Equity story of

FORTUM – For a cleaner world

The part of the pa

Investor / Analyst material October 2021



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Past performance is no guide to future performance,

and persons needing advice should consult an independent financial adviser.

Any references to the future represent the management's current best understanding. However the final outcome may differ from them.



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@fortum

For a cleaner world

Fortum in brief

Key figures 2020¹

Sales	EUR 49.0 bn		
Comparable EBITDA	EUR 2.4 bn		
Total assets	EUR 57.8 bn		
Personnel	19,933		

Main businesses ¹	Sales (€)	Volume ²	Capacity
Power	20.8 bn	142 TWh	50.3 GW
Gas	22.4 bn	~370 TWh	7.6 bcm ³
Heat	0.8 bn	30 TWh	19.5 GW

Until 31 of March 2020 Uniper's contribution to the income statement was recognised in the Share of profit/loss of associates and joint ventures.
 For Power - Power generation, for Gas - Long-term gas supply contracts and for Heat – Heat production
 Gas storage capacity, billion cubic meters

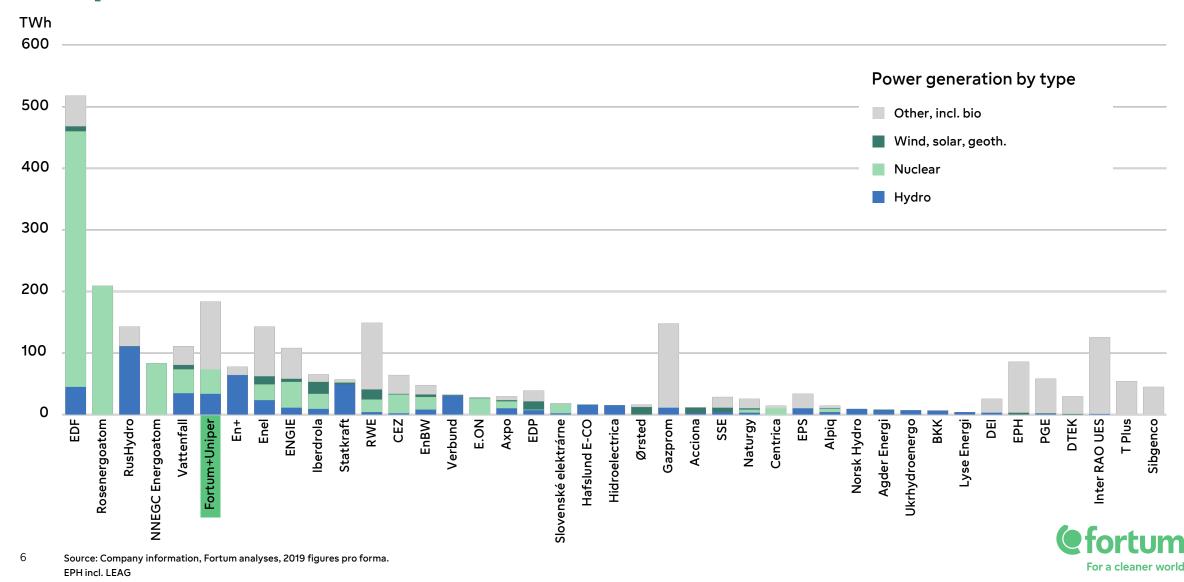


Strong position to drive the energy transition in Europe





Consolidated Fortum is the third largest CO₂-free power generator in Europe



Renewables and CO₂-free power generation capacity of Fortum







Fortum is well positioned for the energy transition

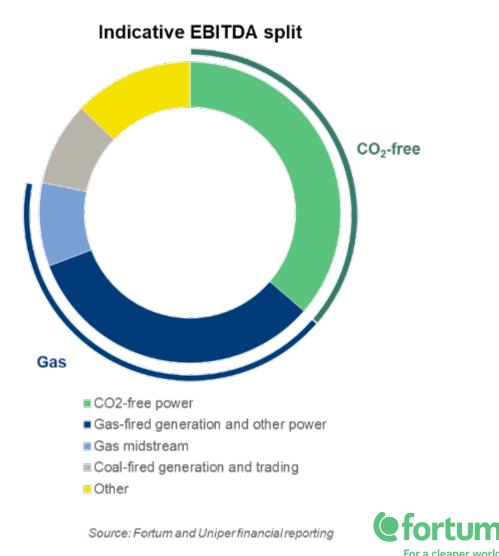
Third largest CO_2 -free power generator in Europe with growing portfolio of wind and solar

Significant provider of flexible hydro and gas-fired power generation

Major provider and trader of gas for Europe's energy and industrial customers

Versatile portfolio of decarbonisation and environmental solutions

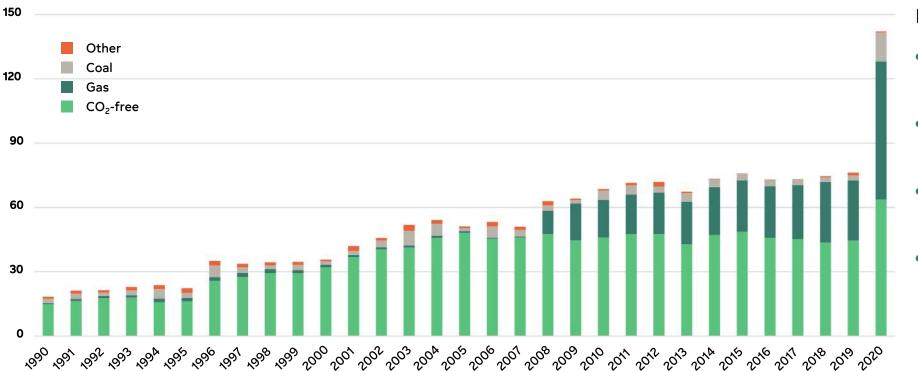
Phase out or exit announced of ~8 GW coal-fired generation by 2030



8

Fortum's CO_2 -free power generation increases by ~60% as Uniper is consolidated as a subsidiary

Fortum's power generation, TWh



Fortum*:

- CO₂-free generation
 45%
- Gas-fired power generation 45%
- Share of coal-fired generation 9%
- Share of coal of sales revenue ~1%
 - * based on 2020 reported figures



Note: Fortum actuals 1990-2020. Uniper consolidated from Q2/2020 onwards, Q1/2020 generation of Uniper excluded.

Fortum is a forerunner in sustainability

Our purpose is to drive the change for a cleaner world. We are securing a fast and reliable transition to a carbon-neutral economy by providing customers and societies with clean energy and sustainable solutions. This way we deliver excellent shareholder value.

3rd largest CO₂-free generator in Europe

 CO_2 -free power generation, including renewable and nuclear power, was 64 TWh in 2020. 73% of power generation in Europe, and 45% of total power generation was CO_2 -free.

Specific CO₂ emissions

Fortum's specific CO_2 emissions from total energy production in Europe were 188 g CO_2 /kWh in 2020, and 287 g CO_2 /kWh globally.

Growing in solar and wind

Targeting a multi-gigawatt wind and solar portfolio, which is subject to the capital recycling business model. Targeting an indicative growth capex for EUR 3 billion for 2021-2025, of which 50-55% to renewables.

Signatory of TCFD

Fortum an official signatory of TCFD on March 2021



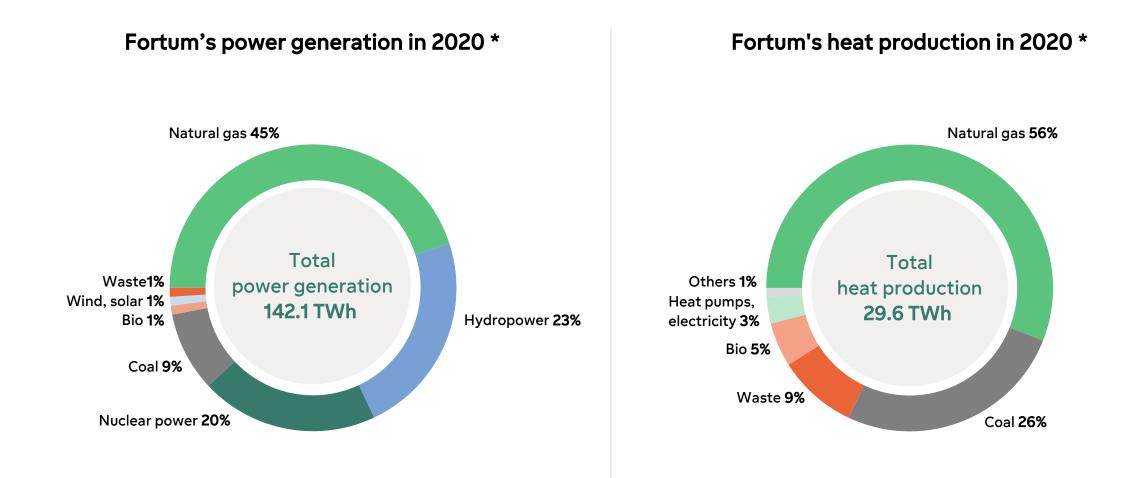
Fortum is listed in several sustainability indices and ratings:



