

#### Disclaimer

This presentation does not constitute an invitation to underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire or dispose of any Fortum shares.

Past performance is no guide to future performance, and persons needing advice should consult an independent financial adviser.

Any references to the future represent the management's current best understanding. However the final outcome may differ from them.



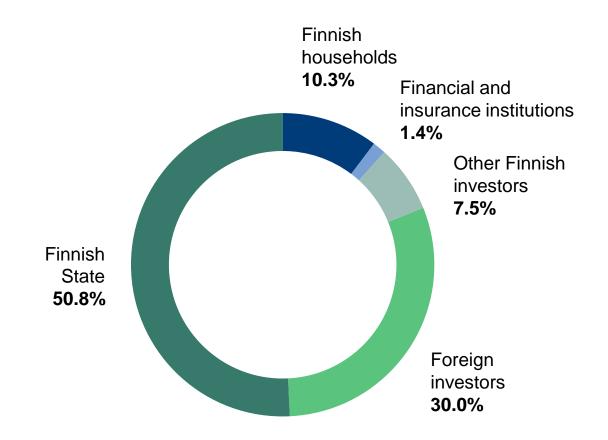
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### Appr. 130,000 shareholders

- Power and heat company in the Nordic countries, Russia, Poland and the Baltics
- Listed at the Helsinki Stock Exchange since 1998
- Among the most traded shares on the Nasdaq Helsinki stock exchange
- Market cap ~16 billion euros





## Capital returns: 2017 EUR 1.10 per share ~ EUR 1 billion

# Fortum's dividend policy is based on the following preconditions:

- The dividend policy ensures that shareholders receive a fair remuneration for their entrusted capital, supported by the company's long-term strategy that aims at increasing earnings per share and thereby the dividend.
- When proposing the dividend, the Board of Directors looks at a range of factors, including the macro environment, balance sheet strength as well as future investment plans.

Fortum's target is to pay a stable, sustainable and over time increasing dividend of 50-80% of earnings per share excluding one-off items

Fortum has since 1998 annually paid dividends in total ~14,580 MEUR

#### 5 year dividend per share (EUR) history





#### Fortum – For a cleaner world

#### Megatrends

Climate change and resource efficiency
Urbanisation
Active customers
Digitalisation, new technologies



#### Mission

We engage our customers and society to drive the change towards a cleaner world. Our role is to accelerate this change by reshaping the energy system, improving resource efficiency and providing smart solutions. This way we deliver excellent shareholder value.

