

Disclaimer

This presentation does not constitute an invitation to underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire or dispose of any Fortum shares.

Past performance is no guide to future performance, and persons needing advice should consult an independent financial adviser.

Any references to the future represent the management's current best understanding. However the final outcome may differ from them.



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Fortum in brief

Key figures 2021

Sales EUR ~112 bn

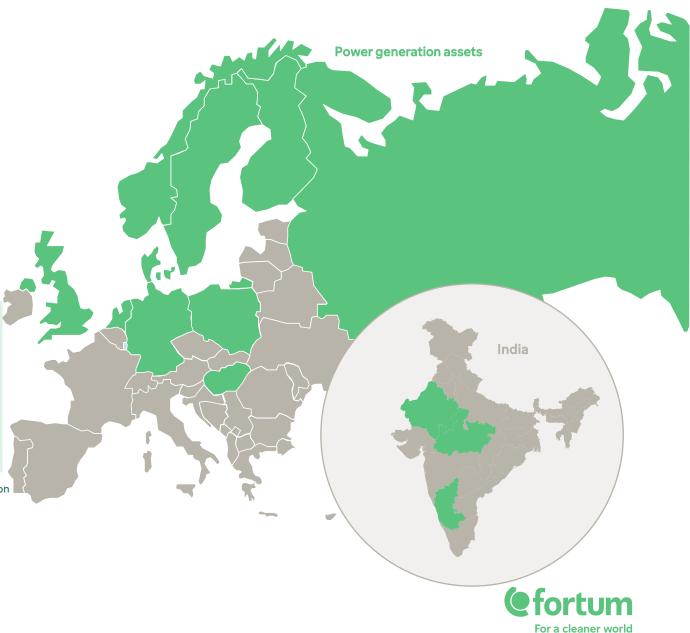
Comparable EBITDA EUR 3.8 bn

Total assets EUR ~150 bn

Personnel 19,140

Main businesses	Sales (€)	Volume ¹	Capacity
Power	34.3 bn	188 TWh	47.1 GW
Gas	60.0 bn	370 TWh	7.4 bcm
Heat	1.2 bn	33 TWh	16.9 GW

1) For Power - Power generation, for Gas - Long-term gas supply contracts and for Heat – Heat production



Strong position to drive the energy transition in Europe



3rd largest

power generator in Europe and Russia



3rd largest

CO₂-free power generator in Europe



3rd largest

nuclear generator in Europe

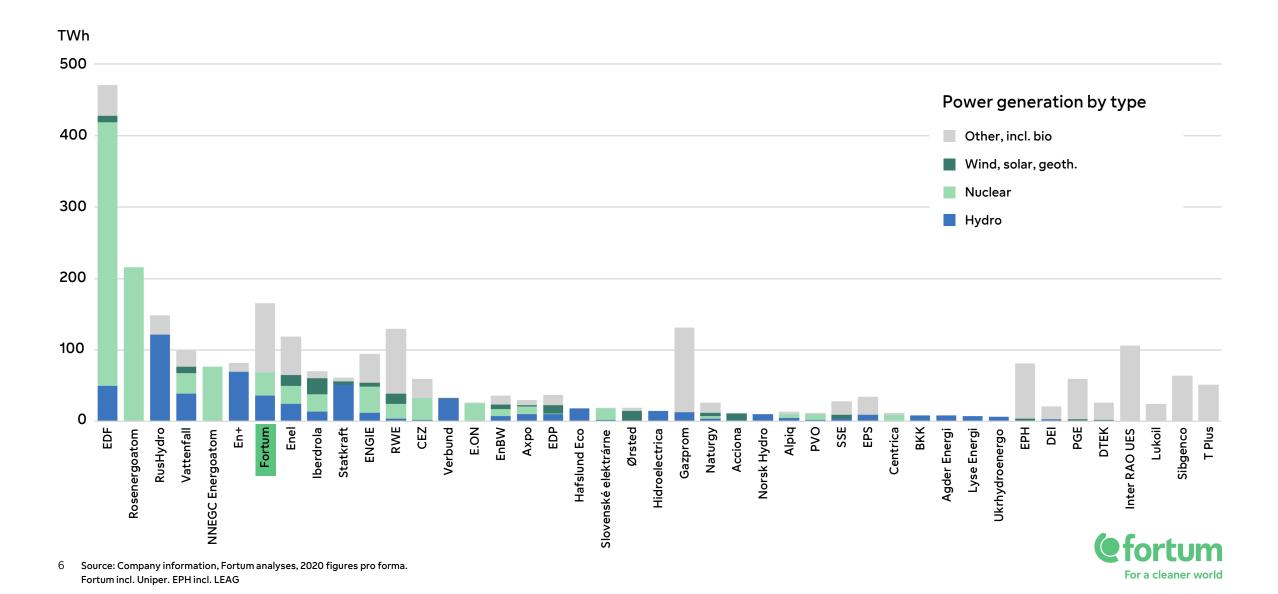


4th largest

gas storage operator in Europe

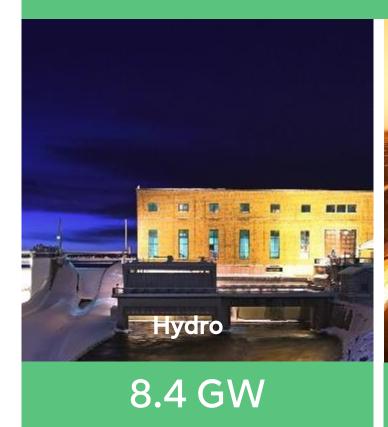


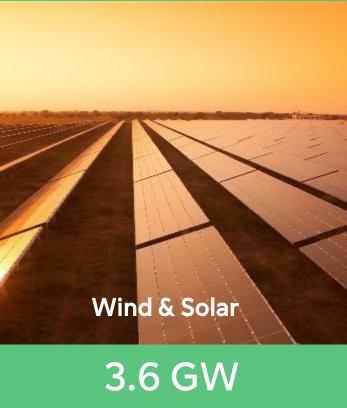
Fortum is the third largest CO₂-free power generator in Europe



Renewables and CO₂-free power generation capacity of Fortum

16.6 GW









Fortum is well positioned for the energy transition

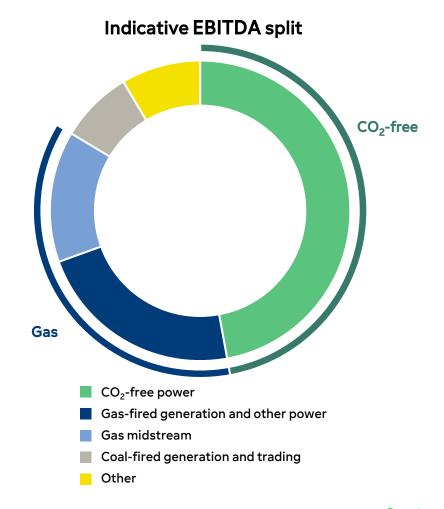
Third largest CO₂-free power generator in Europe with growing portfolio of wind and solar

Significant provider of flexible hydro and gas-fired power generation

Major provider and trader of gas for Europe's energy and industrial customers

Versatile portfolio of decarbonisation and environmental solutions

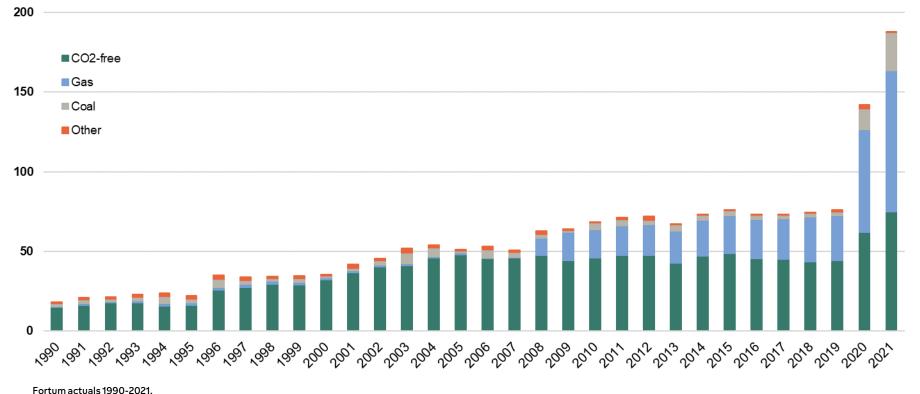
Phase out or exit announced of ~8 GW coal-fired generation by 2030





Fortum's CO₂-free power generation increased by ~60% as Uniper was consolidated as a subsidiary

Fortum's power generation, TWh



Fortum*:

- CO₂-free generation 40%
- Gas-fired power generation 47%
- Share of coal-fired generation 13%
- Share of coal of sales revenue below 1%

* based on 2021 reported figures



Fortum is a forerunner in sustainability

Our purpose is to drive the change for a cleaner world. We are securing a fast and reliable transition to a carbon-neutral economy by providing customers and societies with clean energy and sustainable solutions. This way we deliver excellent shareholder value.

3rd largest CO₂-free generator in Europe

 CO_2 -free power generation, including renewable and nuclear power, was 75 TWh in 2021. 64% of power generation in Europe, and 40% of total power generation was CO_2 -free.