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Fortum's power generation and heat production by source





* Uniper consolidated as of Q2/2020

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Fortum key profitability drivers

Key market drivers:

Power market

- EU coal/nuclear capacity closures
- Growing share of renewables
- Importance of gas-fired generation
- Commodity prices
- Increasing interconnections between Nordics, Continental Europe, and the UK
- Weather conditions
- Increased demand from decarbonisation and electrification

Gas market

- Decreasing gas production in Europe
- More volatile gas demand
- Gas storage value
- Weather conditions

Fortum profitability drivers:

European power generation

- CO2-free generation: prices and volumes, hedging, PPAs
- Gas-fired generation: capturing the merchant upside
- Coal exit path, value from sites

Gas midstream business

- Long-term contracts and sales
- Gas storage, spread, and volatility
- Optimisation business, price volatility

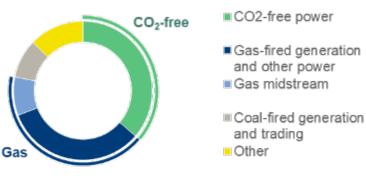
Russia power generation

- Thermal CSAs gradually shifting to CCS scheme, selective modernisation projects
- Renewables capacity with higher CSAs
- Berezovskaya 3 (CSA)

Growth based on strategy

Fortum Group's indicative EBITDA by business and market exposure

Indicative EBITDA split





Source: Fortum & Uniper financial reporting PPA= Power Purchase Agreement CSA= Capacity Supply Agreements CCS= Competitive Capacity Selection (=KOM)

Our strategy – Driving the clean energy transition and delivering sustainable financial performance

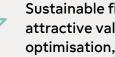
For a cleaner world Strengthen and grow in CO₂-free Leverage strong position in gas Transform own operations to Partner with industrial and to enable the energy transition power generation carbon neutral infrastructure customers • Supply significant flexible and • Provide security of supply and Phase out and exit coal Provide decarbonisation and reliable CO₂-free power generation flexibility in the power system environmental solutions Transform gas-fired generation • Grow sizeable portfolio of • Secure supply of gas for heat. towards clean gas Build on first-mover position in • renewables power, and industrial processes hydrogen



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Carbon neutral as a Group latest by 2050, in line with the Paris Agreement, and in our European generation latest by 2035

Value creation targets



Sustainable financial performance through attractive value from investments, portfolio optimisation, and benchmark operations



Strong financial position and over time increasing dividend



Measuring success for Fortum



Climate and environmental targets:

- Group carbon neutral latest by 2050 (scope 1, 2, 3)
- European generation carbon neutral latest by 2035 (1, 2)
- CO₂ emission reduction of at least 50% by 2030 in European generation (1, 2)
- Scope 3 target for the indirect emissions from fuel sales business (Cat. 11) to be set during 2021
- Biodiversity target: Number of major voluntary measures enhancing biodiversity ≥12 in 2021



Financial targets:

- Financial net debt/comparable EBITDA below 2x
- Hurdle rates for new investments
- Rating of at least BBB
- Stable, sustainable, and over time increasing dividend



Social targets:

Safety target: Total recordable incident frequency (TRIF) <1.0 in 2025



Shareholder value creation:

- Portfolio optimisation and delivering on investments
- Realising financial benefits from the cooperation with Uniper





Fortum – A leader in clean power and gas

Transform own operations to carbon neutral

Strengthen and grow in CO_2 -free power generation

Leverage strong position in gas to enable the energy transition

Provide decarbonisation and environmental solutions for industrial and infrastructure customers

Core

Assets and businesses that have a role in energy transition and generate good cash-flow



Nuclear

	
	g

ncreasingly clean as-fired generation









Hydrogen and

Businesses with potential

in the energy transition

to grow profitably



Grow

Solar



clean gas

Onshore wind



Industrial and infrastructure solutions

Strategic transformation

Businesses and assets outside strategic scope

Ambitious coal exit plan

District heating business in the Baltics

50% stake in Stockholm Exergi



Consumer Solutions business

District heating business in Poland



Strategic steps going forward

2014-2020	2021-2022	2023-2025		
Major transformation	Balance sheet focus	Growth in clean power and gas		
Active portfolio rotation with focus on assets essential in the energy transition and with good cash flow Uniper acquisition Focus on aligned strategy Flat dividend	Step up in Group EBITDA Secure strong balance sheet Rating of at least BBB Details of strategy implementation and first investments Target to increase dividend	Growth in strategic areas Sustainable financial performance with benchmark operations Cooperation financial benefits Target to increase dividend		



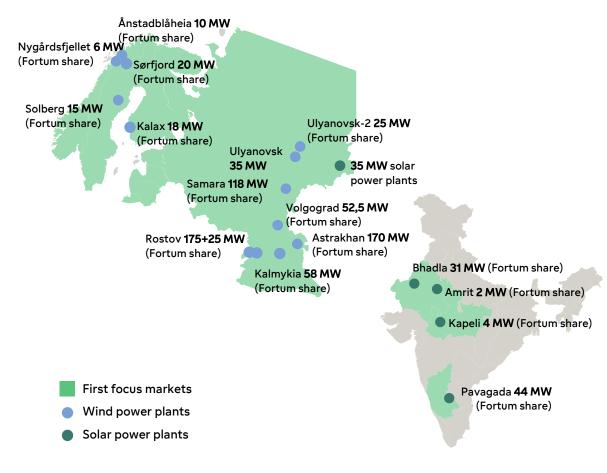
Indicative capital expenditure for growth investments in 2021-2025 — renewables and clean gas



Capital expenditure will depend on market conditions, asset rotation, and balance sheet strength



Fortum is growing towards gigawatt scale target in solar and wind power generation



PC	RTFOLIO	STATUS	CAPACITY, MW	FORTUM SHARE, MW	SUPPLY STARTS/STARTED	
FIN	ILAND		90	18		
•	Kalax	Operational	90	18	Q4 2020	
NORWAY			181	36		
•	Nygårdsfjellet	Operational	32	6	2006 and 2011	
•	Ånstadblåheia Operational		50	10	2018	
•	Sørfjord Operational		99	20	Q4 2019- Q1 2021	
SWEDEN			76	15		
•	Solberg	Operational	76	15	2018	
RU	SSIA		3,409	1,740		
•	Bugulchansk	Operational	15	15	2016-2017	
•	Pleshanovsk	Operational	10	10	2017	
•	Grachevsk	Operational	10	10	2017	
•	Kalmykia	Under construction	78+38	39+19	Q4 2021- H2 2022	
•	Ulyanovsk	Operational	35	35	2018	
•	Ulyanovsk 2	Operational	50	25	1.1.2019	
•	Rostov	Operational/Under construction	350+50	175+25	Q1 2020- Q4 2021	
•	Kalmykia	Operational	200	100	1.12.2020	
•	Astrakhan	Under construction	340	170	Q4 2021	
•	Volgograd	Under construction	88+17	44+9	Q4 2021- Q4 2022	
•	Samara	Under construction	237	118	Q4 2022	
•	Rusnano JV	Under development	491	246	2022-2023	
•	Rusnano JV	Under development	~1,400	~700	2025-2027	
IN	DIA		185	81		
•	Amrit	Operational	5	2	2012	
•	Kapeli	Operational	10	4	2014	
•	Bhadla	Operational	70	31	2017	
•	Pavagada	Operational	100	44	2017	
то	TAL		3,941	1,890		
		Under development	1,891	946		
		Under construction	848	424		
		Operational	1,202	520		
то	-	Under development Under construction	3,941 1,891 848	1,890 946 424	2017	

*) NOTE: Table numbers not accounting; tells the size of renewables projects. All not consolidated to Fortum capacities. All figures in MW and rounded to nearest megawatt. Additionally, target to invest 200 – 400 million euros in India solar and create partnership for operating assets. Under construction includes investment decisions made.



Strong commitment to maintain rating of at least BBB

Ambition is to preserve financial flexibility and good access to capital markets.

Fortum will carefully manage its balance sheet going forward focusing on

- Profitability
- Cash flow optimisation
- Capital expenditure prioritisation
- Portfolio optimisation

Long term leverage target:

Financial net debt/comparable EBITDA

<2x

RATING AGENCY	CREDIT RATING	VALID SINCE
Standard & Poor's	BBB/Outlook Stable	5 July 2021
Fitch Ratings	BBB/Outlook Stable	30 June 2021



Return targets for new investments

Return targets for new investments:

WACC+ hurdle rate: +100 bps for green investments +200 bps for other investments

The requirement might be higher depending on, e.g., business model and technology and will be evaluated case-by-case.