#### Strategy



Drive productivity and industry transformation



Grow in solar and wind



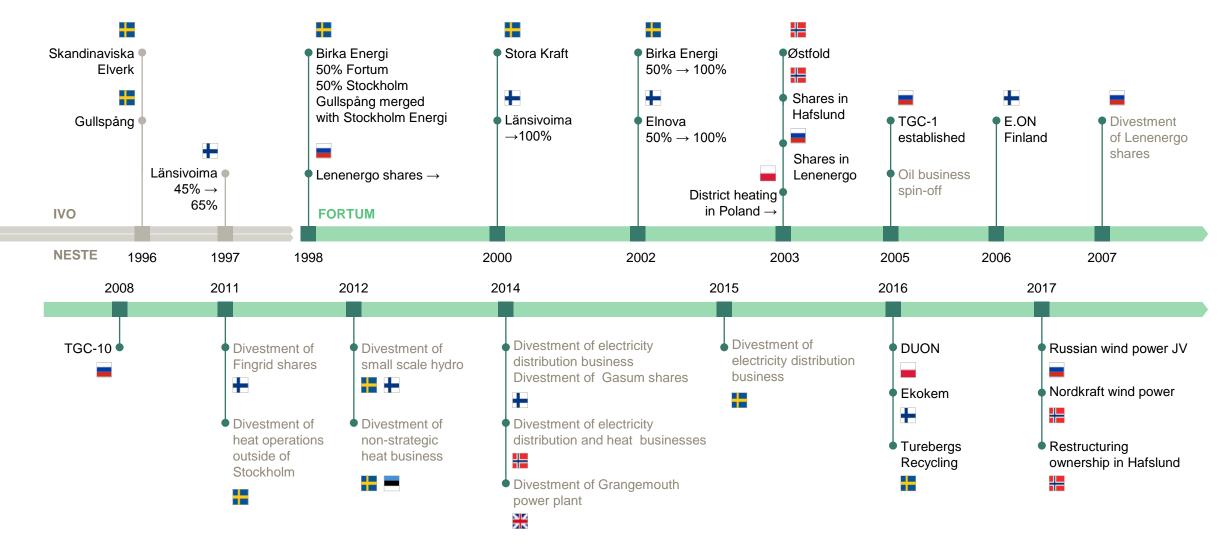
Create solutions for sustainable cities



Build new energy ventures



### Our strategic route





### Our current geographical presence



#### **NORDIC COUNTRIES**

Power generation **45.4 TWh** 

Heat sales

5.0 TWh

Electricity customers

2.4 million



#### **RUSSIA**

PAO Fortum

Power generation

26.3 TWh

Heat sales

19.8 TWh



Sales EUR 4.5 bn

Comparable

operating profit **EUR 0.8 bn** 

Balance sheet EUR 22 bn

Personnel 8,800



#### **POLAND**

Power generation

0.5 TWh

Heat sales

3.7 TWh



#### **BALTIC COUNTRIES**

Power generation

0.7 TWh

Heat sales

**1.4 TWh** 



#### INDIA

Power generation

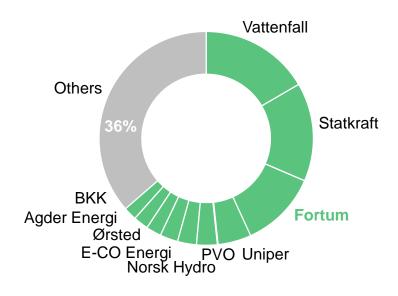
0.3 TWh



# Still a highly fragmented Nordic power market Fortum has largest electricity customer base in the Nordics

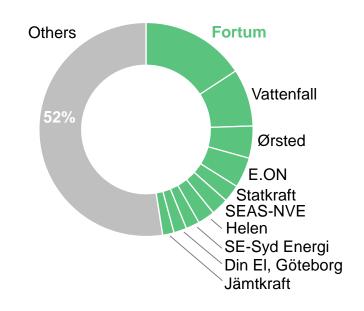
#### Power generation in 2016

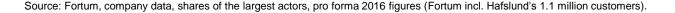
395 TWh >350 companies



#### **Electricity retail**

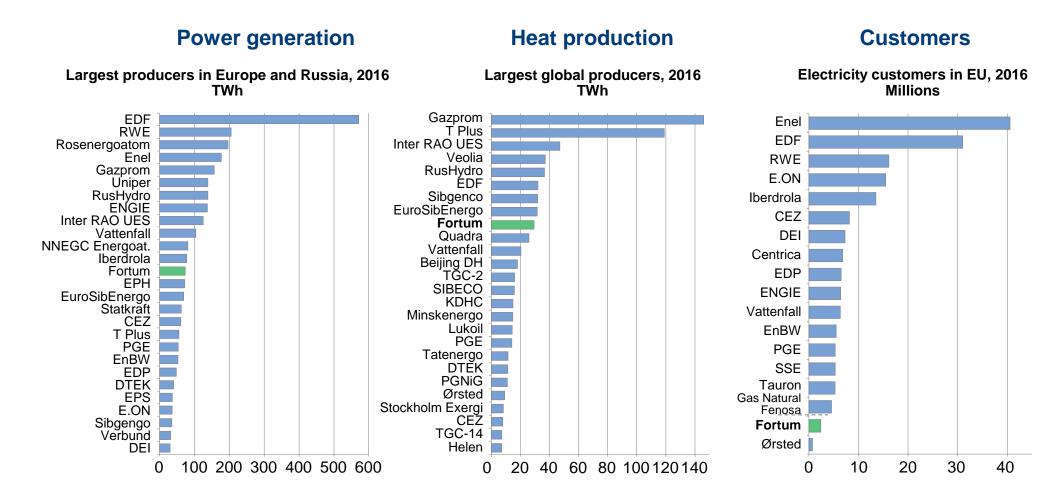
15 million customers ~350 companies





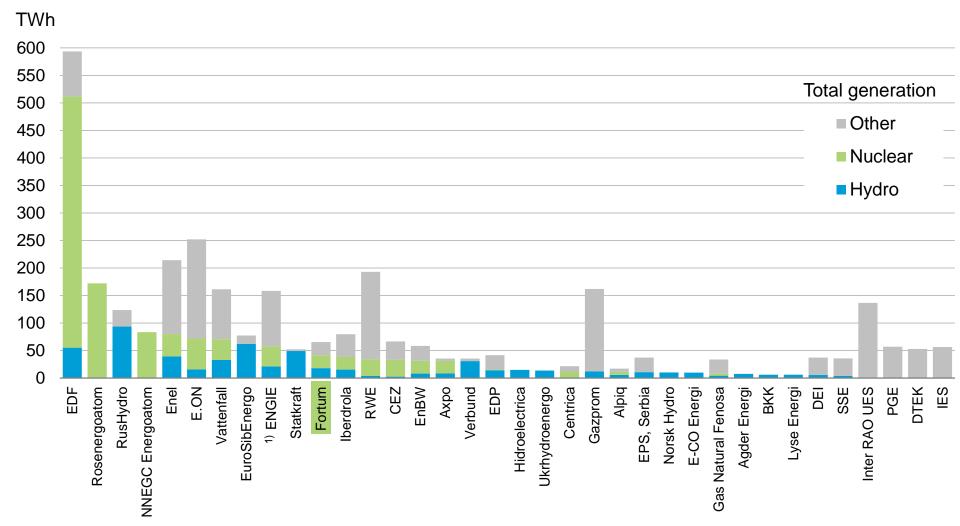


# Fortum mid-sized European power generation player; major producer in global heat





# Biggest nuclear and hydro generators in Europe and Russia



1) Formerly GDF SUEZ

Source: Company information, Fortum analyses, 2013 figures pro forma



## Fortum in the Nordic electricity value chain



Power generation

**e**fortum

NORD POOL

Nordic wholesale market



Power exchange and bilateral agreements

Large customers

Retail customers

Private customers, small businesses

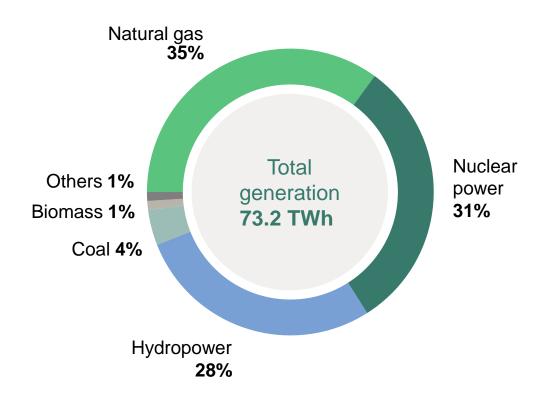




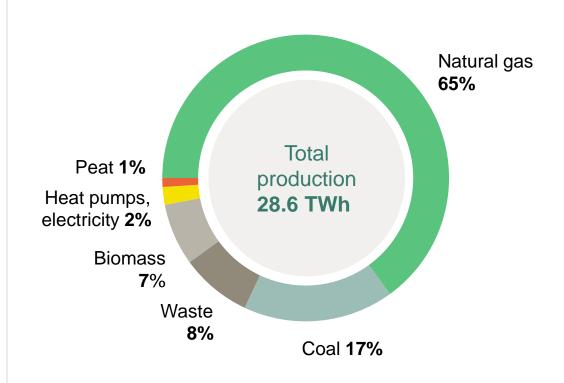


# Fortum's power and heat production by source

#### Fortum's power generation in 2017



#### Fortum's heat production in 2017

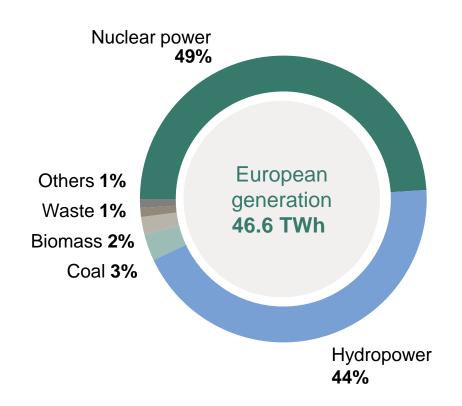


Note: Fortum's power generation capacity 13,722 MW and heat production capacity 14,765 MW

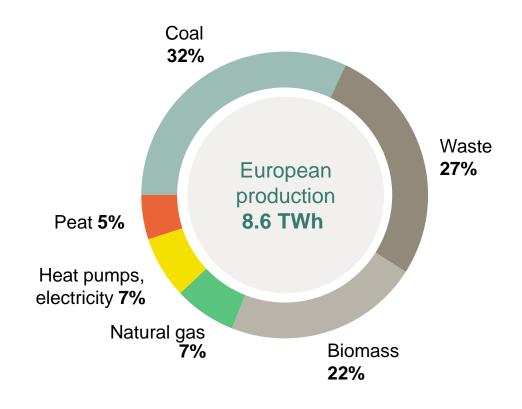


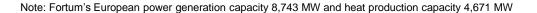
# Fortum's European power and heat production

#### Fortum's European power generation in 2017



#### Fortum's heat European production in 2017







# Fortum's Nordic, Baltic and Polish generation capacity

#### **GENERATION CAPACITY MW**

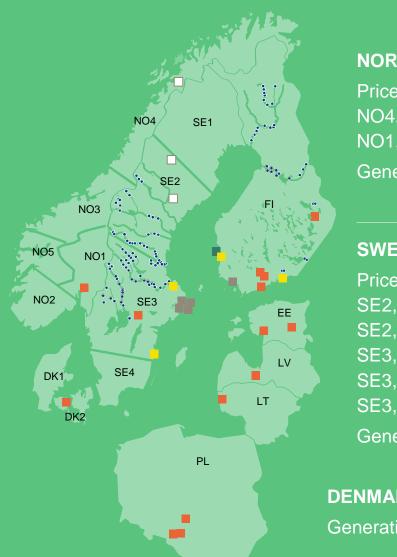
Hydro	4 672
Nuclear	2 814
■ CHP	774
Other thermal	376
Wind	107

8 743

Nordic, Baltic and Polish generation capacity

Figures 31 December 2017

Associated companies' plants (not included in the MWs) Stockholm Exergi (Former Fortum Värme), Stockholm; TSE, Naantali



NORWAY	MW
Price areas	
NO4, Wind	32
NO1, CHP	19
Generation capacity	51

SWEDEN	MW
Price areas	
SE2, Hydro	1 550
SE2, Wind	75
SE3, Hydro	1 575
SE3, Nuclear	1 334
SE3, CHP	9
Generation capacity	4 543

DENMARK, DK2	MW

Generation capacity, CHP 16

FINLAND	MW
Hydro	1 547
Nuclear	1 480
CHP	451
Other thermal	376
Generation capacity	3 854

BALTICS AND POLAND	MW
Generation capacity,	СНР
in Estonia	49
in Latvia	26
in Lithuania	18
in Poland	186



## Fortum a forerunner in sustainability

We engage our customers and society to drive the change towards a cleaner world. Our role is to accelerate this change by reshaping the energy system, improving resource efficiency and providing smart solutions. This way we deliver excellent shareholder value.

- Fortum is listed in several sustainability indexes:
- CDP Nordic rating
- STOXX® Global ESG Leaders indices
- ECPI<sup>®</sup> Indices
- oekom
- OMX GES Sustainability Finland index
- Euronext Vigeo Eurozone 120 index









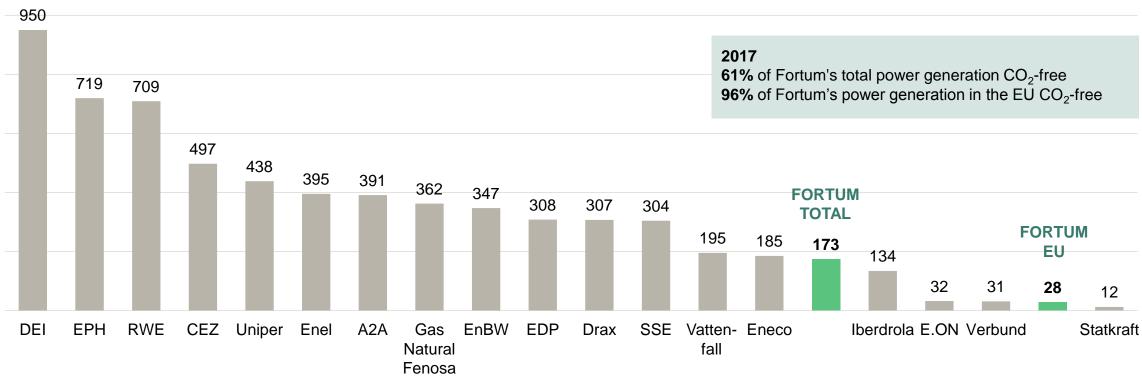






# Fortum's carbon exposure among the lowest in Europe

#### g CO<sub>2</sub>/kWh electricity, 2016



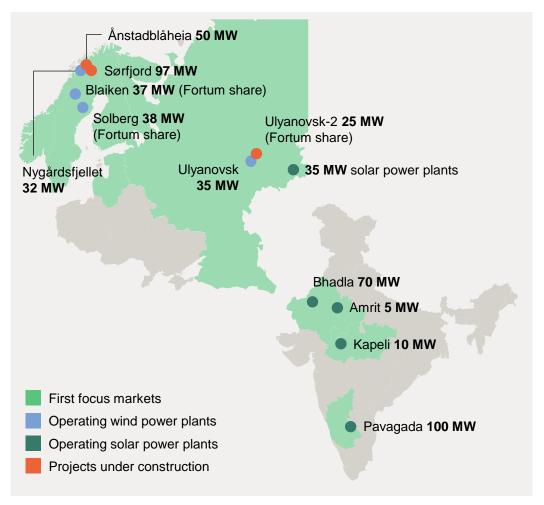
Note: All figures, except "Fortum total", include only European power generation.