Specific CO₂ emissions

Fortum's specific CO₂ emissions from total energy production in Europe were 231 gCO₂/kWh in 2021, and 312 gCO₂/kWh globally.

Growing in solar and wind

Targeting a multi-gigawatt wind and solar portfolio, which is subject to the build-operate-transfer business model. Targeting an indicative growth capex for EUR 3 billion for 2021-2025, of which 50-55% to renewables.

Signatory of TCFD

Fortum an official signatory of TCFD on March 2021



Fortum is listed in several sustainability indices and ratings:













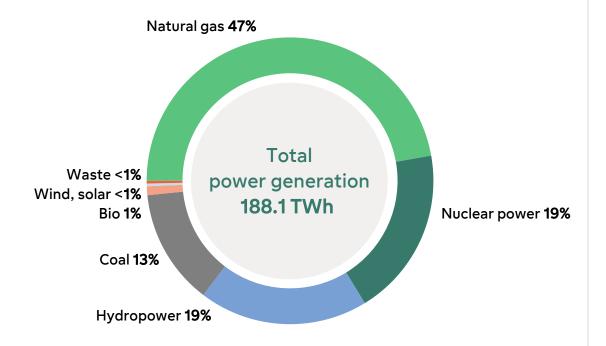




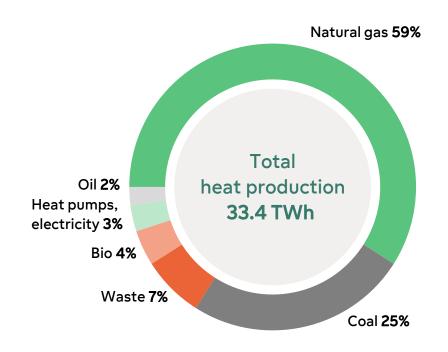


Fortum's power generation and heat production by source

Fortum's power generation in 2021



Fortum's heat production in 2021





Fortum key profitability drivers

Key market drivers:

Power market

- EU coal/nuclear capacity closures
- Growing share of renewables
- Importance of gas-fired generation
- Commodity prices
- Increasing interconnections between Nordics, Continental Europe, and the UK
- Weather conditions
- Increased demand from decarbonisation and electrification

Gas market

- Decreasing gas production in Europe
- More volatile gas demand
- Gas storage value
- Weather conditions

Fortum profitability drivers:

European power generation

- CO2-free generation: prices and volumes, hedging, PPAs
- Gas-fired generation: capturing the merchant upside
- Coal exit path, value from sites

Gas midstream business

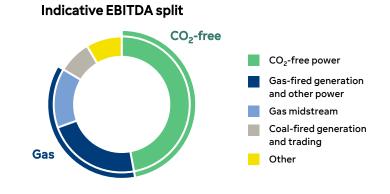
- Long-term contracts and sales
- Gas storage, spread, and volatility
- Optimisation business, price volatility

Russia power generation

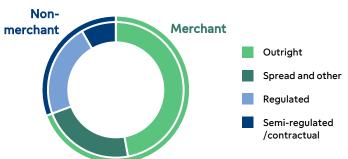
- Thermal CSAs gradually shifting to CCS scheme, selective modernisation projects
- Renewables capacity with higher CSAs
- Berezovskaya 3 (CSA)

Growth based on strategy

Fortum Group's indicative EBITDA by business and market exposure









Our strategy — Driving the clean energy transition and delivering sustainable financial performance

For a cleaner world

Transform own operations to carbon neutral

- · Phase out and exit coal
- Transform gas-fired generation towards clean gas

Strengthen and grow in CO₂-free power generation

- Supply significant flexible and reliable CO₂-free power generation
- Grow sizeable portfolio of renewables

Leverage strong position in gas to enable the energy transition

- Provide security of supply and flexibility in the power system
- Secure supply of gas for heat, power, and industrial processes

Partner with industrial and infrastructure customers

- Provide decarbonisation and environmental solutions
- Build on first-mover position in hydrogen

Value creation targets



Carbon neutral as a Group latest by 2050, in line with the Paris Agreement, and in our European generation latest by 2035



Sustainable financial performance through attractive value from investments, portfolio optimisation, and benchmark operations



Strong financial position and over time increasing dividend



Measuring success for Fortum



Climate and environmental targets:

- Group carbon neutral latest by 2050 (Scope 1, 2, 3)
- European generation carbon neutral latest by 2035 (Scope 1, 2)
- CO₂ emission reduction of at least 50% by 2030 in European generation (Scope 1, 2)
- Scope 3 GHG emissions reduction of at least 35% by 2035 (compared to base-year 2021)
- Biodiversity target: Number of major voluntary measures enhancing biodiversity ≥12 in 2021



Financial targets:

- Financial net debt/comparable EBITDA below 2x
- Hurdle rates for new investments
- Rating of at least BBB
- · Stable, sustainable, and over time increasing dividend



Social targets:

Safety target: Total recordable incident frequency (TRIF) <1.0 in 2025



Shareholder value creation:

- Portfolio optimisation and delivering on investments
- Realising financial benefits from the cooperation with Uniper



Strategic steps going forward

2014-2020

Major transformation

2021-2022

Balance sheet focus

2023-2025

Growth in clean power and gas

Active portfolio rotation with focus on assets essential in the energy transition and with good cash flow

Uniper acquisition

Focus on aligned strategy

Flat dividend



Step up in Group EBITDA





Rating of at least BBB



Details of strategy implementation and first investments



Target to increase dividend

Growth in strategic areas

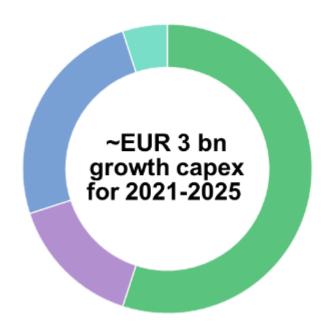
Sustainable financial performance with benchmark operations

Cooperation financial benefits

Target to increase dividend



Indicative capital expenditure for growth investments in 2021-2025 — renewables and clean gas

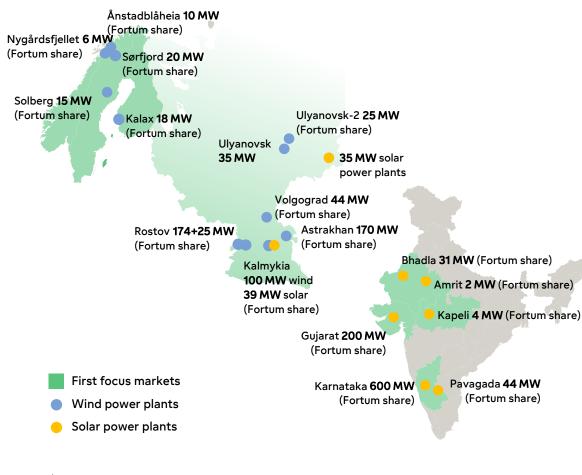


- Renewables
 On-shore wind and solar
- 2 Hydrogen and clean gas
 Industrial decarbonisation solutions
- **Environmental and security of supply solutions**Waste-to-Energy, recycling, industrial and TSO services
- **Other**Venturing, innovation, digitalisation

Capital expenditure will depend on market conditions, asset rotation, and balance sheet strength



Fortum's gigawatt scale solar and wind power generation fleet



^{*)} NOTE: Table numbers not accounting; tells the size of renewables projects. All not consolidated to Fortum capacities. All figures in MW and rounded to nearest megawatt. Additionally, target to invest 333 million euros in India solar and create partnership for operating assets. Under construction includes investment decisions made.

PORTFOLIO	STATUS	CAPACITY, MW	FORTUM SHARE, MW	SUPPLY STARTS/STARTED
FINLAND		470	246	
KalaxPjelax-Böle &Kristinestad Norr	Operational Under construction	90 380	18 228	Q4 2020 Q2 2024 latest
NORWAY		181	36	
 Nygårdsfjellet 	Operational	32	6	2006 and 2011
 Ånstadblåheia 	Operational	50	10	2018
Sørfjord	Operational	99	20	Q4 2019- Q1 2021
SWEDEN		76	15	
 Solberg 	Operational	76	15	2018
RUSSIA		3,409	2,440	
 Bugulchansk 	Operational	15	15	2016-2017
 Pleshanovsk 	Operational	10	10	2017
 Grachevsk 	Operational	10	10	2017
 Kalmykia 	Operational / Under construction	78+38	39+19	Q4 2021- H2 2022
Ulyanovsk	Operational	35	35	2018
Ulyanovsk 2	Operational	50	25	1.1.2019
Rostov	Operational	350+50	175+25	Q1 2020- Q4 2021
 Kalmykia 	Operational	200	100	1.12.2020
Astrakhan	Operational	340	170	Q4 2021
Volgograd	Operational / Under construction	88+17	44+9	Q4 2021- Q4 2022
Samara	Under construction	237	118	Q4 2022
GPB JV	Under development	491	246	2022-2023
Fortum	Under development	~1,400	~1,400	2025-2027
INDIA		985	881	
Amrit	Operational	5	2	2012
 Kapeli 	Operational	10	4	2014
 Bhadla 	Operational	70	31	2017
 Pavagada 	Operational	100	44	2017
 Karnataka/Gujarat 	Under development	300+300 / 200	300+300 / 200	By 2024
TOTAL		5,121	3,618	
	Under development	2,691	2,446	
	Under construction	672	374	
	Operational	1,758	798	



Strong commitment to maintain rating of at least BBB

Ambition is to preserve financial flexibility and good access to capital markets.