Group 2021 capital expenditure, including maintenance and excluding acquisitions, is estimated to be EUR 1.4 billion

- Maintenance of EUR 700 million
 - Growth of EUR 700 million

~EUR 3 bn growth capex for 2021-2025

Capital expenditure will depend on market conditions, asset rotation, and balance sheet strength



Fortum and Uniper cooperation estimated to deliver significant financial benefits

Cooperation benefits focus on monetary, safety, and environmental actions

- Positive cash impact on a consolidated group basis is estimated to be ~EUR 100 million annually
- > EUR 50 million of these annual benefits gradually materialising by the end of 2023 and reaching full annual impact in 2025
- Approx. 450 people have been involved in various work streams

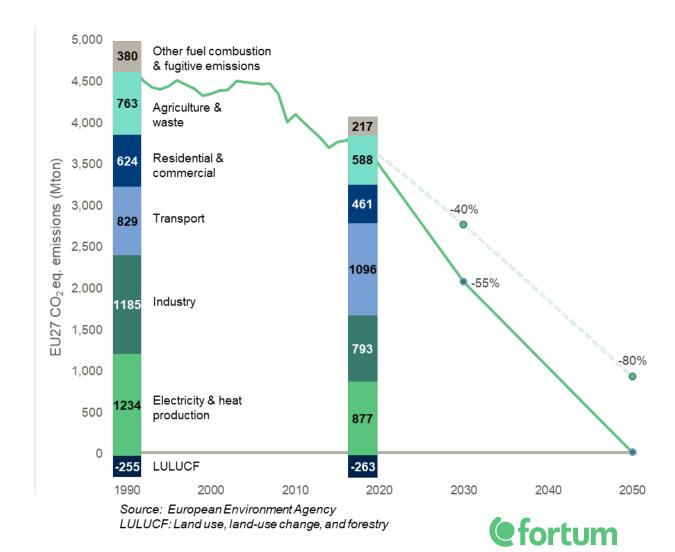




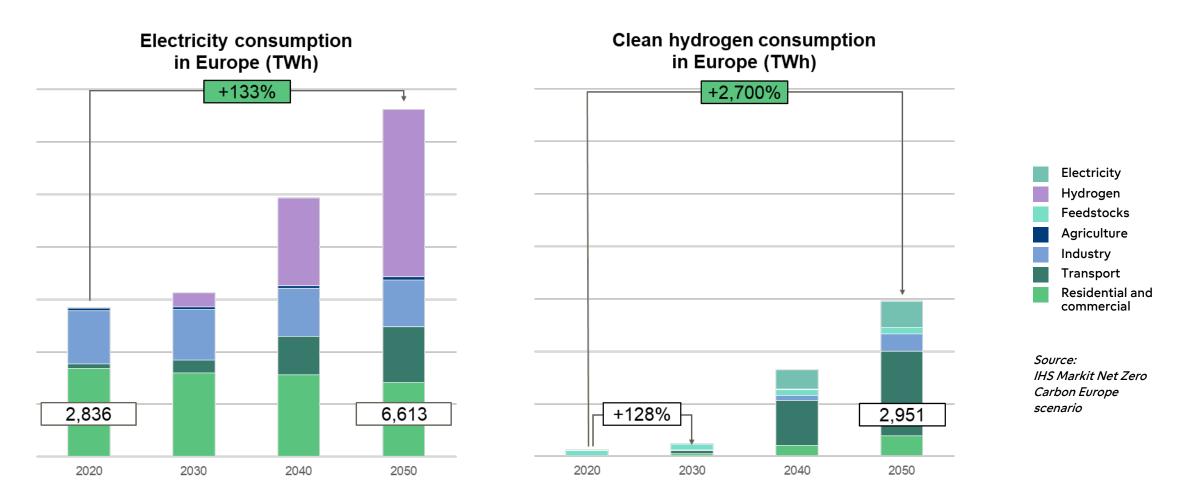
For a cleaner work

Europe committed to be a forerunner in reducing GHG emissions across all sectors

- EU is tightening both its 2030 and 2050 emissions targets
 - Requires emission reductions in all sectors, especially residential & commercial, transport, and industry
- Sector coupling clean electricity and gas enable other sectors to decarbonise
 - Emissions from some industrial and heavy transport sectors are difficult to abate by electrification
- Successful energy transition must balance
 - Sustainability
 - Affordability
 - Security of supply



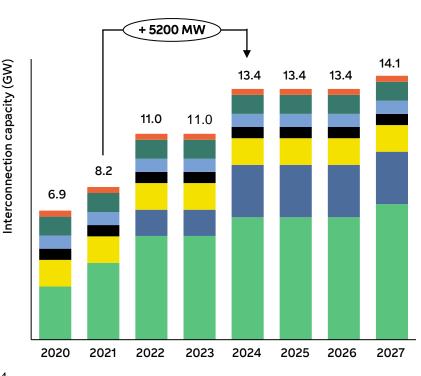
Energy transition will increase demand for electricity and hydrogen

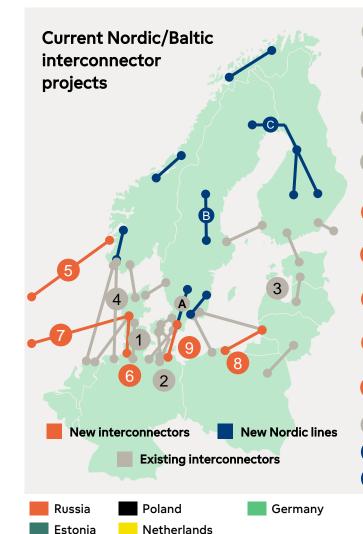




Nordic, Baltic, Continental and UK markets are integrating — Interconnection capacity growing to over 13 GW by end-2023

- Several interconnectors are currently under construction or decided to be built
- New interconnections will increase the Nordic export capacity from the current 9.6 GW to over 13 GW by end of 2023





United Kingdom

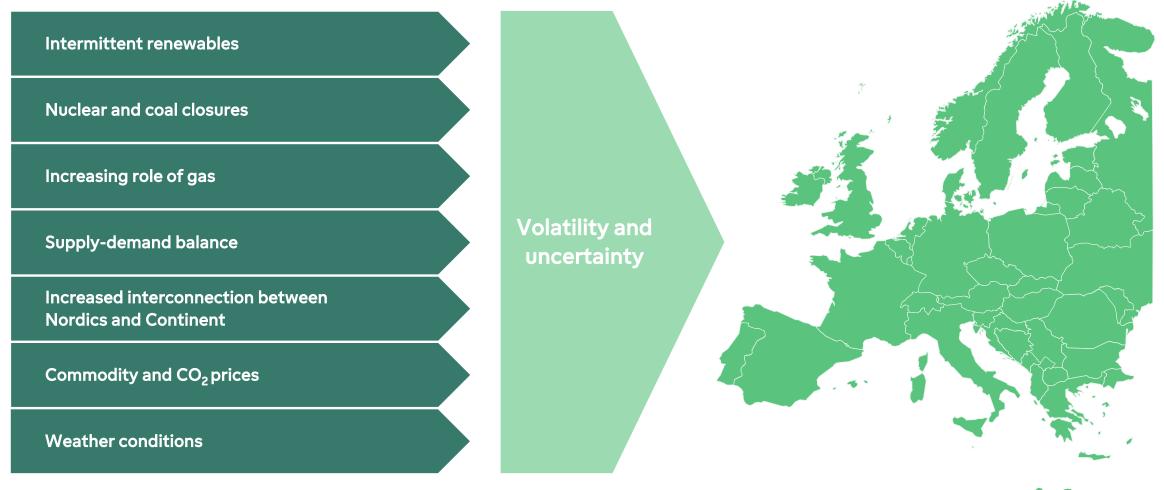
Lithuania

- DK1-DE maximum transmission capacity has been upgraded from 1,780 MW to 2,500 MW in July 2020
 New 400 MW DK2-DE connection via Kriegers Flak offshore wind area in operation December 2020
 EU's Connecting Europe Facility co-financed 3rd EE-LV transmission line, in operation January 2021
- NO-DE NordLink is in commercial operation at maximum 1,444 MW from **March 2021**
- 5 Norway UK 1,400 MW North Sea Link (NSL) is due to be fully in operation by **end-2021**
- DK1-DE capacity to grow by further 1,000 MW to 3,500 MW with a new 400 kV line by **end-2023**
- 1,400 MW Denmark UK Viking Link is being built to be ready by **end-2023**
- 700 MW LT-PL Harmony Link to be built by **2025** as a part of the Baltic synchronisation project
- 700 MW Hansa PowerBridge DC link between Sweden and Germany by **2026/2027**
- 1,200 MW SE3-SE4 South West Link ready 7/2021
- B 800 MW with first measures on SE2-SE3 by 2024
 - 800 MW 3rd 400 kV line SE1-FI ready in **2025**



Years in the chart above refer to a snapshot of 1st of January each year. Source: Fortum Market Intelligence

Volatility and uncertainty in the European power market increases the value of flexible assets





Own transformation — coal exit to reach carbon neutrality by 2035 in European generation

Transform own operations to carbon neutral

Strengthen and grow i CO₂-free power generation

Leverage strong position in gas to enable the energy transition

Partner with industria and infrastructure customers

Carbon neutral in our European generation by 2035 at the latest

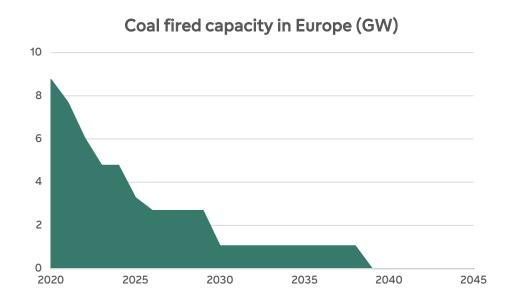
- Current trajectory to reduce CO₂ emissions in our European generation by at least 50%^{*)} by 2030
- Exit ~6 GW of coal capacity by end of 2025
- Aim to decarbonise gas-fired power generation and transit to clean gas over time