Fortum's specific emissions of the power generation in 2017 in the EU were 28 g/kWh and in total 174 g/kWh, same as in the previous year.

Source: PwC, December 2017, Climate Change and Electricity (including those companies with data for power generation available only), Fortum



# Fortum is growing towards gigawatt scale target in solar and wind power production



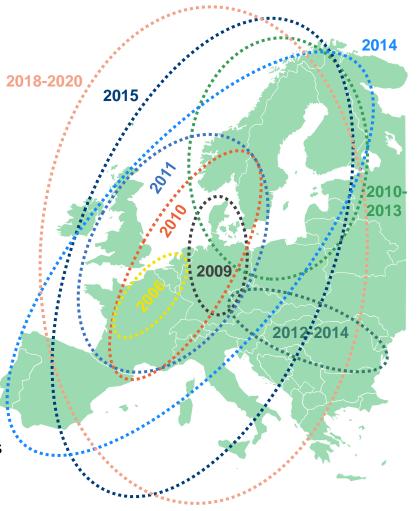
PORTFOLIO	TECHNOLOGY	STATUS	CAPACITY MW	FORTUM SHARE, MW	SUPPLY STARTS/ STARTED
NORWAY			179	179	
Nygårdsfjellet	Wind	Operational	32	32	2006 and 2011
Ånstadblåheia	Wind	Under construction	50	50	2018
Sørfjord	Wind	Under construction	97	97	2019
SWEDEN			323	75	
Blaiken	Wind	Operational	248	37 (15%)	2017*
Solberg	Wind	Operational	76	38 (50%)	2018
RUSSIA			1 070	570	
Bugulchanskaya	Solar	Operational	15	15	2016-2017
Pleshanovskaya	Solar	Operational	10	10	2017
Grachevskaya	Solar	Operational	10	10	2017
Ulyanovsk	Wind	Operational	35	35	2018
Ulyanovsk-2	Wind	Under construction	50	25 (50%)	2019
Rusnano JV	Wind	Under development	950	475 (50%)	2018-2022
INDIA			185	185	
Amrit	Solar	Operational	5	5	2012
Kapeli	Solar	Operational	10	10	2014
Bhadla	Solar	Operational	70	70	2017
Pavagada	Solar	Operational	100	100	2017
TOTAL PORTFOLIO			1 758	1 009	
		Under development	950	475	
		Under construction	197	172	
		Operational	611	362	

<sup>\*)</sup> Blaiken last stage IV inaugurated in 2017. NOTE: All figures in MWac and rounded to nearest megawatt. Additionally, target to invest 200 – 400 million euros in India solar and create partnership for operating assets.



# Market coupling milestones – Cross-border power flows optimised by power exchanges

- Market coupling between NL, BE and FR since 2006
- Germany Nord Pool coupling started 11/2009
- Market coupling for Central Western Europe (DE, FR, NL, BE) since 11/2010 with a continued coupling with Nord Pool. NorNed (NO-NL) and BritNed (UK-NL) included in 2011
- Nord Pool price area for Estonia in 2010, Lithuania in 2012 and Latvia in 2013. Poland coupled with Nord Pool since 2010
- Czech, Slovakia and Hungary coupled together since 2012. Romania joined in 2014
- A common day-ahead market coupling for the whole north-western Europe (incl. Spain & Portugal) was started in 2014. Italy and Slovenia joined in 2015. Ireland to join in 2018
- Flow-based cross-border capacity allocation for further trade optimisation taken into use in May 2015 for the CWE region. Nordic flow-based implementation planned for 2020
- CEE (Central Eastern Europe) market coupling region due to join latest in 2020 with flow-based capacity allocation. Switzerland waiting for agreement with the EU
- In addition to day-ahead coupling, European-wide intraday market coupling is due to start with Nordic, Baltic and Continental Western European markets in June 2018
- Balancing market integration under development as well, based on both regional projects and the EU Guideline on Electricity Balancing, in force since 18 December 2017

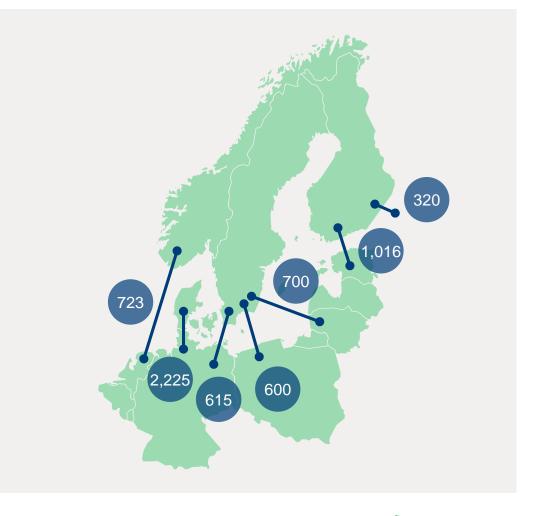




# Current transmission capacity from Nordic area is over 6,000 MW

COUNTRIES	TRANSMISSION CAPACITY MW		
	From Nordics	To Nordics	
Denmark - Germany	2,225	2,100	
Sweden - Germany	615	615	
Sweden - Poland	600	600	
Sweden - Lithuania	700	700	
Norway - Netherlands	723	723	
Finland - Estonia	1,016	1,016	
Finland - Russia	320	1,300	
Total	6,199	7,054	

- Theoretical maximum in transmission capacity ~40 TWh per annum, but restrictions especially between DK & DE
- Net export from the Nordic area to Continental Europe and Baltics during year 2017 was 9 TWh
- Net export was 18 TWh in 2015 and 10 TWh in 2016
- Approximately 25 TWh of net export is now reachable





# Nordic, Baltic, Continental and UK markets are integrating – Interconnection capacity will double by 2023

The Northern Seas Offshore Grid and the Baltic Energy Market Integration Plan are included as priority electricity corridors in EU's Infrastructure Guidelines, approved in April 2013

- 1 Two 1,400 MW NO-UK links as EU Projects of Common Interest: NSL to England due to be ready in 2021, NorthConnect to Scotland still requiring Norwegian permission
- 2 1,400 MW NordLink as first direct NO-DE link is being built by end-2019
- 3 1,400 MW DK-UK Viking Link under final permitting in the UK, with commissioning timetable to be determined in spring 2018
- 4 700 MW COBRAcable from DK to NL due to be ready in March 2019
- 5 Jutland DE capacity planned to grow by 860 MW in 2020, with further 1,000 MW increase in 2022

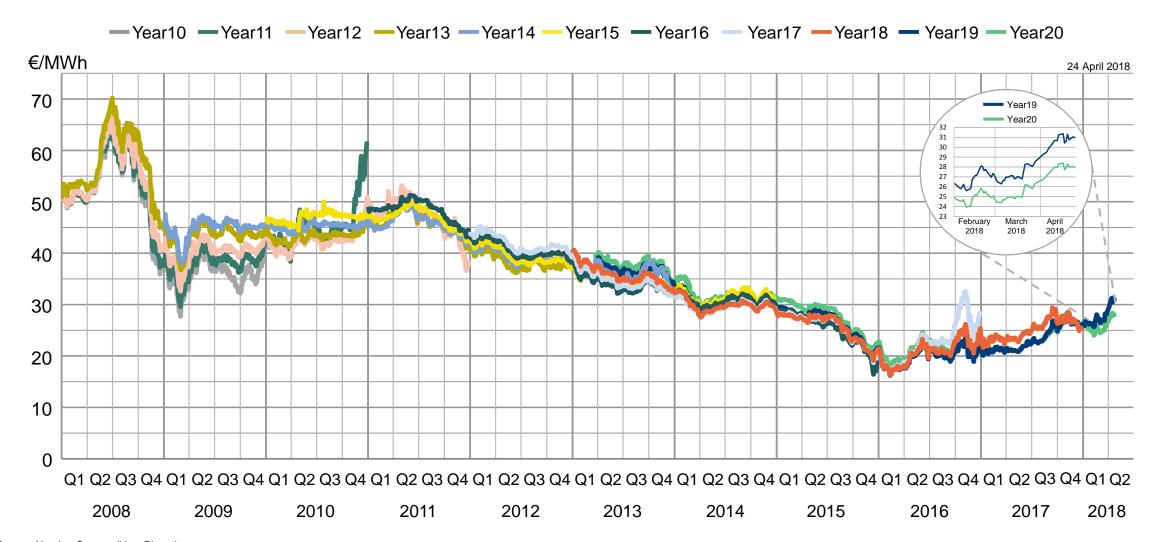


- New internal Nordic grid investments provide for increased available capacity for export to the Continent and Baltics
- 6 EU's Connecting Europe Facility co-financing 3<sup>rd</sup> EE-LV transmission line, due to be ready in 2020
- 7 Svenska Kraftnät and 50Hertz signed 1/2017 a cooperation agreement on building the 700 MW Hansa PowerBridge DC link between Sweden and Germany by 2025/26
- 8 New 400 MW Zealand DE connection via Kriegers Flak offshore wind area by end-2018