Fortum will carefully manage its balance sheet going forward focusing on

- Profitability
- Cash flow optimisation
- Capital expenditure prioritisation
- Portfolio optimisation

Long term leverage target:

Financial net debt/comparable EBITDA

<2x

RATING AGENCY	CREDIT RATING	VALID SINCE
Standard & Poor's	BBB/Outlook Stable (Credit watch negative)	5 July 2021
Fitch Ratings	BBB/Outlook Stable	30 June 2021



Return targets for new investments

Return targets for new investments:

WACC+ hurdle rate:

+100 bps for green investments

+200 bps for other investments

The requirement might be higher depending on, e.g., business model and technology and will be evaluated case-by-case.

Group 2022 capital expenditure, including maintenance and excluding acquisitions, is estimated to be EUR 1.5 billion

- Maintenance of EUR ~800 million
 - Growth of EUR ~700 million



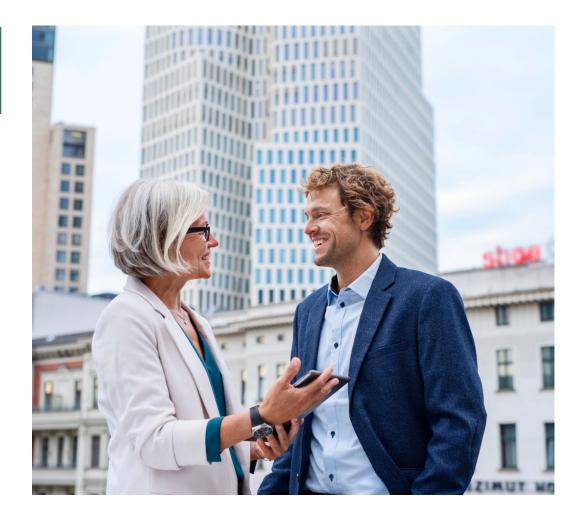
~EUR 3 bn growth capex for 2021-2025 Capital expenditure will depend on market conditions, asset rotation, and balance sheet strength



Fortum and Uniper cooperation estimated to deliver significant financial benefits

Cooperation benefits focus on monetary, safety, and environmental actions

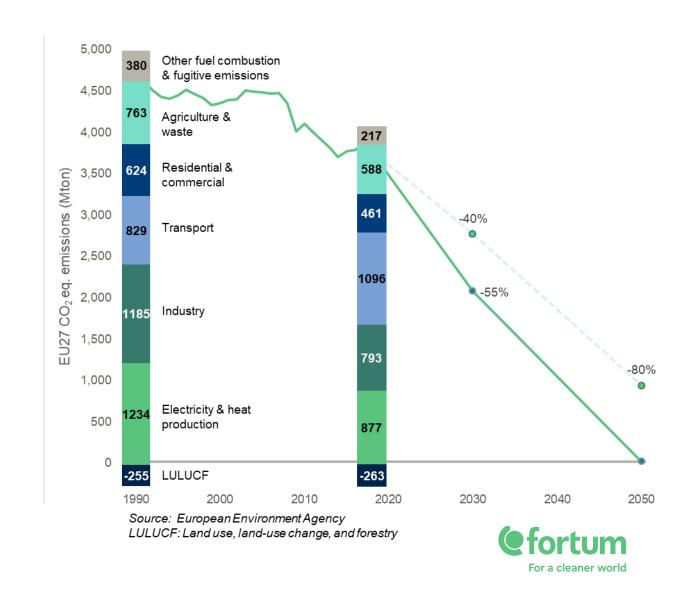
- Positive cash impact on a consolidated group basis is estimated to be ~EUR 100 million annually
- > EUR 50 million of these annual benefits gradually materialising by the end of 2023 and reaching full annual impact in 2025
- Approx. 450 people have been involved in various work streams



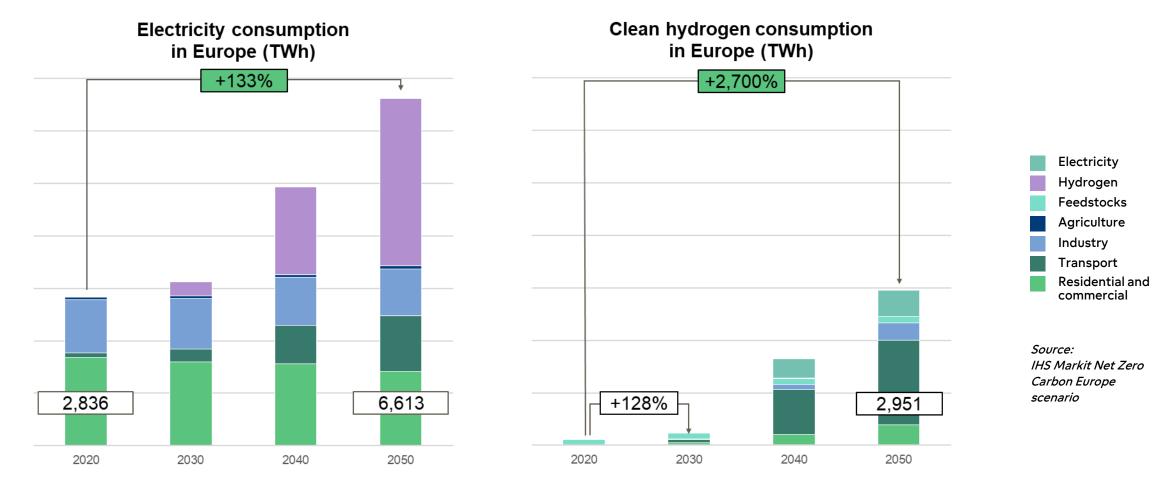


Europe committed to be a forerunner in reducing GHG emissions across all sectors

- EU is tightening both its 2030 and 2050 emissions targets
 - Requires emission reductions in all sectors, especially residential & commercial, transport, and industry
- Sector coupling clean electricity and gas enable other sectors to decarbonise
 - Emissions from some industrial and heavy transport sectors are difficult to abate by electrification
- Successful energy transition must balance
 - Sustainability
 - Affordability
 - Security of supply



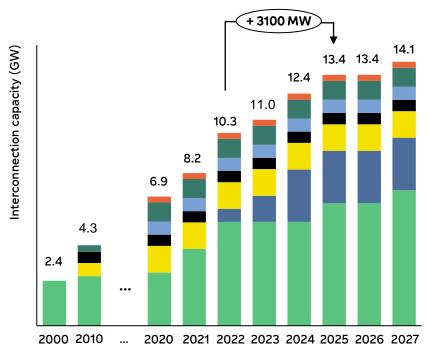
Energy transition will increase demand for electricity and hydrogen

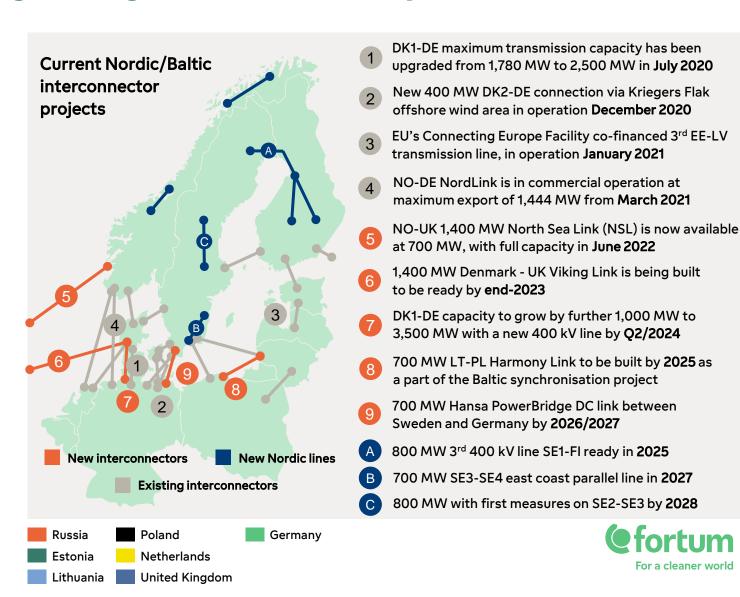




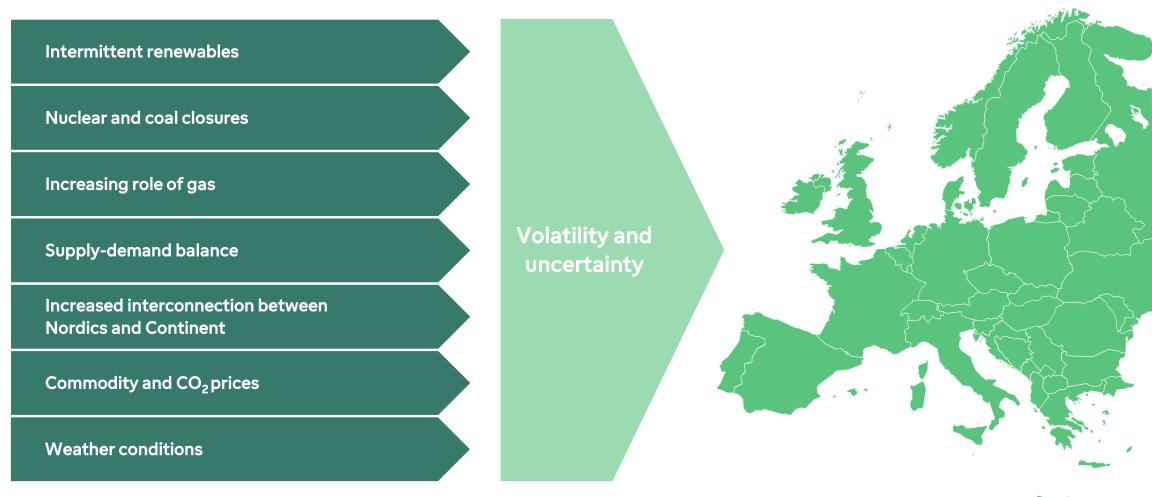
Nordic, Baltic, Continental and UK markets are integrating — Interconnection capacity growing to over 13 GW by mid-2024