Carbon neutral as a group by 2050 at the latest in line with the Paris Agreement

- Reduction of the Group's coal-fired generation capacity by >50% to ~5 GW by the end of 2025
- Over time transform the Russian business portfolio by reducing the fossil exposure

European generation CO₂ net emissions:





^{*)} Base year 2019

^{**)} DatteIn4 decommissioning as defined in the German coal-exit law



Half-year Financial Report January-June 2021

Fortum Corporation

17 August 2021







Market environment is improving



• Macroeconomic outlook is improving, and global growth forecasts have been upgraded lately as vaccination efforts appear to reduce disruptive effects of new Covid-19 waves on economic activity



- Strong year-on-year European demand growth reflects recovery from the very low levels impacted by Covid-19
- Energy commodity prices are supported by the ongoing economic recovery



- European power markets characterised by very strong performance during Q2 2021
- Normalising power demand led to significant growth in thermal power generation in central Europe
- Increasing interconnection capacity and higher price volatility (due to renewables)



- "Fit for 55" package was presented by the European Commission in mid-July
- The package puts strong focus on carbon pricing and extends the EU ETS to new sectors
- Carbon prices continued to set new records in 2021



Determined execution of our strategy





Good operational performance across the group despite phasing effects

<u>H1</u>

Higher achieved power prices and higher generation volumes

Uniper fully consolidated since Q2 2020

<u>Q2</u>

Q2 2021 performance affected by phasing effects in Uniper segment







*Uniper full consolidation since Q2 2020.

**Comp. EPS H1 2020 also includes Uniper Q4 2019 result as an associate with EUR 0.18.

***Financial net debt/Comparable EBITDA does not include divestment of Baltic district heating (closed in July 2021) and divestment of 50% in Stockholm Eixerg (expected to close in H2 2021).



H1, all segments improved — significant impact from Uniper profits

Comparable operating profit 1206 (EUR million) -1 510 4 39 55 2 596 City Consumer Generation I - II/2020Russia Uniper Other I-II/2021

Solutions

Solutions

Generation higher achieved power price

Russia

stronger underlying performance offsetting negative FX

City Solutions higher power and heat sales

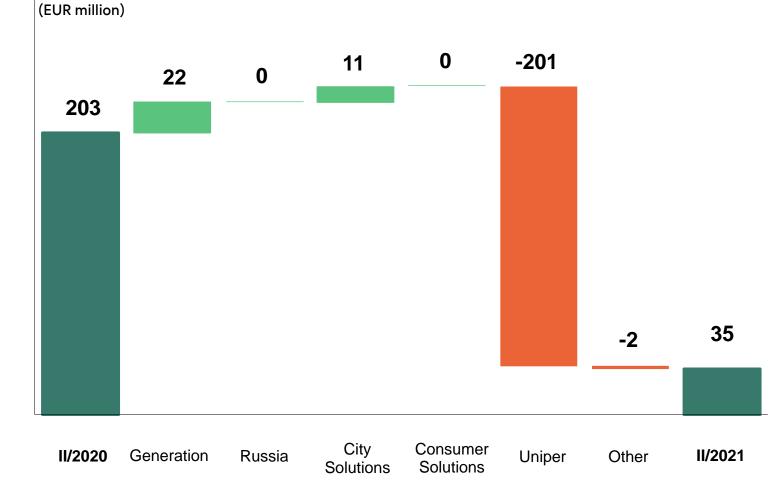
Consumer Solutions higher margins from value added services

Uniper fully consolidated from Q2 2020



Q2 — Significant phasing effects in Uniper segment

Comparable operating profit



Generation

successful physical optimisation partly offset by slightly higher costs

Russia

stronger underlying performance offsetting lower CSAs

City Solutions

higher power sales

Consumer Solutions

higher margins from value added services

Uniper

strong result in commodities business in Q2 2020 and negative phasing effect in Q2 2021



Determined execution of our transformation strategy continues

Strengthening balance sheet

EUR 5.2 billion of divestments in 1.5 years

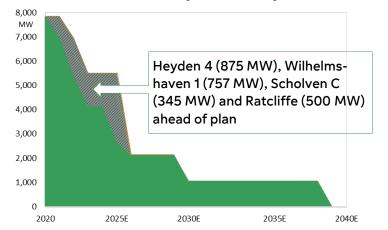
- **Stockholm Exergi**: Sale of 50% ownership for EUR 2.9 billion, closing expected in H2 2021
- Baltic district heating business, closing in Q3 with total considerations of EUR ~710 million
- Solar power in India: divestment of 500 MW, total consideration including the effect of deconsolidating net debt EUR ~280 million, closing expected in H2 2021 and H1 2022
- Strategic reviews of the heating and cooling businesses in Poland and the Consumer Solutions business still ongoing.

Accelerated decarbonisation

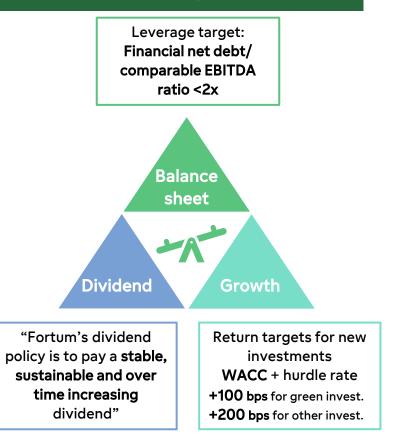
Fortum Russia division end of coal-fired generation by end of 2022

- Sale of Argayash coal-fired CHP, Chelyabinsk CHP-2 transition to gas
- Reduction of annual CO₂ emissions by approximately 2 million tonnes p.a.

Accelerated coal-exit path at Uniper*



Balanced growth





Bernhard Günther CFO



Key financials

MEUR	/ 2021	II/ 2020	I-II/ 2021	- / 2020	FY 2020	LTM
Sales	17,128	12,330	38,621	13,687	49,015	73,950
Comparable EBITDA	348	512	1,827	1,055	2,434	3,206
Comparable operating profit	35	203	1,206	596	1,344	1,954
Comparable share of profits of associates and joint ventures	52	23	119	574	656	201
Comparable profit before income taxes	97	209	1,354	1,110	1,897	2,141
Comparable net profit	79	155	915	968	1,483	1,431
Comparable EPS	0.09	0.17	1.03	1.09	1.67	1.61
Net cash from operating activities	289	440	1,120	1,002	2,555	2,673
Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA					2.9	2.4

H1 strong financial performance

LTM comparable EBITDA at EUR 3.2 billion

LTM Comparable EPS at EUR 1.61

Healthy credit metrics of 'BBB' with improved outlook to "stable" by S&P and Fitch

Latest announced divestments to bring Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA clearly below target level of <2x



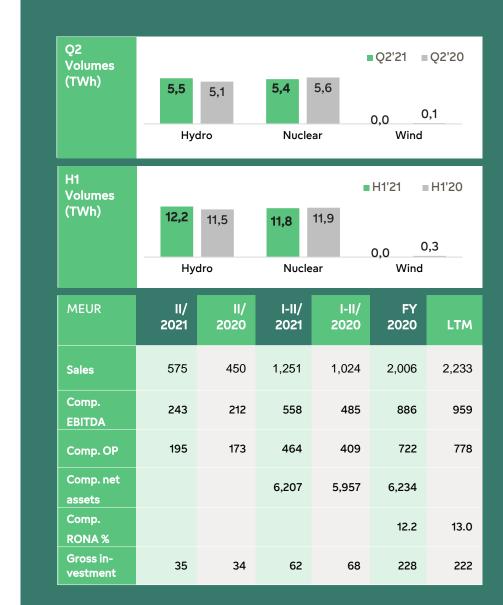
Generation: Higher achieved power prices

Q2 2021 vs. Q2 2020

- Comparable operating profit +13% mainly due to higher achieved power prices and slightly higher volumes
 - Higher achieved power price EUR 38.1, +4.5 per MWh
 - Very successful physical optimisation and higher spot prices
- Partly offset by slightly higher costs

H1 2021 vs. H1 2020

- Positive contribution from higher achieved prices and slightly higher hydro volumes (+0.7 TWh) while nuclear volumes marginally lower (-0.1 TWh) due to maintenance breaks
- Tax-exempt capital gain of EUR 50 million in Q1 2021