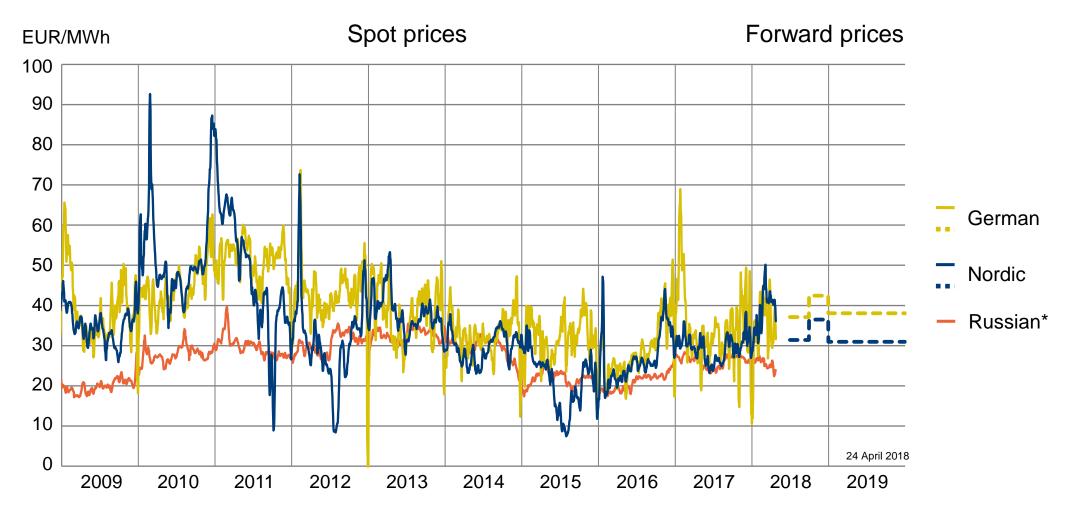
# **Nordic year forwards**



Source: Nasdaq Commodities, Bloomberg



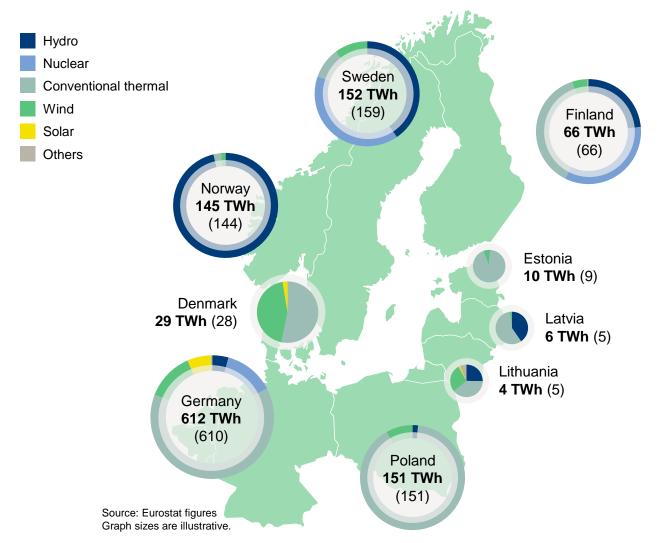
# Wholesale power prices



<sup>\*)</sup> Including weighted average capacity price Source: Nord Pool, Nasdaq Commodities, Bloomberg Finance LP, ATS, NP "Market Council", Fortum



# Power Generation in the Baltic Rim in 2016 (2015)



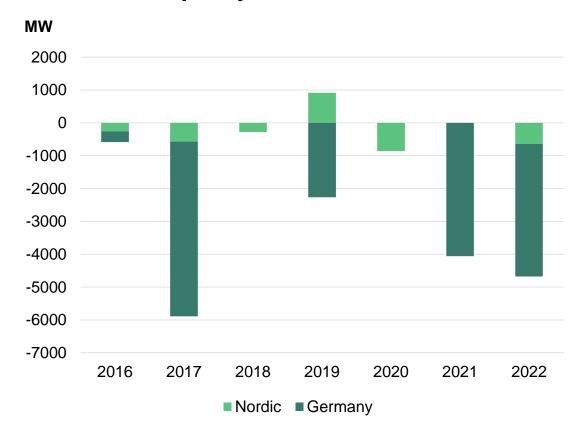
	NORDICS		BALTICS	
2016	TWh	%	TWh	%
Hydro	*217	55	4	18
Nuclear	83	21	-	-
Conv. thermal	58	15	15	72
Wind	33	9	2	9
Solar	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.2
Others	0	0	0.3	1
Total generation	392		21	
	Net export 4 TWh		Net import 7 TWh	

<sup>\*)</sup> Normal annual Nordic hydro generation 200 TWh, variation +/- 40 TWh.



## Northern European conventional capacity decreasing

# Estimated annual net changes in nuclear and thermal capacity

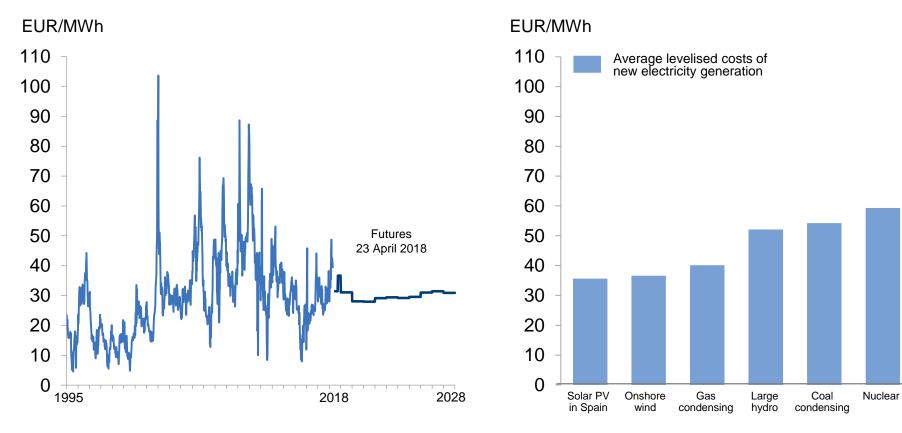


DATE	CAPACITY	AREA	UNIT/ TRANSMISSION	COMMENT
1.10.2017	-562 MW	DE	Frimmersdorf P & Q	Moved to "Lignite reserve" for 4 years, operational within 10 days notice period. Decommissioning in 1.10.2021.
31.12.2017	-1344 MW	DE	Gundremmingen B	Decommissioning; German nuclear phase-out
1.12.2017	+1200 MW	SE3- SE4	Transmission	Commissioning Sydvästlänken in two steps between, Dec 2017 and Mar 2018. Project is significantly delayed, further delays possible.
1.1.2018	≈ 500 MW	DK1- DE	Transmission	Lowest available capacity will be increased to 700 MW, available capacity during last years has been ca 200 MW
during 2018	+ 1100 MW	DE	Datteln 4	Uniper's coal condensing unit; targeted commissioning mid-2018.
1.10.2018	- 1100 MW	DE	Lignite reseve	Niederaußem E & F and Jänschwalde F moved to lignite reserve
31.12.2018	-280 MW	NO2	Mongstad CHP	The CHP at Mongstad is phased out following several years of unprofitable operations.
31.12.2018	+0-400 MW	DK2- DE	Kriegers Flak	Offshore connection between DK2 and DE used for both grid connection of offshore wind farms and interconnection.
31.5.2019	+ 1600 MW	FI	Olkiluoto 3	The previously announced commissioning date in the end of 2018 has been delayed to May 2019.
30.3.2019	+700 MW	DK1- NL	Transmission	Cobra cable: trial operation of the interconnector is expected to begin in Q1 2019
30.6.2019	-854 MW	SE3	Ringhals 2	Decommissioning
14.6.2020	-856 MW	SE3	Ringhals 1	Decommissioning

Estimated capacity changes based on publically announced information from various stakeholders



### Wholesale electricity price too low to attract investments



Source: Nord Pool, Nasdag Commodities

Commodity prices are forward prices as of April 2018, extended with inflation

NOTE: The presented figures are calculated based on data from recent public reports and do not represent Fortum's view. Average achieved price (€/MWh) for the production type depends on availability and flexibility. There are large variations in the cost of hydro, wind and solar depending on location and conditions.