- Several new interconnectors have started operation, and more are under construction or decided to be built
- New interconnections will increase the Nordic export capacity from the current 10.3 GW to over 13 GW by summer 2024





Volatility and uncertainty in the European power market increases the value of flexible assets





Own transformation — coal exit to reach carbon neutrality by 2035 in European generation

Transform own operations to carbon neutral

Strengthen and grow in CO₂-free power generation

Leverage strong position in gas to enable the energy transition

Partner with industrial and infrastructure

Carbon neutral in our European generation by 2035 at the latest

- Current trajectory to reduce CO₂ emissions in our European generation by at least 50%*) by 2030
- Exit ~6 GW of coal capacity by end of 2025
- Aim to decarbonise gas-fired power generation and transit to clean gas over time

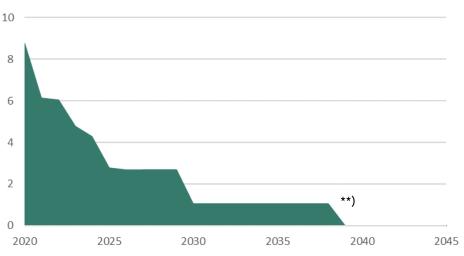
Carbon neutral as a group by 2050 at the latest in line with the Paris Agreement

- Reduction of the Group's coal-fired generation capacity by >50% to ~5 GW by the end of 2025
- Over time transform the Russian business portfolio by reducing the fossil exposure

European generation CO₂ net emissions:



Coal fired capacity in Europe (GW)



^{*)} Base year 2019

^{**)} Datteln4 decommissioning as defined in the German coal-exit law.

The strategic review of Fortum's Polish district heating business was discontinued in March 2022. Fortum will evaluate alternatives for further decarbonisation of these assets. At the end of 2021, Fortum's coal based capacity in Poland was 0.1 GW.





Fortum Corporation
3 March 2022



Markus Rauramo President and CEO



Fortum Group's Russian businesses

CEO Statement:

- We are deeply concerned about the war in Ukraine. There is no justification for it.
- Whilst operations continue to run as normal, including gas supplies, continuing with business as usual is not an option.
- For now, Fortum has stopped all new investment projects in Russia until further notice and will continue to reduce thermal exposure in Russia.
- Fortum is complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including sanctions, and is preparing for various scenarios.
- Fortum can support security of supply in a decarbonising Europe.

Fortum Group* operations in Russia

Fortum Russia – business description 2021			
Employees	6,902		
Power plants	12		
Power generation	15.5 GW capacity	71.9 TWh generation	
Heat production	10.2 GW capacity	19.1 TWh production	
Uniper gas midstream	Long-term gas contracts	~50% of total ~370 TWh/a is sourced from Russia	
NordStream2 project	10% share of total financing	~EUR 1 billion	
Fortum Russia — financials 2021			
Russia total assets book value	EUR ~5.5 billion		
Comparable Operating Profit	EUR ~500 million	~20% of total Group	

^{*} Including Uniper



Strong performance in an exceptional commodity market enables highest comparable KPIs in Fortum's history

FY

Higher achieved power prices and higher generation volumes with strong physical optimisation

Uniper fully consolidated since Q2 2020 with strong contribution from gas midstream

Dividend proposal of 1.14 EUR/s

<u>Q4</u>

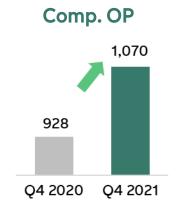
Extraordinary market fundamentals and strong performance across the group

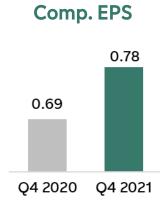


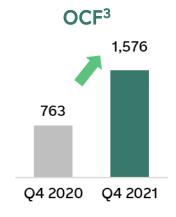










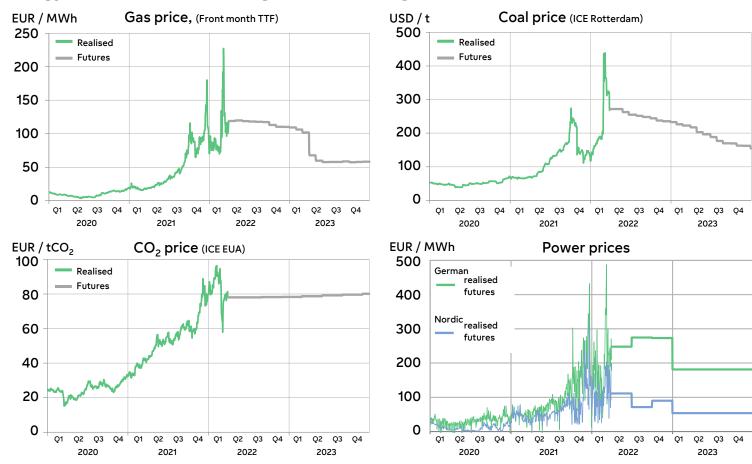


- 1. Uniper full consolidation since Q2 2020.
- 2. Comp. EPS FY 2020 also includes Uniper Q4 2019 result of EUR 0.18 as an associated company.
- 3. Net cash from operating activities
- 4. Financial net debt to comparable EBITDA



Energy commodities driving power prices

Energy commodities reaching new record highs



Source: Refinitiv, Bloomberg

Daily market prices 30 March 2022; 2022-2023 future quotations



Fortum Group is well positioned to drive the energy transition and to navigate through the turbulence

Political will to accelerate the energy transition

- Global warming
- Extreme weather events
- Desired 2030 coal-exit in Germany
- EU taxonomy

Sustainability is the license to operate

Third largest CO₂-free generator in Europe
+
growing portfolio of
wind & solar

Structural increase in volatility

- Weather dependence of RES and increasing share of intermittent capacity
- Volatility increase in price/ volume for balancing fuels

Security of supply is back on top of the agenda

Elevated price environment

- Supply imbalances
- Long-term negative investment trend in fossil fuels & generation
- Cost inflation

Affordability is jeopardised

Geopolitical tensions

- Sanction risks
- Potential financial implications

Uncertainty continues

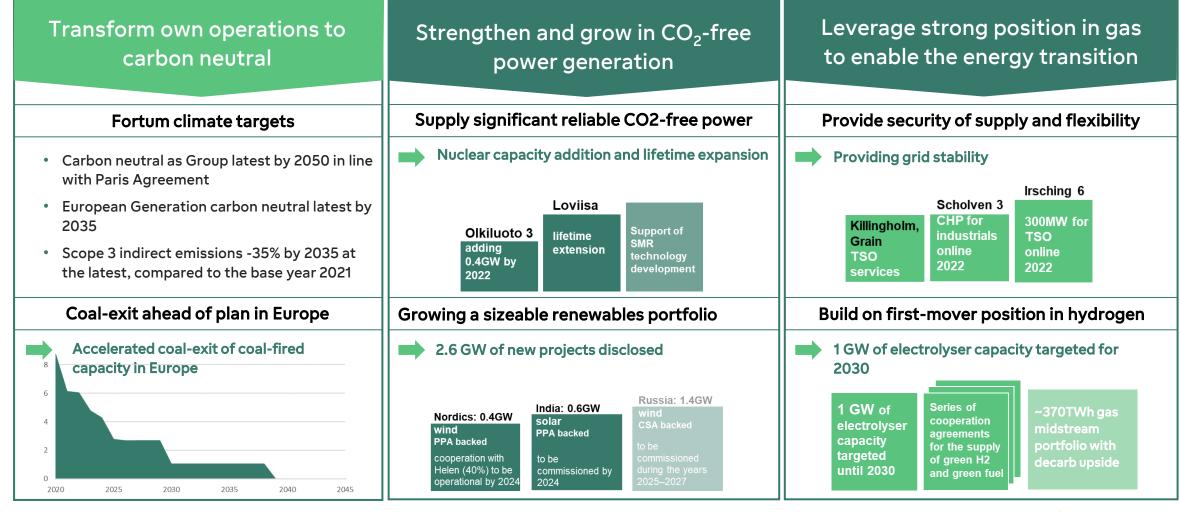
Significant provider of flexibility (hydro & gas)