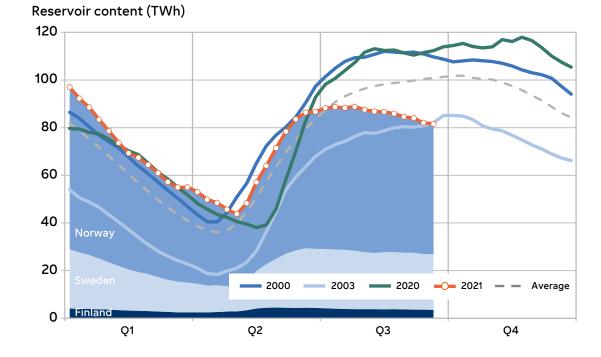


For a cleaner world

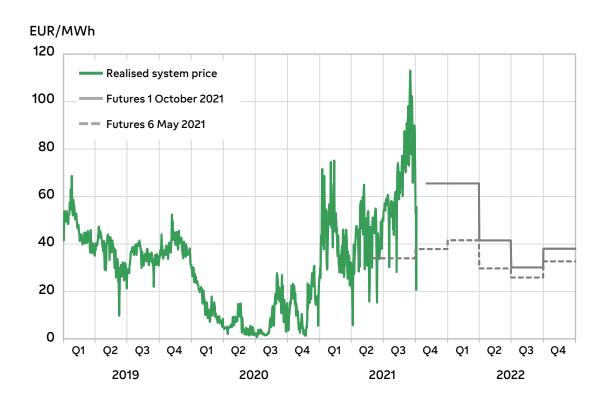
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Nordic water reservoirs and wholesale power price

Hydro reservoirs



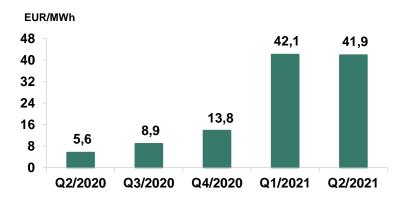
Power price





Source: Nord Pool, Nasdaq Commodities

Higher achieved power prices

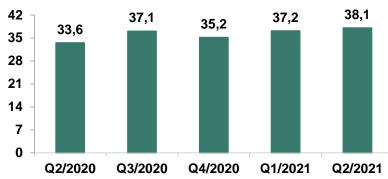


System spot power price, Nord Pool

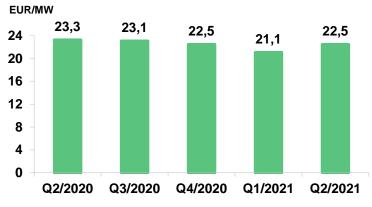
Spot power price, Urals hub



Achieved power price, Generation segment



Achieved power price, Russia segment*



NOTE: Achieved power price (includes capacity payments) in RUB increased by 7%

* Does not include Uniper's subsidiary Unipro

Substantially higher spot power prices in the Nordics

Increased achieved power prices

Russian power demand picking up with increasing electricity prices

Russian achieved price in rubles increased



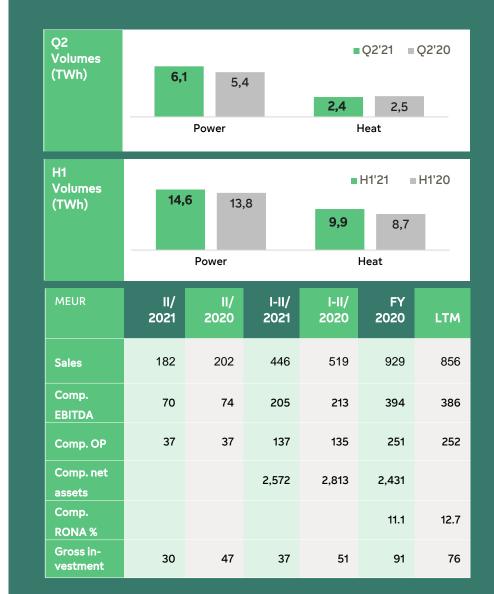
Russia: Solid underlying performance

Q2 2021 vs. Q2 2020

- Comparable operating profit flat at EUR 37 million
 - Changes in CSA* payments, lower bond yield, and higher power prices
 - Impact of the Russian ruble exchange rate was EUR -2 million
- Strategy execution:
 - Divestment of Argayash CHP and decision to cease coal use by the end of 2022
 - Annual CO_2 emissions to be reduced by ~2 million tonnes

H1 2021 vs. H1 2020

- Comparable operating profit increased by 1%
 - EUR 17 million positive effect of the sale of the 116-MW solar project
 - Changes in CSA* payments, lower bond yield, and higher power prices
 - Change in the Russian ruble exchange rate was EUR -23 million





* CSA = Capacity Supply Agreement

City Solutions: Performance improved

Q2 2021 vs. Q2 2020

• District heating with higher power prices and higher power sales

H1 2021 vs. H1 2020

- Higher heat sales volumes, higher power prices, and higher Norwegian heat prices
- Strategy execution:
 - Announced divestment of 50% ownership in Stockholm Exergi
 - Announced divestment of 500 MW of solar power plants in India
 - Closing of the sale of the Baltic district heating business in July



For a cleaner world

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Consumer Solutions: Continued profitability improvement

Q2 2021 vs. Q2 2020

- Comparable operating profit flat
- 15th consecutive quarter of comparable EBITDA improvement
- The gas volume increased mainly due to an increase of enterprise customers in Poland

H1 2021 vs. H1 2020

- Consumer Solutions' competitiveness continued to strengthen
- Several new digital services were launched during the first half of 2021
- Higher margins from value-added services
- Strategy execution:
 - Strategic review ongoing

Number of customers	Q2 2	2021			2 320	
	Q4 2	020			2 390	
MEUR	ll/ 2021	II/ 2020	I-II/ 2021	- / 2020	FY 2020	LTM
Sales	424	237	1,085	661	1,267	1,691
Comp. EBITDA	36	35	89	82	153	161
Comp. OP	19	19	55	51	90	94
Comp. net assets			618	543	565	
Gross in- vestment	25	13	36	28	57	65



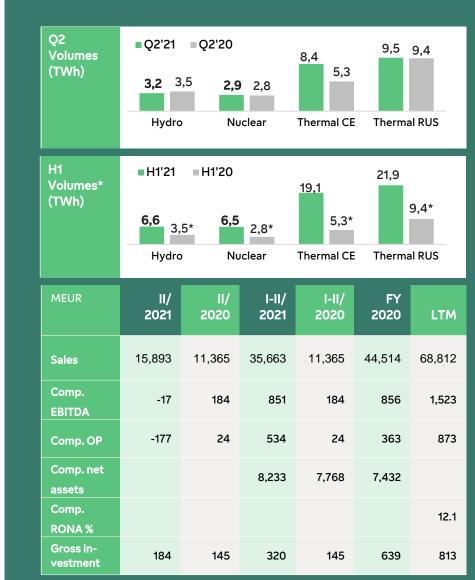
Uniper: Solid underlying performance

Q2 2021 vs. Q2 2020

- European Generation business benefitted from Irsching 4 & 5 and Datteln 4 contribution
- Global Commodities business was significantly below previous year due to a positive effect of the realisation of hedges in the coal, freight, and oil business in Q2 2020
- Russian Power Generation's Berezovskaya 3 back online in Q2 2021
- Changes in fair value of derivatives of EUR -910 (160) million
- Strategy execution:
 - Accelerated closure of more than 2 GW's of coal: Heyden
 - 4, Wilhelmshaven, Scholven C, and Ratcliffe

H1 2021 vs. H1 2020

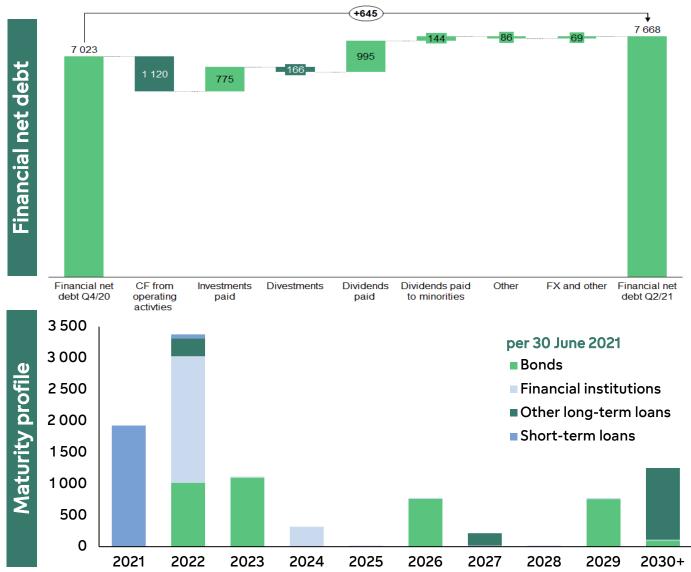
- Uniper as a subsidiary from Q2 2020
- Strong Q1 2021 contribution (optimisation gains)



* Uniper consolidated from Q2 2020



Credit outlook improved



Solid credit metrics

<mark>S&P Global</mark>	'BBB' long-term issuer credit rating,	
Ratings	stable outlook	
FitchRatings	'BBB' long-term issuer credit rating, stable outlook	

Target ratio:

< 2x Financial net debt / Comp. EBITDA

Fortum's objective:

Maintain solid investment grade rating of at least BBB to maintain financial strength, preserve financial flexibility, and good access to capital.