Offshore

#### Overview of Fortum's nuclear fleet

	LOVIISA	OLKILUOTO	OSKARSHAMN	FORSMARK
Commercial operation started	Unit 1: 1977 Unit 2: 1981	Unit 1: 1978 Unit 2: 1980 Unit 3: (Under construction)	Unit 1: 1972 (out of oper.) Unit 2: 1974 (out of oper.) Unit 3: 1985	Unit 1: 1980 Unit 2: 1981 Unit 3: 1985
Generation Capacity  Fortum's share	Unit 1: 507 MW Unit 2: 502 MW Total: 1009 MW	Unit 1: 880 MW Unit 2: 890 MW (Unit 3: 1,600 MW) Total: 1,770 MW (3,370) 27% 470 MW	Unit 1: 473 MW Unit 2: 638 MW Unit 3: 1,400 MW Total: 1,400 MW 43% 602 MW	Unit 1: 984 MW Unit 2: 1,120 MW Unit 3: 1,167 MW Total: 3,271 MW 22% 727 MW
Yearly production Fortum's share of production	8 TWh 8 TWh	13 TWh 4 TWh	9 TWh 4 TWh	24 TWh 5 TWh
Share of Fortum's Nordic production	19%	9%	11%	13%
Majority owner Fortum's share	Fortum	Pohjolan Voima 26.6%	Uniper 43.4%	Vattenfall 22.2%
Operated by	Fortum	Teollisuuden Voima (TVO)	OKG Aktiebolag	Forsmarks Kraftgrupp

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES**

Loviisa: Fortum is the owner, licensee and operator with all the responsibilities specified in the Nuclear Energy Act, Nuclear Liability Act, and other relevant nuclear legislation

Other units: Fortum is solely an owner with none of the responsibilities assigned to the licensee in the nuclear legislation. Other responsibilities are specified in the Companies Act and the Articles of Association and are mostly financial.



### Fortum's nuclear power in the Nordics

LOAD FACTOR (%)	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Oskarshamn 1*	80	51	63	85	68	77	72	1	12	74	60	81	82
Oskarshamn 2	90	78	76	86	75	90	77	81	33	0	0	0	0
Oskarshamn 3	85	95	88	70	17	31	68	69	77	75	79	83	77
Forsmark 1	85	76	81	88	88	93	79	88	87	94	79	95	88
Forsmark 2	94	72	85	79	64	38	94	82	89	89	91	75	82
Forsmark 3	95	92	88	69	86	81	85	93	88	83	58	82	86
Loviisa 1	95	93	94	86	96	93	94	84	92	92	93	88	93
Loviisa 2	95	88	96	93	95	89	94	91	93	89	92	93	93
Olkiluoto 1	98	94	97	94	97	92	95	90	97	94	96	91	93
Olkiluoto 2	94	97	94	97	95	95	91	96	93	97	89	94	81



<sup>\*)</sup> O1 was shut down for decommissioning earlier as originally announced, starting 17.6.2017.

Finnish units world class in availability

Overview of production and consumption:

www.fortum.com/investors - energy related links





### Variety of technologies and ages

UNIT	MWE (NET)	SHARE (%)	SHARE (MWE)	COMMERCIAL OPERATION	AGE	TYPE/ GENERATION	SUPPLIER
Loviisa 1	507	100,0	507	1977-05-09	40	PWR / 1	AEE (Atomenergoexport) AEE (Atomenergoexport)
Loviisa 2	502	100,0	502	1981-01-05	36	PWR / 1	
Olkiluoto 1 Olkiluoto 2 Olkiluoto 3	880 890 (1,600)	26,6 26,6 25,0	234 237 (400)	1979-10-10 1982-07-10 (May 2019)	38 35	BWR/3 BWR/3 PWR/3	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval Areva / Siemens
Oskarshamn 1	473	43,4	205	1972-02-06	45	BWR/1	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval
Oskarshamn 2	638	43,4	277	1975-01-01	42	BWR/2	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval
Oskarshamn 3	1,400	43,4	607	1985-08-15	<b>32</b>	BWR/4	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval
Forsmark 1	984	23,4	230	1980-12-10	37	BWR/3	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval
Forsmark 2	1,120	23,4	262	1981-07-07	36	BWR/3	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval
Forsmark 3	1,167	20,1	236	1985-08-18	32	BWR/4	Asea-Atom / Stal-Laval

<sup>1)</sup> Generation refers to technical resemblence based on KSU classification and not to reactor design generations. All reactors are of Generation II except Olkiluoto-3 (EPR) which is of Generation III.

#### Planned capacity increase:

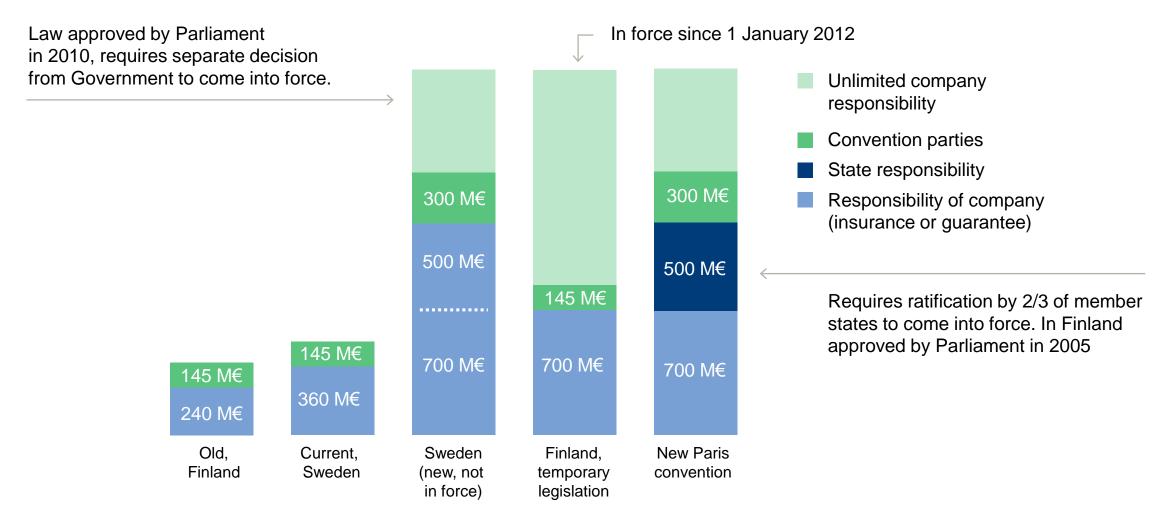
Forsmark 1, potential capacity increase of total ~110 MW in 2018-2020.

#### **Closing of the units:**

- OKG AB's Extraordinary shareholders' meeting decided on 14 October 2015 on the closure of Oskarshamn nuclear power plant units 1 and 2 in Sweden.
- Unit 1 was taken out of operation on June 17, 2017. Unit 2 has been out of operation since June 2013 due to an extensive safety modernisation, and it will not be put back into operation. The closing process for both units is estimated to take several years.
- PWR = (Pressurized Water Reactor) The most common reactor type in the world (e.g. all French units, most US units). Also the Loviisa units are PWRs, but based on Russian design. High pressure prevents water from boiling in the reactor. The steam rotating the turbine is generated in separate steam generators.
- BWR = (Boiling Water Reactor) Similar to the PWR in many ways, but the steam is generated directly in the reactor. Popular reactor type e.g. in Sweden, the US and Japan.



### Third party nuclear liability in case of severe accident





## Fortum - a major player in Russia

#### **PAO Fortum (former TGC-10)**

- Operates in the heart of Russia's oil and gas producing region, fleet mainly gas-fired CHP capacity
- 26 TWh power generation, 20 TWh heat production in 2017 Investment programme to add 85%, almost 2,200 MW to power generation capacity

#### TGC-1

- 29.5% of territorial generating company TGC-1 operating in north-west Russia
- ~7,000 MW electricity production capacity (more than 40% hydro),
   ~27 TWh electricity, ~29 TWh heat in 2017
- In December 2014, Fortum and Gazprom Energoholding signed a protocol to start a restructuring process of TGC-1. Currently Gazprom Energoholding owns 51.8% of the TGC-1 shares and Fortum 29.5%. As part of the restructuring, Fortum will establish a joint venture together with Rosatom to own the hydro assets of TGC-1, while Gazprom Energoholding continues with the heat and thermal power businesses of TGC-1. By utilising its present stake in TGC-1, Fortum would obtain a 75-plus-percent ownership in the new hydro power company, and Rosatom a 25-minus-percent minority holding.
- In October 2015, Fortum announced that the discussions related to the potential restructuring of TGC-1 will continue, and it is not possible to estimate the time schedule or outcome of the discussions.