Major
power generator
+
provider/ trader of gas

Strong
balance sheet
+
resilient earnings



Fortum is executing its strategy





Strengthen and grow in CO₂-free power generation Loviisa lifetime extension

Fortum's fully-owned Loviisa nuclear power plant lifetime extension

Reliable backbone of the energy transition

 Extension potential of operations until 2050 offering up to 170 TWh of additional CO₂ free power

Competitive economics

 Very reasonable addition of nuclear supply with limited capital expenditure of estimated approx. EUR 1bn

Taxonomy aligned

 Upgrade project in line with taxonomy powering the energy transition

Solution for waste

Finland has a solution for nuclear waste

Public backing

Fortum is the local reliable operator for decades



Bernhard Günther CFO



Key financials

MEUR	IV/2021	IV/2020	2021	2020
Sales	50,079	21,279	112,400	49,015
Comparable EBITDA	1,416	1,247	3,817	2,434
Comparable operating profit	1,070	928	2,536	1,344
Comparable share of profits of associates and joint ventures	27	63	154	656
Comparable profit before income taxes	1,054	969	2,651	1,897
Comparable net profit	693	610	1,778	1,483
Comparable EPS	0.78	0.69	2.00	1.67
Net cash from operating activities	1,576	763	4,970	2,555
Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA			0.2	2.9

Extraordinary strong financial KPIs

Comparable EBITDA on record high level of EUR 3.8 billion

Comparable EPS at EUR 2.00

Strong credit metrics with Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA of 0.2x clearly below target level of <2x following latest divestments

S&P confirmed Fortum's and Uniper's BBB rating with stable outlook



2021, almost all segments improved – volumes and prices contributed



Generation

higher volumes and achieved power price with strong physical optimisation

Russia

one-off effect and higher power prices offsetting negative FX and declining CSAs

City Solutions

higher power and heat sales

Consumer Solutions

challenging Q4 and negative customer development

Uniper

good underlying performance, change mainly related to consolidation of Uniper from Q2 2020



P&L - reported IFRS figures dominated by changes in fair values

MEUR	IV/2021	IV/2020	2021	2020
Sales	50,079	21,279	112,400	49,015
Materials and services	-48,003	-19,127	-105,170	-44,298
Other	-659	-904	-3,413	-2,283
Depreciations and amortisation	-346	-320	-1,281	-1,090
Comparable operating profit	1,070	928	2,536	1,344
Items affecting comparability	942	-470	-3,124	255
Operating profit	2,012	458	-588	1,599
Share of profits/loss of associates and joint ventures	40	113	192	656
Finance costs - net	76	-18	107	-56
Profit before income tax	2,128	554	-289	2,199
Income tax expense	-1,125	-142	175	-344
Profit for the period	1,003	411	-114	1,855
Attr. to owners of parent	842	379	739	1,823
Attr. to non-controlling interest	162	31	-852	32

Strong increase in sales following the increase in commodity prices

Items affecting comparability includes EUR -5.4bn changes in fair values of derivatives hedging future earnings and EUR 2.7bn capital gains (Share in Stockholm Exergi and Baltic district heat sale)

In addition to interest expense, net finance costs include Uniper's interest income and positive nuclear fund adjustments



Balance sheet tripled due to derivative financial instruments

MEUR	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-20	MEUR	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-20
Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	19,049	19,367	Total equity	13,665	
Derivative financial instruments	82,488	10,477	Derivative financial instruments	88,604	10,594
Intangible assets	2,167	2,268	Interest-bearing liabilities	17,220	10,662
Participations in associates and JVs	2,461	2,912	Nuclear provisions	3,891	3,866
Shares in Nuclear Waste Funds	3,515	3,445	Other provisions	6,407	4,232
Interest-bearing receivables	3,107	3,000	Pension obligations, net	1,190	1,520
Inventories	2,275	1,936	Other	1,224	1,296
Margin receivables	9,163	1,132	Margin liabilities	985	331
Other assets including trade receivables	17,736	10,630	Trade and other payables	16,477	9,525
Liquid funds	7,592	2,308			
Assets held for sale	108	335	Liabilities related to assets held for sale	-	206
Total assets	149,661	57,810	Total equity + liabilities	149,661	57,810

Financial derivatives substantially up following the strong increase in commodity prices and high portfolio churn

Interest-bearing liabilities up as a consequence of operational liquidity measures

Margin receivables up – but also margin liabilities based on higher prices

Liquid funds increase by EUR 5.28bn following divestments and the drawing of the RCF

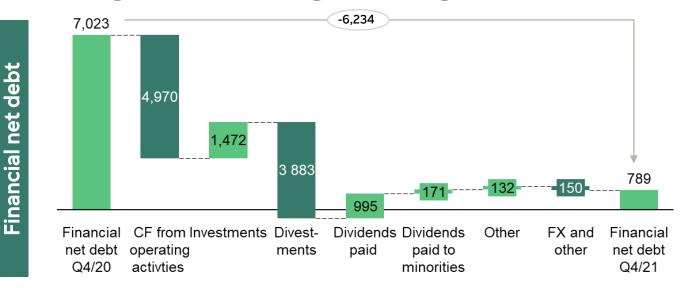


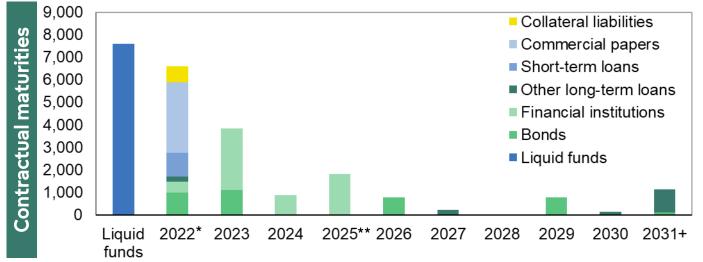
Strong cash flow management to secure financial flexibility

EUR million	IV/2021	V/2020	2021	2020		
Comparable EBITDA	1,416	1,247	3,817	2,434		
Non-cash and other items	940	282	1,506	394	};	
Interest received	27	14	75	46	į	Change in non-cash /other items
Interest paid	-39	-51	-202	-208		and working capital was impacted by operational
Dividends received	23	29	124	121	<u> </u>	liquidity measures in the Uniper segment
Income taxes paid	-165	-33	-493	-267	, i	inquiarty incusores in the orinper segment
Change in working capital	-626	-725	144	35	J <u>-</u> '	
Net cash from operating activities	1,576	763	4,970	2,555		
Capital expenditures	-329	-419	-1,178	-1,101		
Acquisitions of shares	-24	-158	-294	-1,801		Sales proceeds from divestments of 50%
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	2	5	20	16		ownership in Stockholm Exergi and from Baltic
Divestments of shares and capital returns	115	21	3,863	1,244	}¦	·
Shareholder loans to associated companies and joint ventures	15	-4	-8	-44		district heating
Change in margin receivables	-2,723	-566	-7,964	-552	};	
Change in other interest-bearing receivables	-65	27	-166	98		
Net cash from/used in investing activities	-3,009	-1,093	-5,727	-2,140	<u> </u>	Margin receivables increased due to higher
Proceeds from long-term liabilities	3,297	93	3,439	2,569	Ն	commodity prices covered
Payments of long-term liabilities	-1,619	-40	-2,315	-507	,	
Change in short-term liabilities	2,794	317	5,364	207	<u> </u>	by additional financing
Dividends paid to the owners of the parent	0	0	-995	-977	J	by additional infancing
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-26	-13	-171	-160		
Change in margin liabilities	-1,709	-193	649	-623	} -	
Other financing items	46	-5	43	-3	J 1	and increase in margin liabilities
Net cash from/used in financing activities	2,783	159	6,013	505		
Net increase(+)/decrease(-) in liquid funds	1,350	-172	5,256	920		(e fortun



Leverage below target and good access to debt capital market





*) After the closing date, in January 2022, Uniper signed a EUR 2,000 million short-term revolving credit facility with German state-owned KfW-Bank (maturing in April 2022) and Fortum signed a EUR 3,000 million revolving credit facility (maturing in April 2022 with extension option of three months). These facilities have not been used. Maturities in 2022 also include liabilities of EUR 736 million with no contractual due date.

**) Uniper's drawn revolving credit facility of EUR 1,800 million has an ultimate contractual maturity in 2025 and is consequently shown here for the year 2025. However, this facility is classified as current liability on the balance sheet due to planned earlier repayment.

Solid credit metrics

S&P Global

'BBB' long-term issuer credit rating,

Ratings stable outlook

'BBB' long-term issuer credit rating,

stable outlook

FitchRatings

Target ratio:

< 2x Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA

Fortum's objective:

Maintain solid investment grade rating of at least BBB to maintain financial strength, preserve financial flexibility, and good access to capital.

