generation and integration into supply. ERG's lower rating derives entirely from its higher leverage.

Key Assumptions

- Seventy-five per cent of 2025 volumes hedged at EUR40/MWh, and 50% of 2026 volumes at EUR41/MWh in line with management guidance
- Achieved prices on unhedged volumes averaging EUR43/MWh in 2025-2028, and declining over the period
- Annual CO2-free electricity generation volumes at about 47 TWh on average over 2025-2028
- EBITDA averaging EUR1 billion a year in our rating case for 2025-2028
- Cost of debt close to 4% over 2025-2028
- Capex of around EUR0.5 billion a year in our rating case for 2025-2028
- Dividends at around EUR1.25 billion in 2025 and at EUR0.35 billion a year in 2026-2028 (reflecting a 90% pay-out ratio assumed by Fitch for 2025-2028 and the special dividend announced for 2025)
- No new M&As and no material disposal proceeds

RATING SENSITIVITIES

Developments that May Collectively or Individually Lead to Negative Rating Action/Downgrade

- -- FFO net leverage above 2.3x on a sustained basis, assuming an unchanged business profile
- -- Deterioration of the business profile or the operating environment (for example resulting from an increase in its merchant exposure, adverse regulatory developments, lower-than-expected profitability)

Developments that May Collectively or Individually Lead to Positive Rating Action/Upgrade

-- We do not expect an upgrade to the 'A' category. Upside is limited by Fortum's business profile as an electricity generation utility with no regulated earnings.

Liquidity and Debt Structure

As of March 2025, Fortum had a strong liquidity position, comprising readily available cash of around EUR4.3 billion, and undrawn committed credit lines of EUR4 billion. This comfortably covers EUR0.5 billion of short-term debt maturities and EUR1.5 billion of cumulative negative free cash flow (after dividends) in our forecasts for 2025-2028.

Issuer Profile

Fortum is an energy company 51% owned by the Finnish state. Its activities include CO₂-free power generation, sale of electricity, and district heating and cooling. It is one of the largest power generators and the largest electricity retailer in the Nordics.

REFERENCES FOR SUBSTANTIALLY MATERIAL SOURCE CITED AS KEY DRIVER OF RATING

The principal sources of information used in the analysis are described in the Applicable Criteria.

MACROECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS AND SECTOR FORECASTS

Click here to access Fitch's latest quarterly Global Corporates Macro and Sector Forecasts data file which aggregates key data points used in our credit analysis. Fitch's macroeconomic forecasts, commodity price assumptions, default rate forecasts, sector key performance indicators and sector-level forecasts are among the data items included.

ESG Considerations

The highest level of ESG credit relevance is a score of '3', unless otherwise disclosed in this section. A score of '3' means ESG issues are credit neutral or have only a minimal credit impact on the entity, either due to their nature or the way in which they are being managed by the entity. Fitch's ESG Relevance Scores are not inputs in the rating process; they are an observation on the relevance and materiality of ESG factors in the rating decision. For more information on Fitch's ESG Relevance Scores, visit https://www.fitchratings.com/topics/esg/products#esg-relevance-scores.

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Rating Actions

ENTITY/DEBT	RATING			RECOVERY	PRIOR
Fortum Oyj	LT IDR	BBB+ ©	Upgrade		ввв •
	ST IDR	F2	Upgrade		F3
• senior unsecu	LT ired	BBB+	Upgrade		ВВВ

RATINGS KEY OUTLOOK WATCH

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POSITIVE •

RATINGS KEY OUTLOOK WATCH

EVOLVING ◆

STABLE •

Applicable Criteria

Corporate Rating Criteria (pub.06 Dec 2024) (including rating assumption sensitivity)

Corporates Recovery Ratings and Instrument Ratings Criteria (pub.02 Aug 2024) (including rating assumption sensitivity)

Government-Related Entities Rating Criteria (pub.09 Jul 2024)

Sector Navigators - Addendum to the Corporate Rating Criteria (pub.06 Dec 2024)

Applicable Models

Numbers in parentheses accompanying applicable model(s) contain hyperlinks to criteria providing description of model(s).

Corporate Monitoring & Forecasting Model (COMFORT Model), v8.2.0 (1)

Additional Disclosures

Solicitation Status

Endorsement Status

Fortum Oyj EU Issued, UK Endorsed

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The complete span of best- and worst-case scenario credit ratings for all rating categories ranges from

'AAA' to 'D'. Fitch also provides information on best-case rating upgrade scenarios and worst-case rating downgrade scenarios (defined as the 99th percentile of rating transitions, measured in each direction) for international credit ratings, based on historical performance. A simple average across asset classes presents best-case upgrades of 4 notches and worst-case downgrades of 8 notches at the 99th percentile. For more details on sector-specific best- and worst-case scenario credit ratings, please see Best- and Worst-Case Measures under the Rating Performance page on Fitch's website.

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