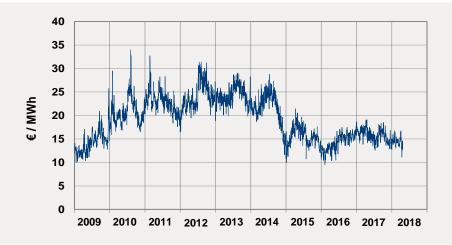
## Day ahead wholesale market prices in Russia

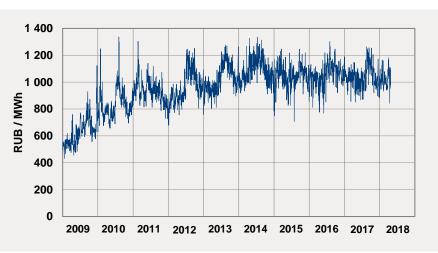
#### Key electricity, capacity and gas prices in the PAO Fortum area

	I/18	l/17	2017	LTM
Electricity spot price (market price), Urals hub, RUB/MWh	1,011	1,034	1,041	1,035
Average regulated gas price, Urals region, RUB 1000 m <sup>3</sup>	3,755	3,614	3,685	3,720
Average capacity price for CCS "old capacity", tRUB/MW/month	158	157	148	148
Average capacity price for CSA "new capacity", tRUB/MW/month	1,147	980	899	943
Average capacity price, tRUB/MW/month	661	585	535	556
Achieved power price for Fortum in Russia, RUB/MWh	1,872	1,868	1,813	1,817
Achieved power price for Fortum in Russia, EUR/MWh	26.8	29.8	27.5	26.7

# Day ahead power market prices for Urals

Source: ATS In addition to the power price generators receive a capacity payment.







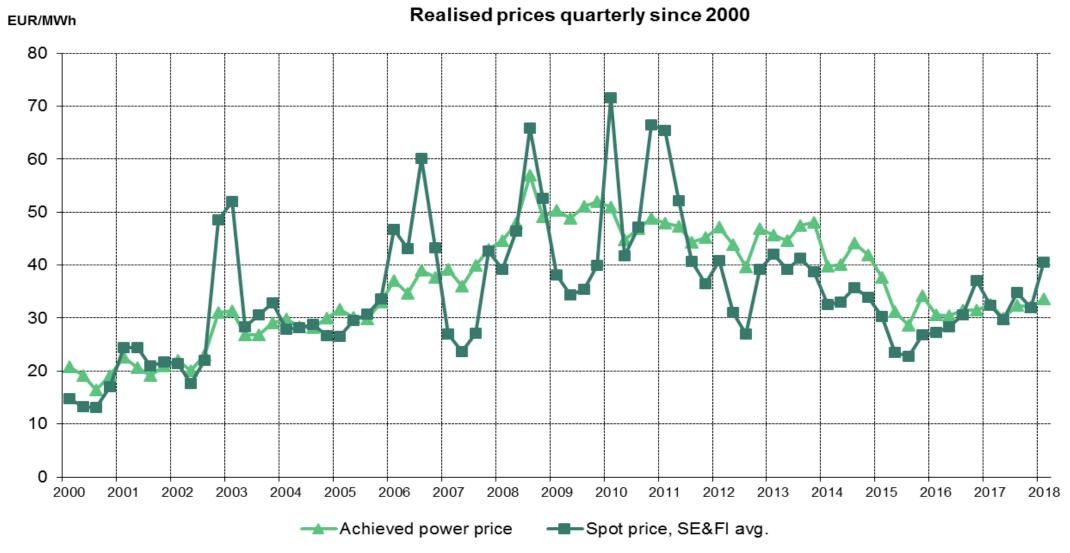
# Thermal power generation capacity in Russia at 31.12.2017

YEAR	SUPPLY STARTS	POWER PLANT	FUEL TYPE	CCS CAPACITY	CSA CAPACITY	PRODUCTION TYPE	TOTAL CAPACITY
< 2011		Tyumen CHP-2	Gas	755		CHP/Condensing	755
		Chelyabinsk CHP-2	Gas, coal	320		CHP/Condensing	320
		Argayash CHP	Gas, coal	195		CHP/Condensing	195
		Chelyabinsk CHP-1	Gas, coal	134		CHP/Condensing	134
2011	Feb/2011	Tyumen CHP-1	Gas	450	210	CHP/Condensing	660
	Jun/2011	Chelyabinsk CHP-3	Gas	360	233	CHP/Condensing	593
	Oct/2011	Tobolsk CHP*	Gas	452	213	CHP/Condensing	665*
2013	Apr/2013	Nyagan 1 GRES	Gas		453	Condensing	453
	Dec/2013	Nyagan 2 GRES	Gas		453	Condensing	453
2015	Jan/2015	Nyagan 3 GRES	Gas		455	Condensing	455
	Dec/2015	Chelyabinsk GRES	Gas		247	CHP/Condensing	247
2016	Mar/2016	Chelyabinsk GRES	Gas		248	CHP/Condensing	248
2017	Dec/2017	Chelyabinsk GRES	Gas	248		CHP/CCGT	248

2,462 MW 2,298 MW 4,760 MW

<sup>\*)</sup> Tobolsk power plant was sold in Q1/2016

# Hedging improves stability and predictability







# **Strong performance in Q1 2018**

- Increased wholesale power prices in the Nordics
  - Cold weather in February and March
  - Lower than normal precipitation
- EU Emission Trading Scheme (ETS) starting to deliver
  - Higher CO<sub>2</sub> emission allowance prices
- Comparable EBITDA +27% at EUR 538 million
- Comparable operating profit +29% at EUR 405 million
- EPS at EUR 0.43 (0.38)
- 47.12% of Uniper shares tendered in the PTO
  - Transaction awaiting regulatory approval in EU and Russia
- Balance sheet discipline going forward





# Investment in Uniper awaiting the regulatory approvals in the EU and Russia

- Strategic rational for the investment in Uniper:
  - Uniper's businesses are aligned with our core competences, close to our home markets and highly cash generative
  - Uniper and Fortum have a mutually complementary, strategic mix of assets and expertise to actively drive Europe's transition towards a low-carbon and secure energy system
  - Fortum sees good cooperation opportunities with Uniper to create value for all stakeholders
- Regulatory approvals
  - EU and Russia
  - Expected mid-2018
- Financing of the investment
  - Cash resources and committed credit facilities
- Financial impact
  - Associated company
  - EPS contribution through Fortum's share of Uniper's profit
  - Uniper dividend to strengthen Fortum's cash flow



# **Improved Nordic market conditions**



- Increased electricity consumption due to cold weather in February and March, 121 (113) TWh
- Nordic precipitation clearly below normal in Q1
- System spot price improved to 38.6 (31.1)
   EUR/MWh
  - Finnish area price at 42.0 (32.9) EUR/MWh and Swedish (SE3) area price 39.0 (31.8) EUR/MWh
- Clearly higher market price for CO<sub>2</sub> emission allowances (EUA)
  - Increase to EUR 13.3/t at the end of Q1 2018 from EUR 8.1/t at the beginning of 2017

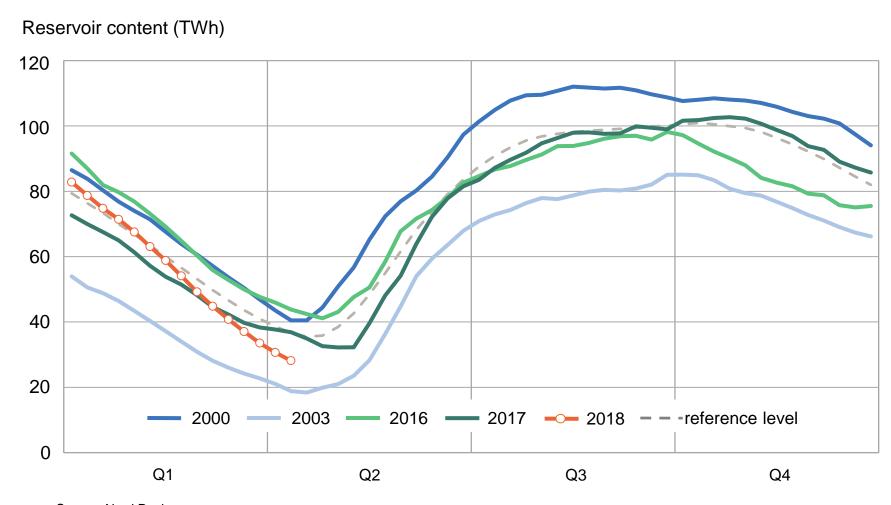


### Russia

- Electricity consumption slightly higher, 289 (283) TWh
  - First price zone (Fortum's operating area) at 220 (217) TWh
- Average electricity spot price flat in Urals hub

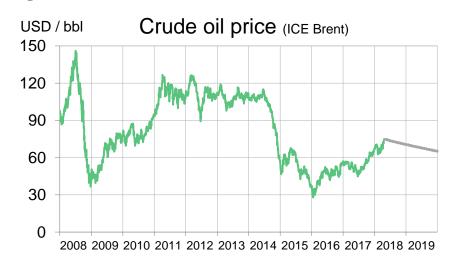


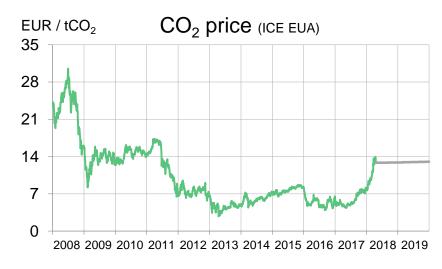
# Nordic water reservoirs clearly below normal level