Total loans EUR 16,144 million (excl. lease)

- Average interest for Fortum Group loan portfolio including derivatives hedging financial net was 1.3% (2020: 1.5%).
- EUR 925 million (2020: 634) was swapped to RUB with average interest 8.3% (2020: 6.2%) including cost for hedging

Liquid funds of EUR 7,592 million
Undrawn credit facilities of EUR 400 million
*



Outlook

Hedging

Generation Nordic hedges:

For 2022: 75% hedged at EUR 34 per MWh

(Q3: 65% at EUR 32)

For 2023: 50% hedged at EUR 31 per MWh

(Q3: 40% at EUR 31)

Uniper Nordic hedges:

For 2022: 80% hedged at EUR 18 per MWh

(Q3: 85% at EUR 22)

For 2023: 60% hedged at EUR 18 per MWh

(Q3: 55% at EUR 21)

For 2024: 20% hedged at EUR 30 per MWh

2022 Estimated annual capital expenditure, including maintenance and excluding acquisitions, of appr.

EUR 1,500 million of which maintenance capital expenditure is EUR 800 million

Tax guidance for 2022:

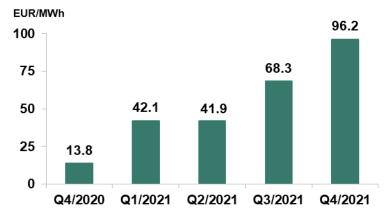
The comparable effective income tax rate for Fortum is estimated to be in the range of 22-25%.



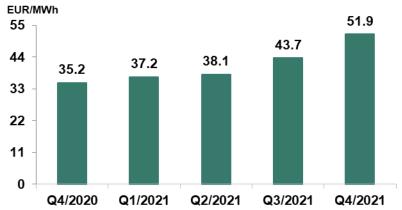


Higher power prices

System spot power price, Nord Pool



Achieved power price, Generation segment



Significantly higher spot power prices in the Nordics

Higher achieved power prices

Spot power price, Urals hub



Achieved power price, Russia segment*



^{*} Achieved power price (includes capacity payments) in RUB increased 3%.

Russian power demand recovering with increasing electricity prices

Russian achieved price increased

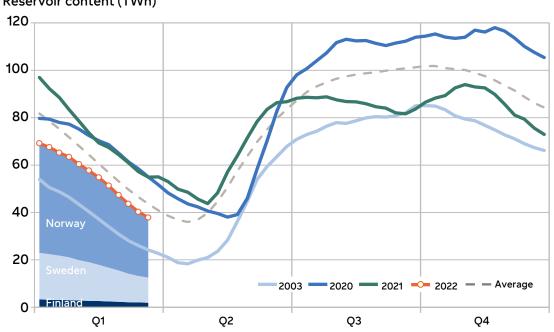


^{*} Does not include Uniper's subsidiary Unipro

Nordic water reservoirs and wholesale power price

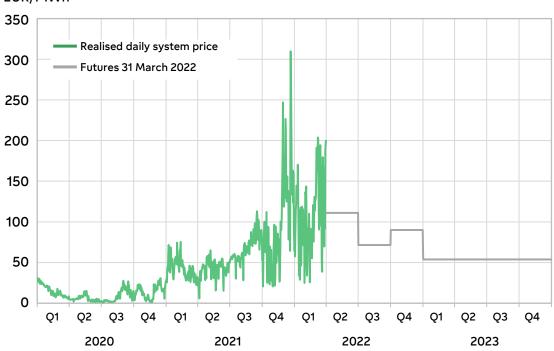
Hydro reservoirs

Reservoir content (TWh)



Power price

EUR/MWh



Source: Nord Pool, Nasdaq Commodities



Generation:Higher achieved power prices

Q4 2021 vs. Q4 2020

- Comparable operating profit more than doubled mainly due to
 - Higher achieved power prices of EUR 51.9, +16.7 per MWh
 - Significantly increased nuclear volumes due to higher availability
- Higher achieved power price
 - Higher spot prices and successful physical optimisation

- Comparable operating profit more than doubled mainly due to
 - Higher achieved prices of EUR 42.8, +8.0 per MWh,
 - Increased hydro and nuclear volumes
- Higher achieved power price
 - Successful physical and financial optimisation and higher spot prices



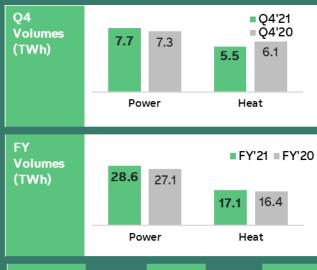


Russia: Solid underlying performance

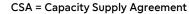
Q4 2021 vs. Q4 2020

- Comparable operating profit up by 5% to EUR 80 million
 - Slight negative effect of changes in CSA payments, lower bond yield, and higher power prices
 - Impact of the Russian rouble exchange rate was EUR 6 million
 - Russian power demand recovering with increasing electricity prices and increased achieved price

- Comparable operating profit increased by 4%
 - EUR 17 million positive effect of the sale of the 116-MW solar project to the Fortum-RDIF JV
 - Higher power prices, slight negative effect of changes in CSA payments, lower bond yield
 - Change in the Russian rouble exchange rate was EUR -14 million



MEUR	IV/ 2021	IV/ 2020	2021	2020
Sales	267	238	906	929
Comp. EBITDA	118	108	404	394
Comp.OP	80	76	261	251
Comp.net assets			2,508	2,431
Comp. RONA%			12.9	11.1
Grossin- vestment	23	19	83	91



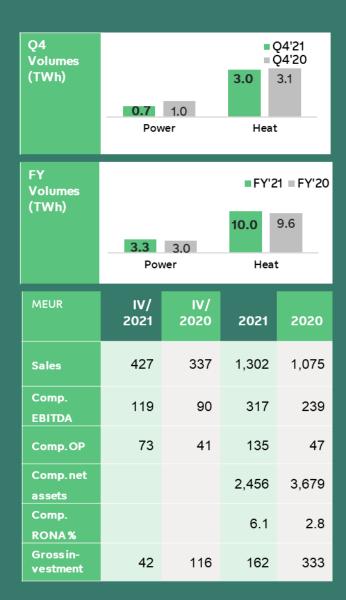


City Solutions: Performance improved

Q4 2021 vs. Q4 2020

- Comparable operating profit improved as a result of clearly higher heat sales volumes and higher prices in all heating areas
- This excludes the Baltics due to the divestment (EUR –15 million)
- Almost all business areas improved its result from the previous year, which also included the tax-exempt capital gains of EUR 11 million from the sale of the 500-MW solar plants in Pavagada and Rajasthan

- Higher heat sales volumes, higher power prices, and higher Norwegian heat prices
- Recorded tax-exempt capital gains of EUR 2.6 billion following the sale of Stockholm Exergi and the sale of the Baltic district heating business in Q3
- Strategic review of the Polish DH business discontinued





Consumer Solutions: Challenging market environment

Q4 2021 vs. Q4 2020

- Negative impacted by higher electricity purchase costs.
- The cold weather in the Nordics during December resulted in higher than expected electricity consumption requiring additional electricity volumes at prices that were clearly higher than the agreed customer prices, resulting in higher electricity purchase costs and negative margins

- Negative impacted by higher electricity purchase costs.
- Challenging market environment combined with tough competition in the Nordic market continued
- Negative customer development
- Strategic review of the business discontinued



MEUR	IV/ 2021	IV/ 2020	2021	2020
Sales	1,052	370	2,622	1,267
Comp. EBITDA	3	38	123	153
Comp.OP	-17	21	52	90
Comp.net assets			1,125	565
Grossin- vestment	19	14	68	57

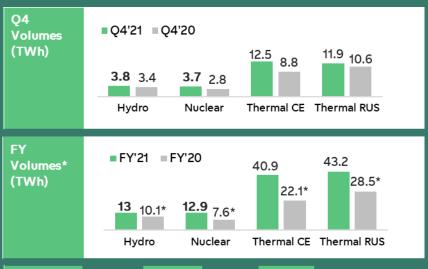


Uniper: Solid underlying performance

Q4 2021 vs. Q4 2020

- The Global Commodities business' result slightly down.
- Negative effects in Global Commodities' the trading of power and carbon business and rescheduled LNG deliveries shifting earnings into 2022 were almost compensated by an intra-year CO2 emission rights phasing effect that shifted margins from the previous quarters to the fourth quarter of 2021.

- The main reason for the change in cumulative figures, and vs. 2020, is the consolidation of Uniper into the income statement.
- European generation with higher volumes (Datteln 4, Irsching 4/5, higher availability in nuclear) offset by nuclear provisions in Q4
- Uniper's gas business benefitted from the extraordinary market developments with volatile and rising prices despite additional capital requirements offset by negative contribution from carbon and power trading



MEUR*	IV/ 2021	IV/ 2020	2021	2020
Sales	47,918	19,990	105,992	44,514
Comp. EBITDA	763	819	1,789	856
Comp. OP	578	649	1,120	363
Comp.net assets			4,971	7,432
Grossin- vestment	185	261	683	639

^{*} Uniper consolidated from Q2 2020



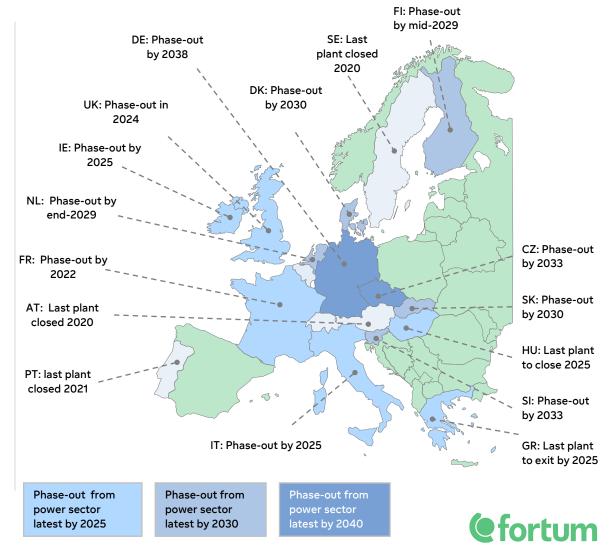
Appendices



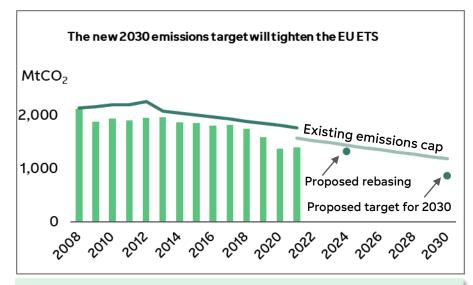
Most West European countries to exit coal by 2030