Total loans EUR 9,790 million (excl. lease)

- Average interest of 1.5% (2020: 1.5%) for Group loan portfolio incl. derivatives hedging financial net
- EUR 685 million (2020: 634) swapped to RUB with average interest 6.4% (2020: 6.2%) incl. hedging cost
- Average interest of 0.7% (2020: 0.9%) for EUR loans

Liquid funds of EUR 1,703 million

Undrawn credit facilities of EUR 5,100 million



Outlook

Hedging

<u>Generation Nordic hedges:</u>

For the rest of 2021: 75% hedged at EUR 33 per MWh For 2022: 60% hedged at EUR 31 per MWh (Q1: 55% at EUR 31)

Uniper Nordic hedges:

For the rest of 2021: 90% hedged at EUR 26 per MWh For 2022: 85% hedged at EUR 24 per MWh (Q1: 80% at EUR 24) For 2023: 45% hedged at EUR 22 per MWh (Q1: 35% at EUR 21)

2021 Estimated annual capital expenditure, including maintenance and excluding acquisitions, of

EUR 1,400 million

of which maintenance capital expenditure is EUR 700 million

Tax guidance for 2021:

The comparable effective income tax rate for Fortum is estimated to be in the range of 20-25% **Russia** <u>CSA changes:</u> Lower bond yield, bond yield 6.3% (7.6%)

Changes in CSA and CCS capacities: see interim report p. 22-23, 25

In 2021, in the Russia segment, the negative financial effect related to the ending of the CSA period of two production units is expected to exceed the positive effect of three units entering the four-year period of higher CSA payments

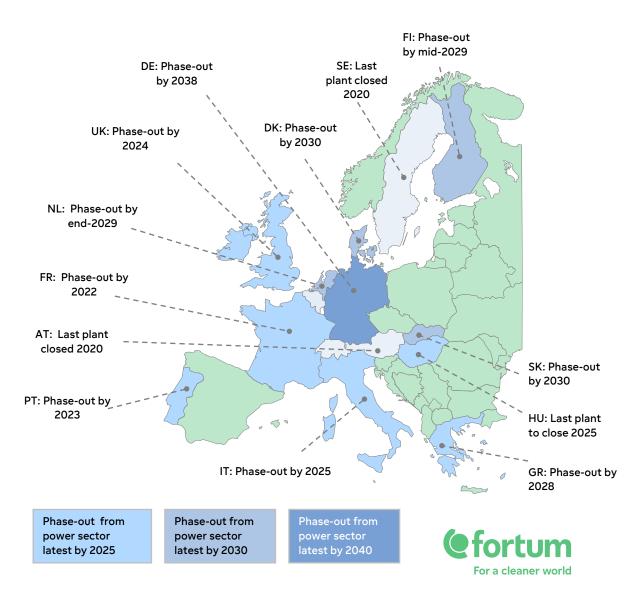


Appendices

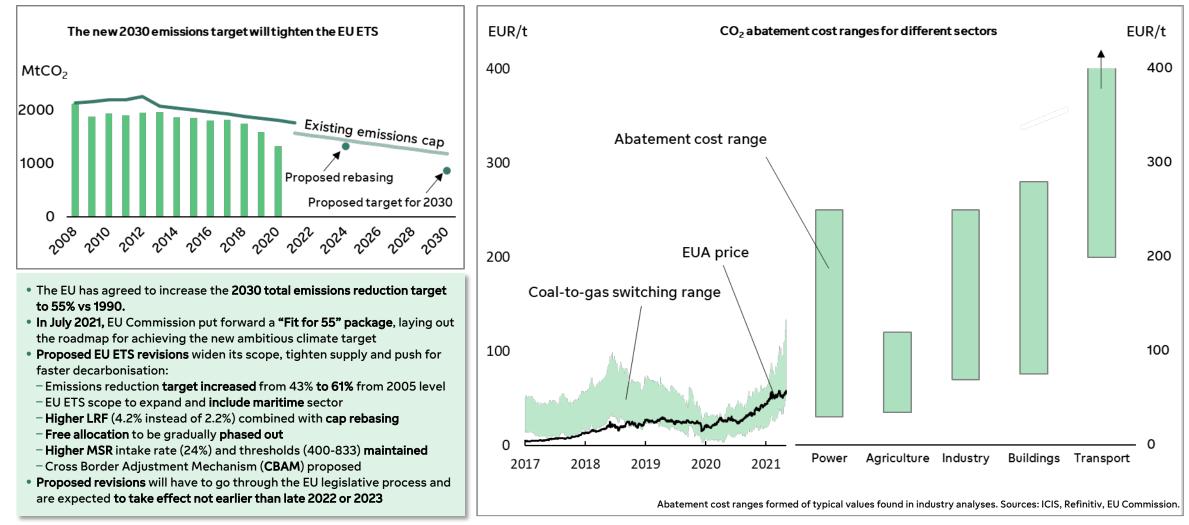


Western European countries exiting coal during this decade

- Sweden and Austria closed their last coal plants during 2020
- France is committed to phase out coal by 2022
- Portugal has 2023 as national exit goal, but operators aim for full closure already in 2021
- UK full exit by the end of 2024 by restricting coal plants' access to market
- Italy and Ireland have both announced phase-out by 2025, also Hungary to close its last coal plant by then
- Greece has stated 2028 as year for full phase-out
- Netherlands and Finland have 2029 as regulated phase-out year, Denmark is committed to 2030 as is Slovakia
- Germany to phase out coal by end-2038 latest, possibly already 2035
- Significant coal countries without explicit exit date include e.g. Spain, Czechia and Poland
 - In Spain, significant number of coal plants have recently already closed, and operators are underway to close down even the rest by mid-2020s
 - In Czechia, a multi-stakeholder commission has proposed a coal phase-out by 2038, but no political decision available as of yet
 - Poland expects share of coal in the power mix to decline and targets lowercarbon generation in newbuilds, but no timeline for phase-out of coal exists



Decarbonisation requires other sectors to join





Fortum major player in power, gas and heat

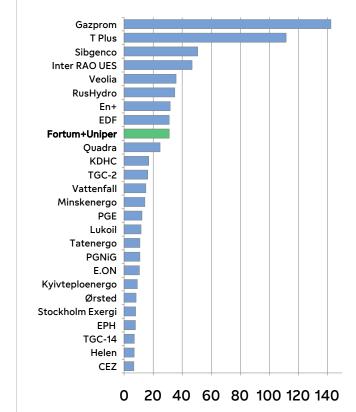
Power generation Largest generators in Europe and Russia, 2019 TWh EDF Rosenergoatom Fortum+Uniper RWE Gazprom Enel RusHydro Inter RAO UES Vattenfall ENGIE EPH NNEGC Energoat. En+ Iberdrola CEZ PGE Statkraft T Plus EnBW Sibgengo EDP EPS Verbund 🔚 Ахро 🔚 DTĖK 🔚 SSE 🔚 E.ON 🔚 Naturgy 🍗 DEI 🔚 0 100 200 300 400 500 600

Largest European gas storage operators, 2018 TWh STOGIT Storengy Hungarian Gas Storage **Uniper Energy Storage** NAM Astora Enagas Gas Storage Poland OMV Gas Storage TAQA Gas Storage RAG.Energy.Storage TERÉGA Depogaz Ploiești innogy Gas Storage Nafta VNG Gasspeicher **Conexus Baltic Grid** EWE Gasspeicher MMBF GSA 0 40 80 120 160 200

Gas

Heat production

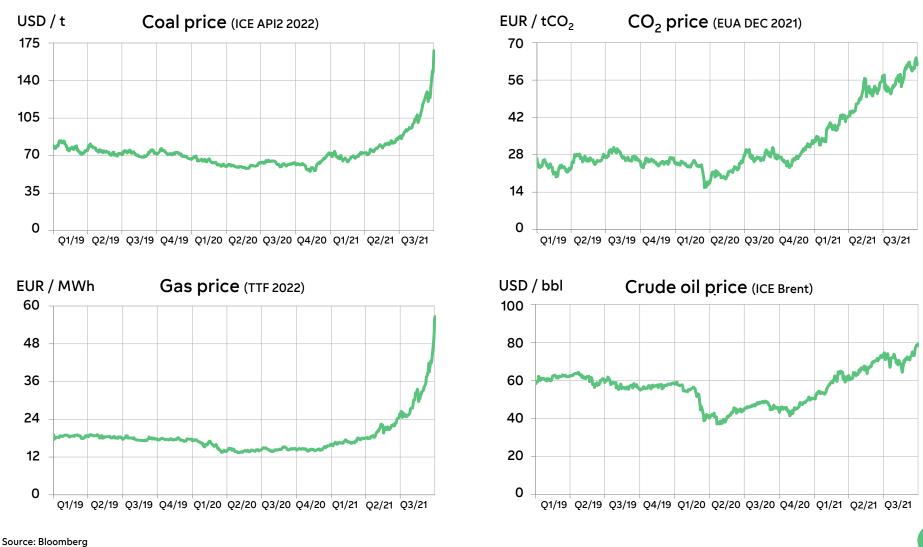
Largest global producers, 2019 TWh





Source: Company information, Fortum analyses, 2019 figures pro forma. GIE Storage Database. EPH incl. LEAG. No data from China.