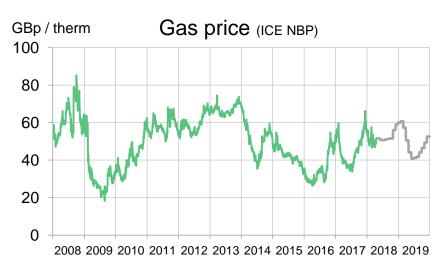


# CO<sub>2</sub> price reached a 7-year high while coal and gas prices slightly declined



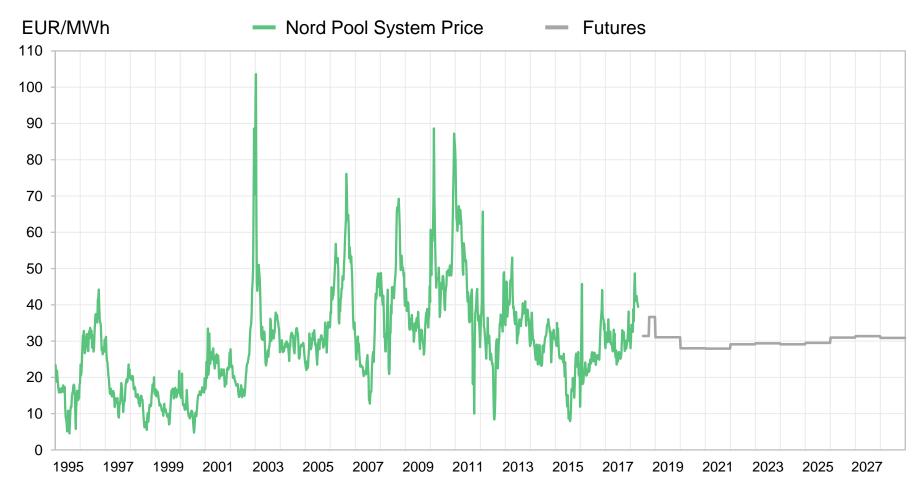


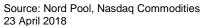






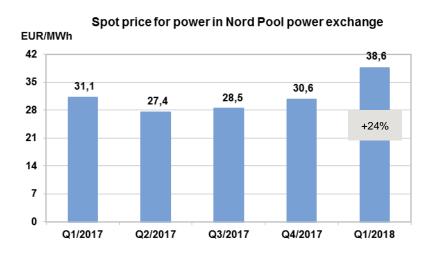
# Wholesale power price recovery from low level continued - still room for improvement

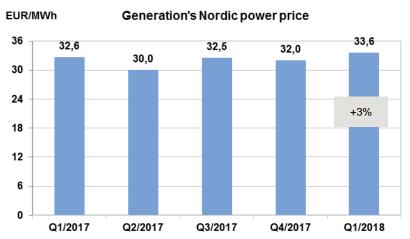




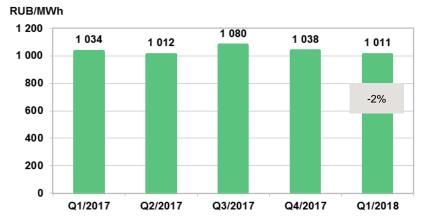


# Higher power prices in the Nordics due to cold and dry weather

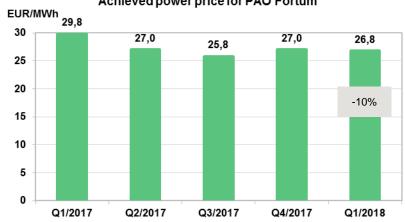




#### Spot price for power (market price), Urals hub



#### Achieved power price for PAO Fortum



Changes refer to year-on-year difference (Q1 2018 versus Q1 2017) NOTE: Achieved power price in roubles increased 0%, Includes capacity income



# Key figures in Q1 2018

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	1,585	1,232	4,520	4,873
Comparable EBITDA	538	423	1,275	1,390
Comparable operating profit	405	313	811	903
Operating profit	482	389	1,158	1,251
Share of profits of associates and joint ventures	47	59	148	136
Profit before income taxes	493	412	1,111	1,192
Earnings per share, EUR	0.43	0.38	0.98	1.03
Net cash from operating activities	273	282	993	984

- Improved comparable operating profit, +29%
  - Higher hydro volumes and higher achieved power price, lower Swedish taxes, and positive impact from Hafslund consolidation





## Generation

- Increased sales due to higher than normal hydro volumes and higher achieved power price
- Clearly improved comparable operating profit, +62%
  - Higher than normal hydro power volumes
  - Higher achieved power price due to cold and dry weather
  - Lower real-estate and capacity taxes in Sweden
  - Good nuclear availability, but lower nuclear volumes due to closure of Oskarshamn 1

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	497	474	1,677	1,700
Comparable EBITDA	252	166	603	689
Comparable operating profit	220	136	478	562
Comparable net assets	5,698	5,823	5,672	
Comparable RONA %			8.4	9.8
Gross investments	38	24	264	278





## **City Solutions**

- Higher heat sales driven by cold weather and consolidation of Fortum Oslo Varme (Hafslund)
- Clearly improved comparable operating profit, +55%
  - Consolidation of Fortum Oslo Varme had a positive effect of EUR 32 million
  - Higher heat sales, offset by unfavorable fuel mix and higher fuel prices and lower power plant availability in Finland

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	375	290	1,015	1,100
Comparable EBITDA	129	94	262	297
Comparable operating profit	87	56	98	129
Comparable net assets	3,718	2,894	3,728	
Comparable RONA %			5.5	6.1
Gross investments	29	21	556	564





## **Consumer Solutions**

- Higher sales driven by the Hafslund consolidation and cold weather
- Comparable operating profit, +42%
  - Consolidation of Hafslund had a positive impact of EUR 13 million
  - Competitive situation in the Nordics continued to be challenging
  - Offset by higher power purchase costs due to cold weather, lower gas sales margins in Poland, and amended service agreements for the divested distribution companies
  - Q1 2017: positive contribution from gas distribution DUON (divested in July 2017)

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	547	242	1,097	1,402
Comparable EBITDA	31	14	57	74
Comparable operating profit	17	12	41	46
Comparable net assets	792	158	638	
Customer base, million	2.49	1.36	2.49	
Gross investments	10	2	493	501





## Russia

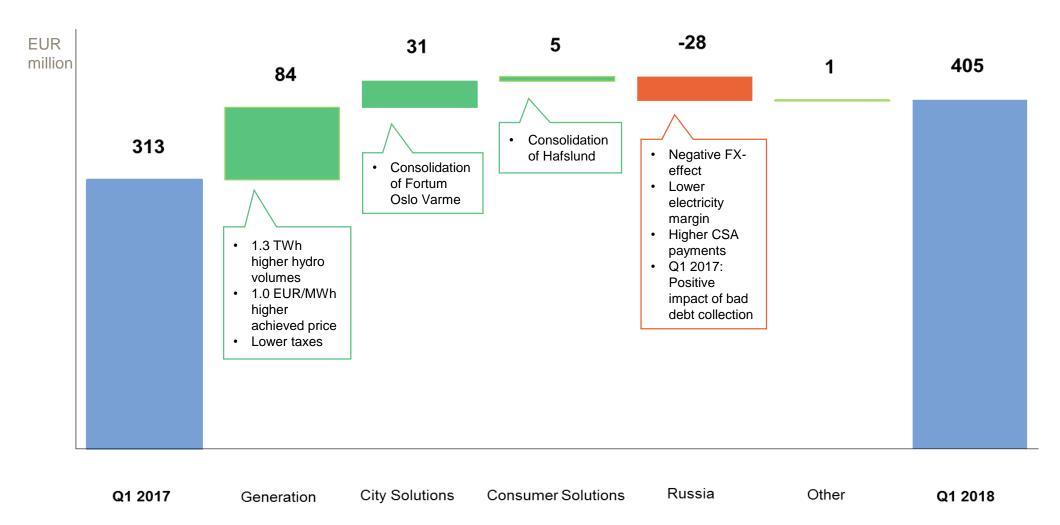
- Sales in euros decreased due to weaker rouble
  - Positive impact from new capacity from Chelyabinsk GRES 3, good availability and cold weather
- Comparable operating profit decreased, -21%
  - EUR -12 million impact of weakened rouble against euro
  - Lower electricity margins
  - Positive impact from higher CSA payments and contribution from new units
  - Q1 2017: included a positive one-time impact from bad debt collection

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	336	349	1,101	1,088
Comparable EBITDA	142	168	438	412
Comparable operating profit	104	132	296	268
Comparable net assets	3,091	3,520	3,161	
Comparable RONA %			10.1	9.4
Gross investments	16	32	277	261