- Sweden and Austria closed their last coal plants in 2020, Portugal in 2021
- France is committed to a phase out by 2022*)
- UK to end coal-fired power generation in 2024
- Italy and Ireland have both announced phase-out by 2025, also Hungary and Greece to close their last plants by then
- Netherlands and Finland have 2029 as regulated phase-out year
- Denmark and Spain committed to a 2030 exit, Spanish operators however already underway to close last units by mid-2020s
- Czechia and Slovenia plan phase-outs by 2033**)
- Germany to phase out coal at latest 2038, ideally however already 2030**)
- Poland to phase out its coal by 2049

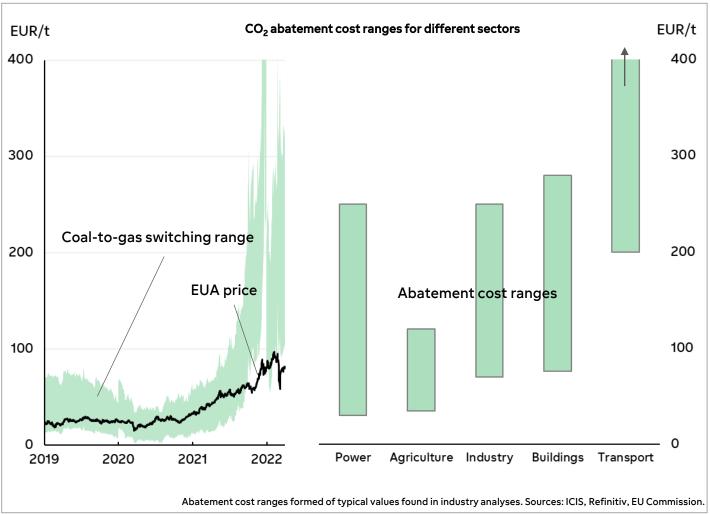
*) Limited use beyond allowed **) As per current government programmes Sources: Europe Beyond Coal, national sources



Decarbonisation requires other sectors to join



- The EU has agreed to increase the 2030 total emissions reduction target to 55% vs 1990.
- In July 2021, EU Commission put forward a "Fit for 55" package, laying out the roadmap for achieving the new ambitious climate target
- **Proposed EU ETS revisions** widen its scope, tighten supply and push for faster decarbonisation:
- Emissions reduction **target increased** from 43% **to 61%** from 2005 level
- EU ETS scope to expand and **include maritime** sector
- Higher LRF (4.2% instead of 2.2%) combined with cap rebasing
- Free allocation to be gradually phased out
- Higher MSR intake rate (24%) and thresholds (400-833) maintained
- Cross Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM) proposed
- Proposed revisions will have to go through the EU legislative process and are expected to take effect not earlier than late 2022 or 2023

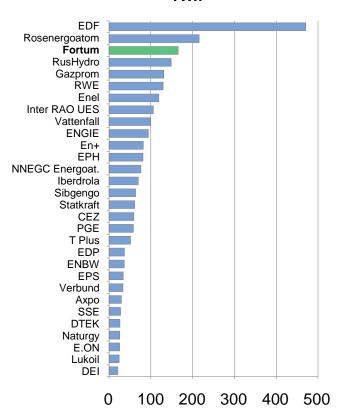




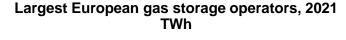
Fortum major player in power, gas and heat