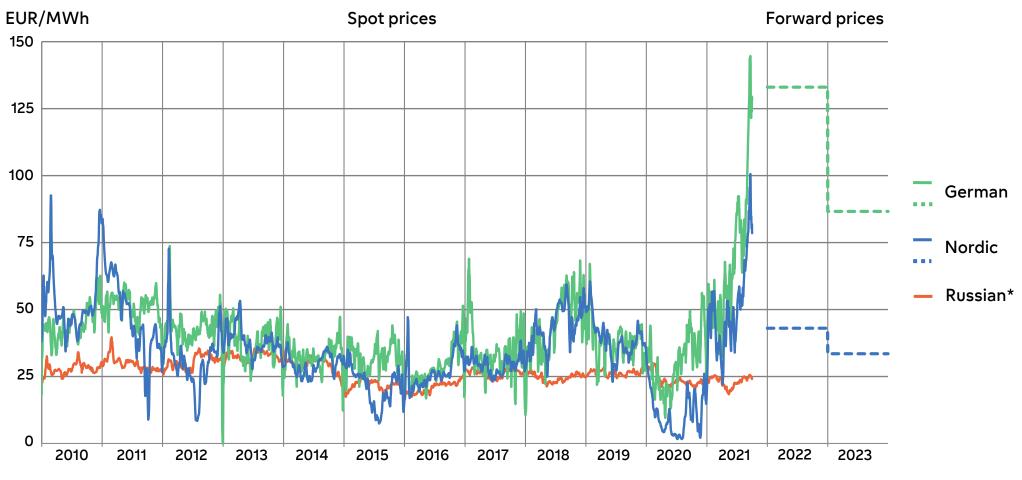
Commodity prices





1 October 2021

Wholesale power prices

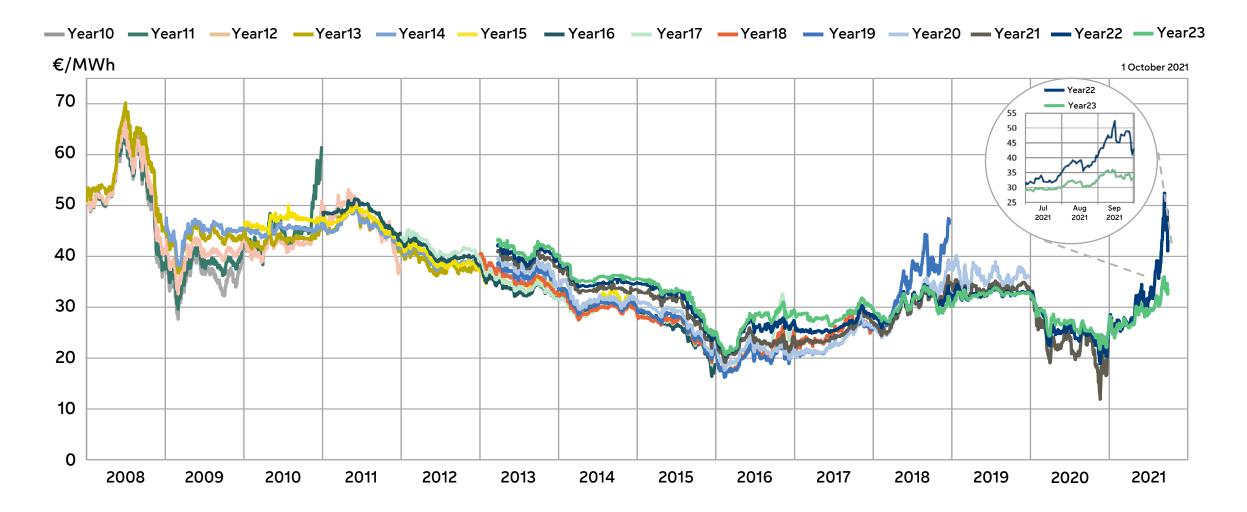


Forwards 1 October 2021 Rolling 7-day average spot price

* Including weighted average capacity price

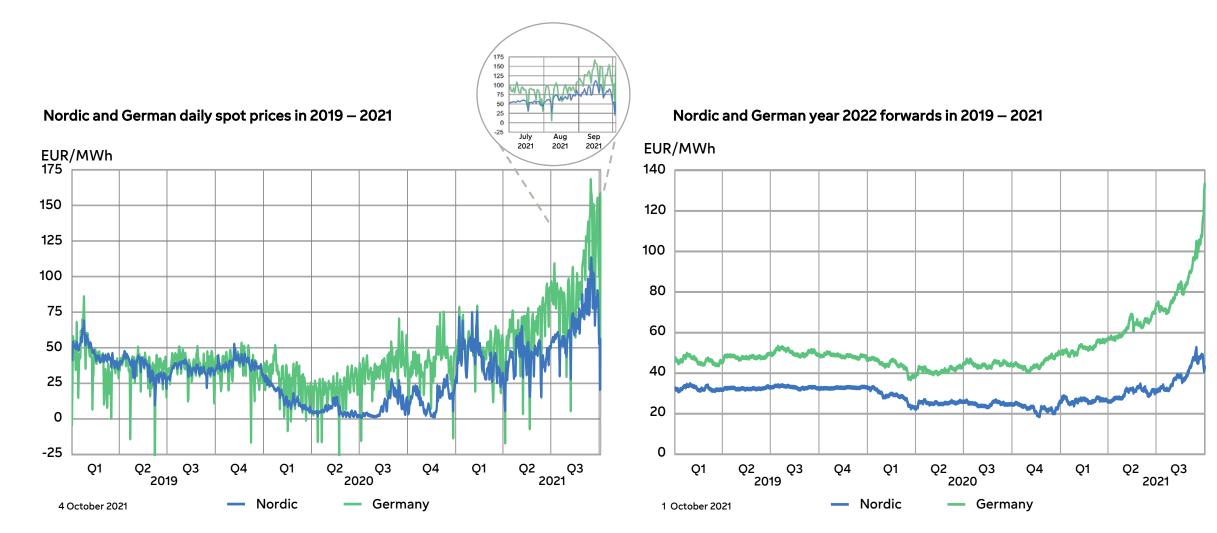


Nordic year forwards



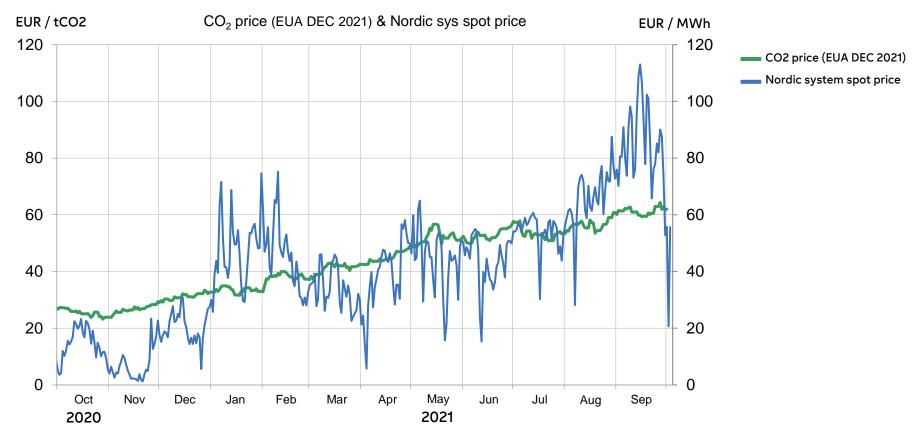


German and Nordic forward spread





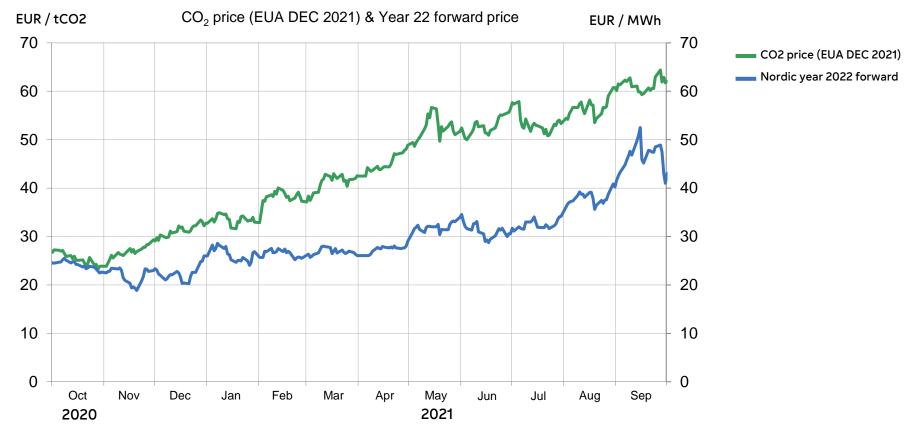
CO₂ price and Nordic spot power price



Spot price until 4 October 2021



CO₂ price and Nordic forward price

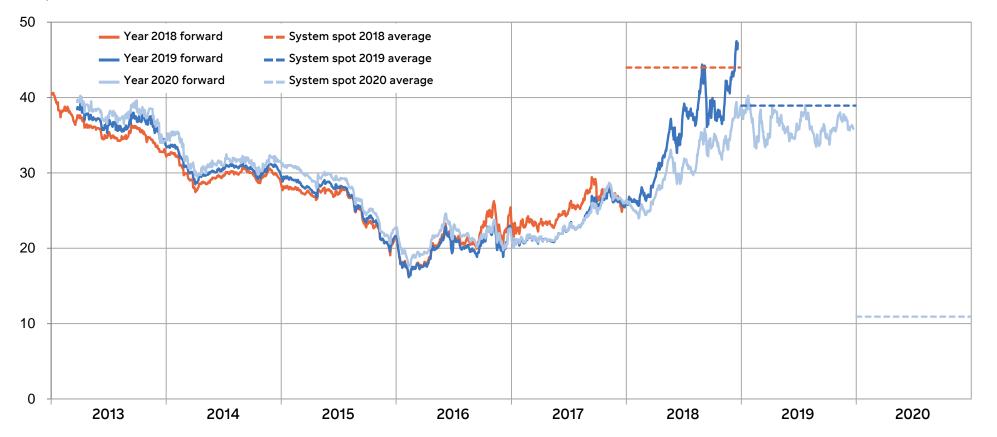


Until 1 October 2021



Nordic forward prices and Nordic sys spot averages

EUR/MWh





Fortum's Nordic, Baltic and Polish generation capacity

GENERATION CAPACITY		
	Hydro	
	Nuclear	
	СНР	
	Other thermal	
	Wind	

Generation capacity, MW

Figures 31 December 2020

1) Ringhals 1 (of which Uniper's share 269 MW) closed at the end of 2020 2) Öresundsverket 449 MW facility mothballed in 2018 and sold in August 2021

3) The capacity includes the Sørfjord 99 MW wind portfolio in Norway, of which a majority 80% ownership has been sold in January 2021. 4) The capacity includes the 89 MW CHP assets in the Baltics and the 2 MW wind power plant in Latvia, which have been divested in July 2021.

Associated companies' plants (not included in the MWs): Stockholm Exergi (Former Fortum Värme) in Stockholm; TSE in Naantali

Fortum

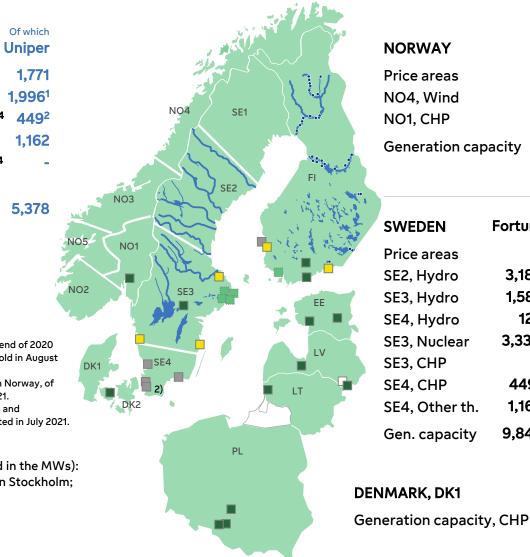
6.448

4.818¹

1.185^{2,4}

1,727 1013,4

14,279



NORWAY		MW
Price areas NO4, Wind NO1, CHP		99 ³ 24
Generation ca	123	
SWEDEN	Fortum	Of which Uniper

1.635

13

123

1,996¹

449²

1,162

5,378

MW

9

3,185 1,587

123

6

3.331¹

449²

1,162

9,843

Price areas

SE2, Hydro

SE3, Hydro

SE4, Hydro

SE3, CHP

SE4, CHP

SE3, Nuclear

SE4, Other th.

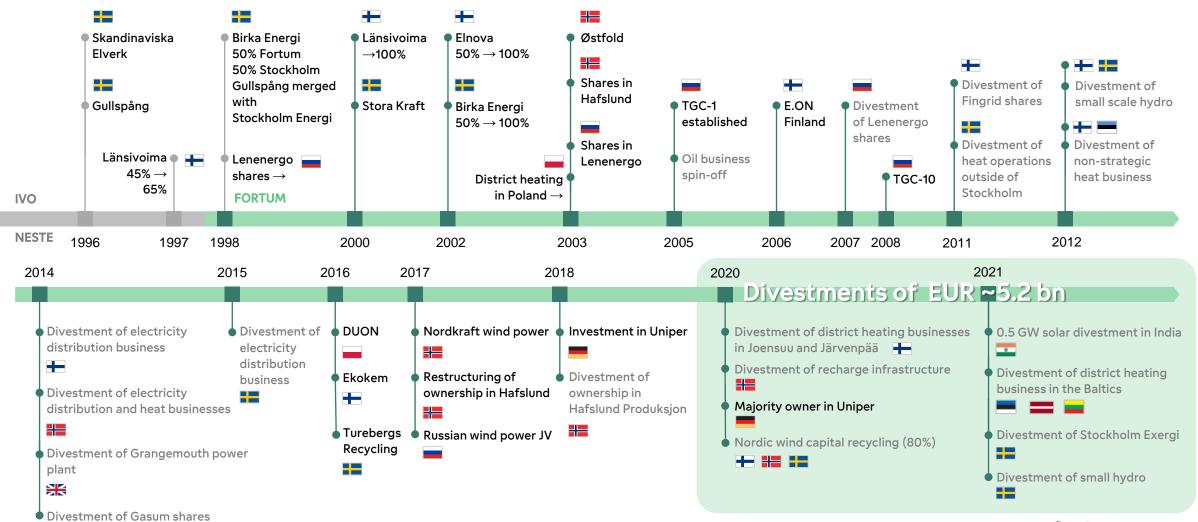
Gen. capacity

FINLAND	MW
Hydro	1,553
Nuclear	1,487
СНР	375
Other thermal	565