# Q1 2018 comparable operating profit positively impacted by higher hydro volumes and achieved price





## **Income statement**

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Sales	1,585	1,232	4,520	4,873
Other income and expenses	-1,180	-919	-3,709	-3,970
Comparable operating profit	405	313	811	903
Items affecting comparability	77	76	347*)	348*)
Operating profit	482	389	1,158	1,251
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	47	59	148	136
Finance costs, net	-36	-36	-195	-195
Profit before income taxes	493	412	1,111	1,192
Income tax expense	-94	-72	-229	-251
Net profit	400	340	882	942
EPS (EUR)	0.43	0.38	0.98	1.03

<sup>\*)</sup> Hafslund sales gain of EUR 324 million



## **Cash flow statement**

MEUR	Q1/2018	Q1/2017	2017	LTM
Comparable EBITDA	538	423	1,275	1,390
Realised FX gains/losses	42	-58	-83	17
Paid net financial costs, income taxes and other	-107	-95	-281	-292
Change in working capital	-200	12	81	-131
of which change of settlements for futures	-91	19	141	31
Net cash from operating activities	273	282	993	984
Cash used in investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	-133	-180	-657	-610
Acquisitions of shares	-18	-26	-972	-964
Divestments of shares	0	0	741	741
Change in cash collaterals	-63	182	-3	-248
Other investing activities	1	23	85	62
Cash flow from investing activities	-213	-1	-807	-1,019
Cash flow before financing activities	60	280	187	-33

- Stronger EBITDA and lower capital expenditures increased the generated cash-flow by EUR 162 million
- Positive impact of EUR 100 million on hedging internal loans to Russian and Swedish subsidiaries due to realised FX compared to Q1 2017
- Due to higher power prices, settlements and collaterals related to commodity exchanges for Generation negatively impacted cash-flow by EUR 355 million compared to Q1 2017



## Strong financial position

# - financial headroom enables the Uniper investment

	LTM	2017	TARGET
Comparable EBITDA, MEUR	1,390	1,275	
Interest-bearing net debt, MEUR	899	988	
Comparable net debt/EBITDA ratio	0.6x	0.8x	Around 2.5x
Return on capital employed (ROCE), %	7.7*	7.1*	At least 10%

\*) Includes sales gain of Hafslund shares

Liquid funds EUR 3.5 billion

Committed credit lines EUR 1.8 billion

Committed credit facility for the Uniper acquisition EUR 3.8 billion



# Focus on balance sheet and cash flow discipline to maintain financial flexibility

# 1. Investment scrutiny

 Capital expenditure to be scrutinised with strategic prioritisation for both maintenance and growth initiatives

## 2. Business focus

 Assessment of the future of non-core assets to streamline operations

# 3. Efficiency improvements

 Continued cost consciousness with efficiency improvements and fixed cost scrutiny



## Outlook



~65% hedged at EUR 27 per MWh, for remainder of 2018

~45% at EUR 26 per MWh, for 2019

2018 Estimated annual capital expenditure, including maintenance and excluding acquisitions

EUR 600-700 million

Targeted cost synergies of Hafslund transaction EUR 15-20 million gradually materialising 2019-2020

City Solutions: EUR 5-10 million

Consumer Solutions: ~EUR 10 million

## **Taxation**

Effective tax rate for 2018 for the Group 19-21%

In Sweden nuclear capacity tax abolished from 2018 and hydro assets' real estate tax rate to decrease over a four-year period

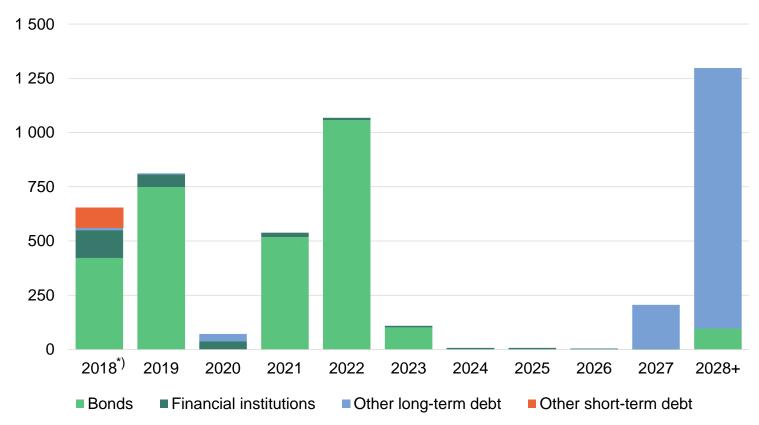
## **Demand growth**

Electricity demand in the Nordics is expected to grow by ~0.5% on average



## Balanced debt portfolio and average interest rate

## Maturity profile as of 31 March 2018



<sup>\*)</sup> In addition Fortum has received EUR 98 million based on Credit Support Annex agreements with several counterparties. This amount has been booked as a short term liability.

# Total interest-bearing debt of EUR 4,403 million

- Average interest rate of 3.4% (2017: 3.6%)
- Portfolio mainly in EUR and SEK with average interest cost 2.3% (2017: 2.4%)
- EUR 775 million (2017: 773) swapped to RUB, average interest cost including cost for hedging 8.6% (2017: 9.5%)



# **Transaction highlights**

### **Agreement with E.ON**

Fortum and E.ON have signed a transaction agreement regarding E.ON's 46.65% shareholding in Uniper

E.ON has the right to tender into the offer in early 2018 at the same total value as all other shareholders

If E.ON does not tender its shares:

- Fortum will have the right to sell to E.ON any Uniper shares acquired in connection with the offer
- Fortum will receive a compensation payment from E.ON of 20% to 40% of the total equity value of E.ON's stake in Uniper

## **Key offer terms**

Fortum has launched an all cash offer for all outstanding Uniper shares

- Total value of EUR 22 per share, which includes an expected dividend of Uniper of EUR 0.69 per share for 2017
  - 36% premium to the price at the end of May, prior to speculation on a potential transaction
  - 120% premium to the initial trading price post spin-off
- No minimum acceptance threshold
- Offer will be subject to competition and regulatory approvals
- Offer provides immediate and certain value to Uniper shareholders

Total value corresponds to a total equity value of approximately EUR 3.76 billion for E.ON's 46.65% shareholding in Uniper and approximately EUR 8.05 billion for 100% of Uniper shares

### **Financials**

Offer financed by existing cash resources and committed credit facilities

Barclays originally underwrote 100% of credit facilities, including ongoing liquidity requirements; syndicated in Oct 2017

Fortum will account for Uniper as an associated company unless control according to IFRS is attained

EBITDA, cash flow and EPS effect on Fortum's results will depend on the final outcome of the offer



# Uniper and Fortum – two highly complementary businesses

Hydro

Nordic nuclear

Russia

European generation

Renewables, waste and consumer business

Trading and mid-stream gas business

## uni per

3.6 GW of which 1.6 GW in Sweden and2.0 GW in Germany

1.9 GW Swedish nuclear portfolio

10.7 GW power production portfolio, among most efficient operators

~22 GW power production portfolio in Central Europe and UK

Wind and solar in France, limited biomass

Large power and fuel trading, significant mid-stream assets

## **C**fortum

4.6 GW Nordic hydro portfolio

3.0 GW Nordic nuclear portfolio, world class track record in availability

4.5 GW power and 9.9 GW heat portfolio and strong renewables pipeline, most modern fleet

Growing power and heat player in Poland

Growing in wind and solar, among EU's largest bioenergy companies, strong growth in waste, consumer business and e-mobility

Strong competence in asset optimization and trading

Note: Uniper capacities presented represent accounting view.



## An attractive investment for Fortum shareholders

## Delivers on Fortum's, disciplined capital redeployment strategy and investment criteria

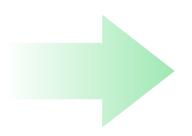
#### **UNIPER HAS A:**

Strong EBITDA

Strong operating profit

Strong net profit

Strong dividends



BROKER CONSENSUS MEDIAN FOR 2018 1)	
Adj. EBITDA	1,585
Adj. EBIT	960
Net profit	646
Dividend <sup>2)</sup>	311

<sup>1)</sup> Source: www.uniper.energy, March 27, 2018

- Contributes towards a stable and sustainable dividend for Fortum's shareholders
- EBITDA and cash flow contribution, EPS effect on Fortum's results, will depend on the final outcome of the offer



<sup>2)</sup> Dividend for 2018 to be paid in 2019

# **Next steps**

### **26 SEP**

Announcement of intention to launch public takeover offer

### 7 NOV

Publication of offer documents 10-week acceptance period commences

### 20 JAN to 2 FEB-18

Expected additional acceptance period

### **24 OCT**

The offer documents to the German Federal Financial Supervision Authority (BaFin)

### 16 JAN-18

Acceptance period ends

#### MID 2018

Regulatory approvals expected Transaction closing expected

www.powerful-combination.com





# Fortum Investor Relations and Financial Communications

#### **Next events:**

Q2/2018 results on 19 July 2018 Q3/2018 results on 24 October 2018 CMD on 13 November 2018

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