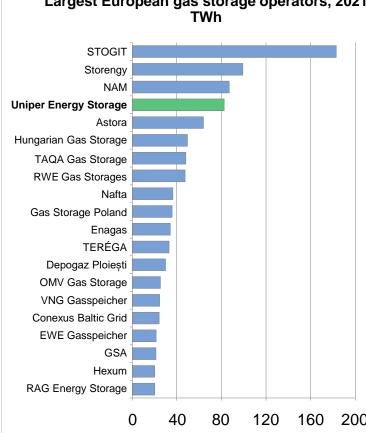
Power generation

Largest generators in Europe and Russia, 2020 **TWh**



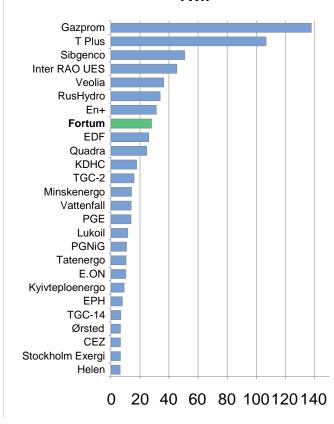
Gas





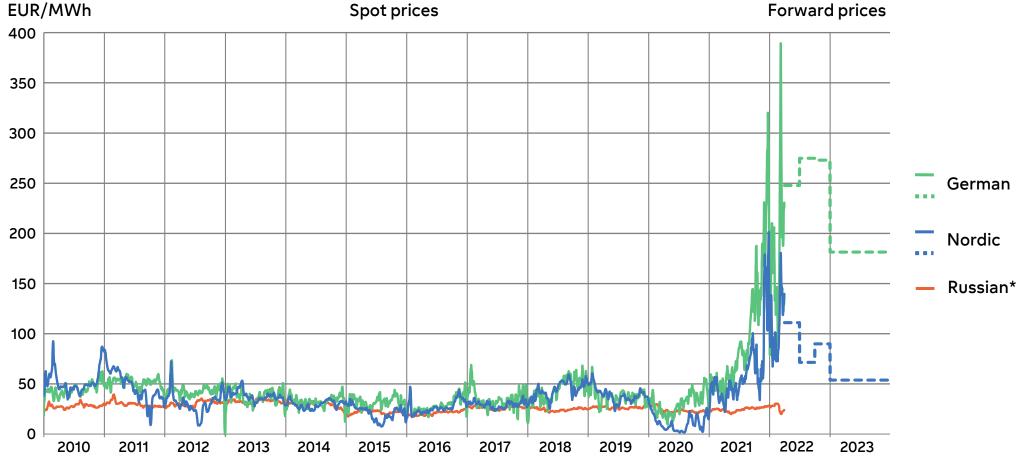
Heat production

Largest global producers, 2020





Wholesale power prices

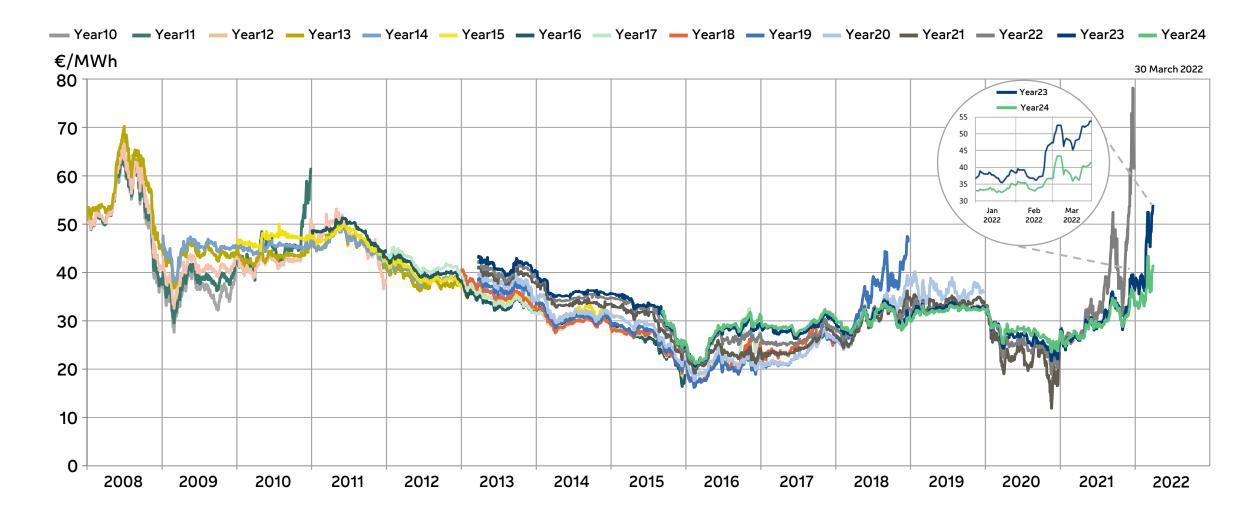


Forwards 30 March 2022 Rolling 7-day average spot price until 31 March 2022



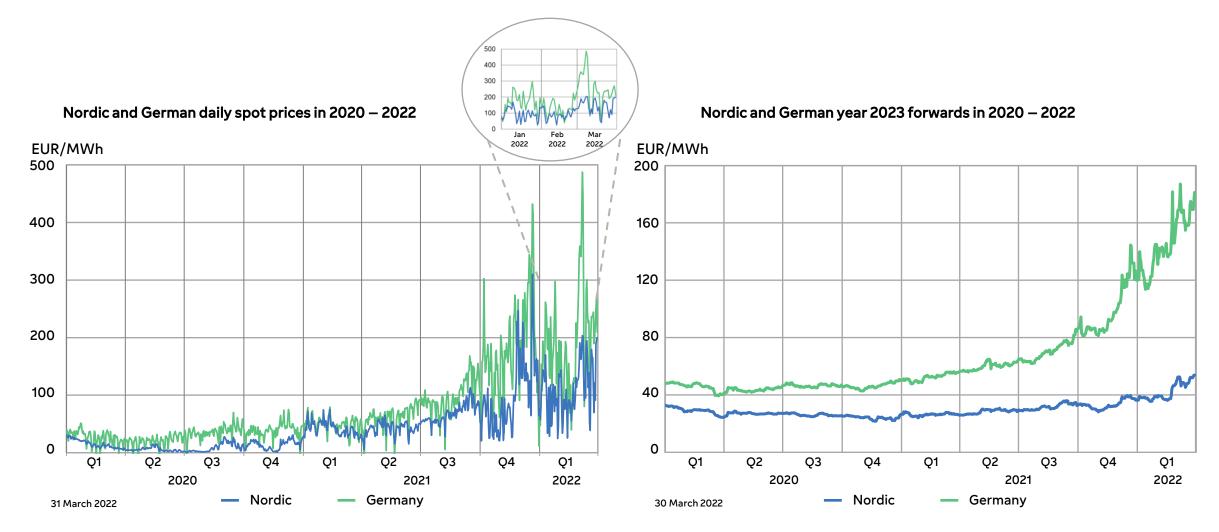
^{*} Including weighted average capacity price

Nordic year forwards





German and Nordic forward spread





Nordic forward prices and Nordic sys spot averages

EUR/MWh 70 Year 2018 forward System spot 2018 average Year 2019 forward System spot 2019 average 60 Year 2020 forward System spot 2020 average Year 2021 forward -- System spot 2021 average 50 30 20 10

2017

2018

2019



2021

2020

0

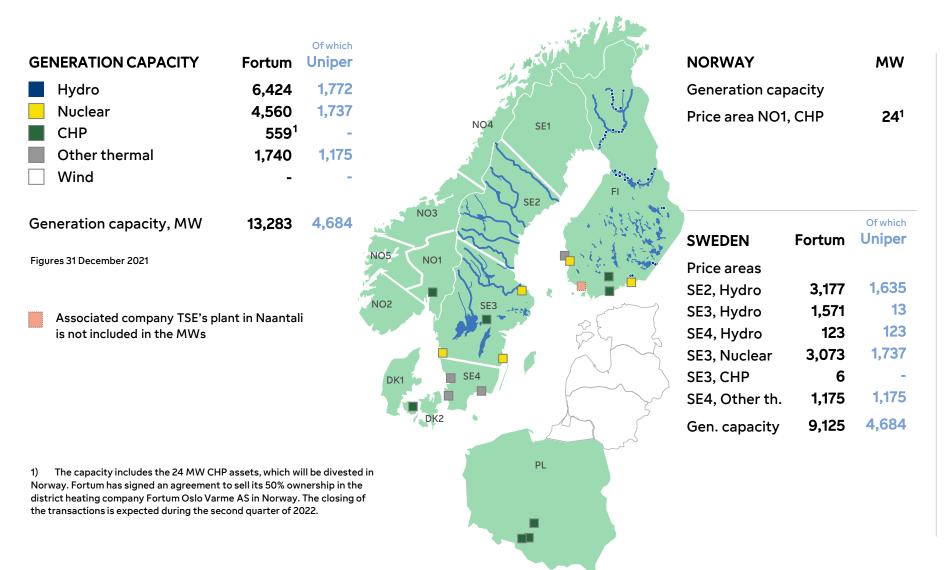
2013

2014

2015

2016

Fortum's Nordic and Polish generation capacity

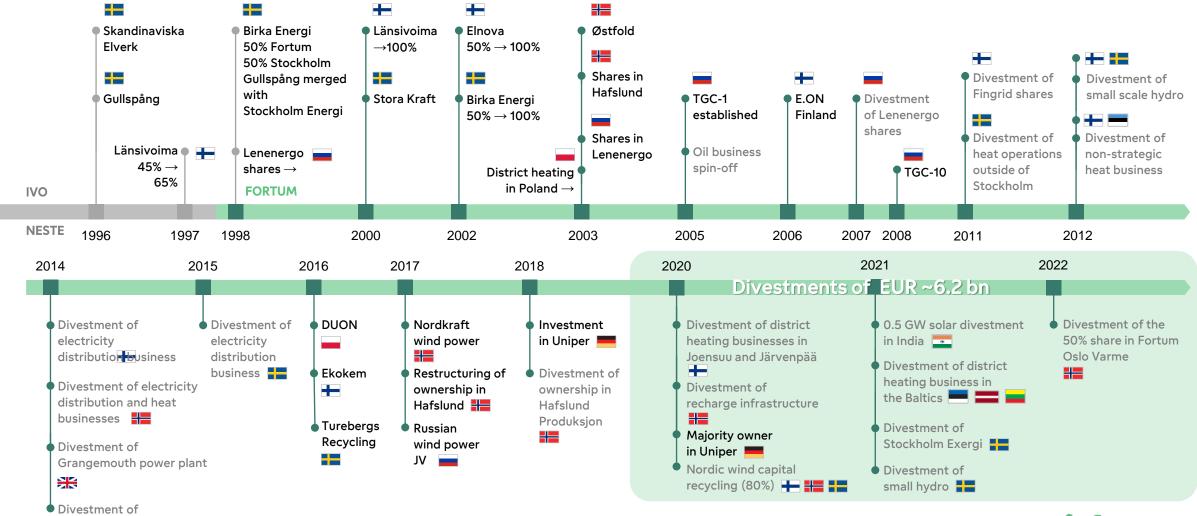


FINLAND	MW
Hydro	1,553
Nuclear	1,487
CHP	375
Other thermal	565
Generation capacity	3,980
DENMARK, DK1	MW
Generation capacity, CHP	9

POLAND	MW
Generation capacity, CHP	145

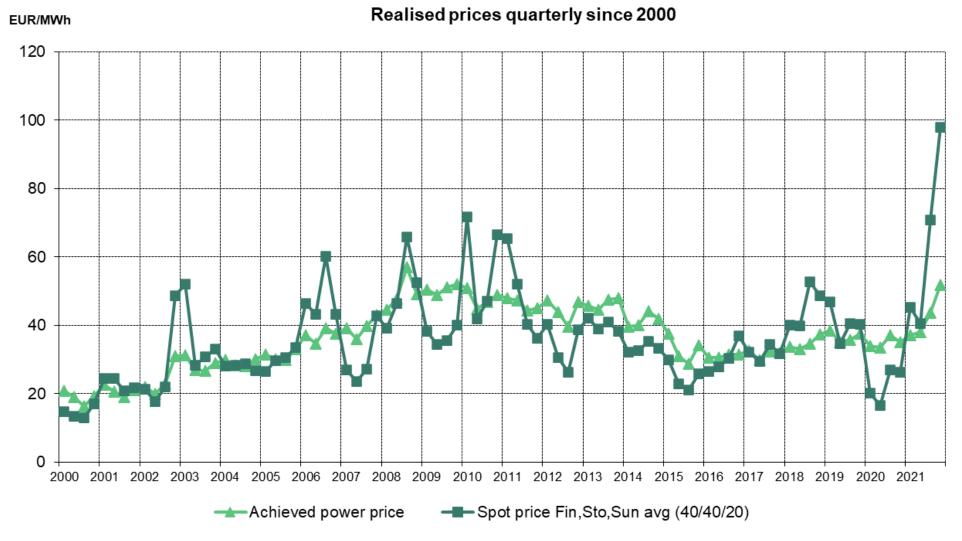


Fortum's evolution and historical strategic route



Gasum shares

Hedging improves stability and predictabilityprinciples based on risk mitigation, (Generation segment)



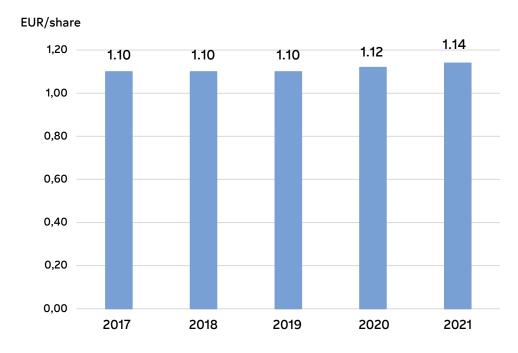


Fortum's dividend policy aiming at increasing dividend

Dividend policy:

"Fortum's dividend policy is to pay a stable, sustainable, and over time increasing dividend."

Fortum dividends





Next events:

The dividend payment date, 6 April 2022
January-March Interim Report 2022 on 12 May 2022
January-June Half-Year Report 2022 on 12 August 2022
January-September Interim Report 2022 on 10 November 2022

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