Generation capacity	3,980

BALTICS AND	
POLAND	MW
Generation capacity,	CHP
in Estonia	43
in Latvia	28'
in Lithuania	184
in Poland	233
in Latvia, Wind	24



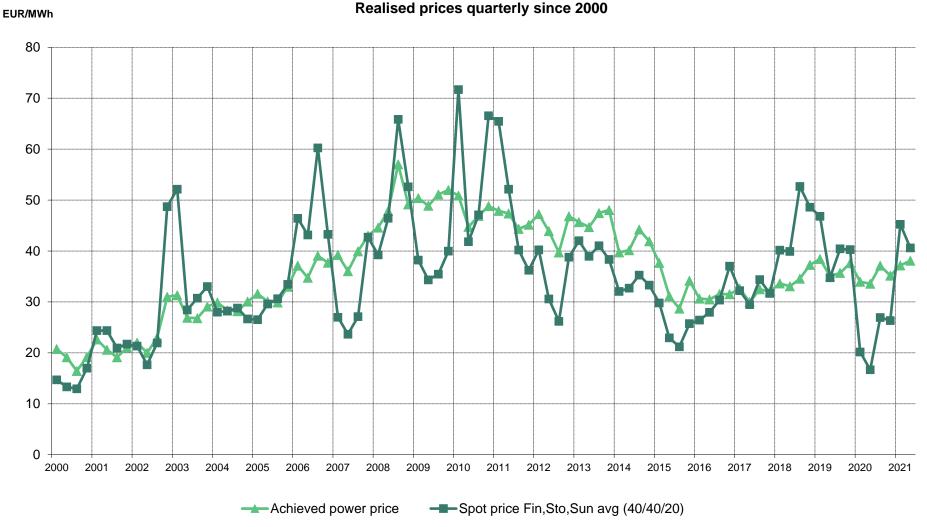
Fortum's evolution and historical strategic route





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Hedging improves stability and predictability — principles based on risk mitigation, (Generation segment)





Fortum's dividend policy aiming at increasing dividend

1.12 1,20 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1,00 0,80 0,60 0,40 0,20 0,00 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Fortum dividends

EUR/share

Dividend policy:

"Fortum's dividend policy is to pay a stable, sustainable, and over time increasing dividend."



For more information. please visit www.fortum.com/investors

Fortum Investor Relations and Financial Communications

Next events:

January-September Interim Report 2021 on 12 November 2021 Fortum Corporation's Financial Statements Bulletin for the year 2021 will be published on 3 March 2022 Fortum's Annual General Meeting 2022 is planned to be held on 5 April 2022 The ex-dividend date, 6 April 2022 The dividend payment date, 14 April 2022 January-March Interim Report 2022 on 12 May 2022 January-June Half-Year Report 2022 on 12 August 2022 January-September Interim Report 2022 on 10 November 2022

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Ingela Ulfves Rauno Tiihonen Nora Hallberg Pirjo Lifländer Carlo Beck Camilla Nikk **IR Specialist** Coordinator Vice President. Manager Manager Manager Investor Relations and **Financial Communication** +358 (0)10 453 6150 +358 (0)40 515 1531 $+49\,172\,751\,2480$ +358 (0)40 720 1775 +358 (0)40 643 3317 +358 (0)50 516 9484 ingela.ulfves@fortum.com rauno.tiihonen@fortum.com carlo.beck@fortum.com nora.hallberg@fortum.com pirjo.liflander@fortum.com camilla.nikk@fortum.com

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